

# REVISED LOCAL PLAN Schedule of changes

(Regulation 19 Publication Draft)



# LOCAL PLAN SCHEDULE OF PROPOSED CHANGES

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# **GUIDANCE NOTE: Local Plan Schedule of Proposed Changes**

The Legacy Corporation's Revised Local Plan has been published for consultation under Regulation 19 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 (the "Regulations") ("Regulation 19"). The Legacy Corporation considers this Publication Draft Revised Local Plan to be a 'sound' plan as it has sought to address the issues raised during previous consultations and the Legacy Corporation considers that it is in conformity with national planning policy and underpinned by a range of technical evidence.

The following tables set out the proposed changes to the Revised Local Plan by each of the 14 sections within the Plan and each of the appendices, where these require updating. Where text is to be deleted this shown as crossed out and where new text is to be added, this is shown as underlined. Where policies, supporting paragraphs or other written elements of the Plan remain entirely unchanged they are not referenced within this schedule. The Legacy Corporation has also prepared an illustrative version of the proposed Revised Local Plan as it would appear with the proposed changes incorporated. The 'Publication' stage consultation will specifically seek representations on the proposed changes rather than any elements of the Local Plan that remain unchanged.

Note- where paragraph numbering has changed within the amended document the new paragraph number is marked in bold within the proposed change column e.g. **Becomes Paragraph 3.7**.

## We want to hear your views

During the Regulation 19 stage, we would like to hear from you before the Revised Local Plan is submitted to the Secretary of State for an Independent Examination. This is your last opportunity to comment on the Revised Local Plan before its submission. Written representations are invited during the six-week consultation period which starts on 5th November and ends at 5pm on 17th December 2018. Representations must be made in writing using the Consultation Portal or by completing the Representation Form. The link to the Consultation Portal and further information for submitting a representation are found below.

At this stage we are only inviting views on whether you consider that the Publication Draft Revised Local Plan is **legally compliant**, complies with the **duty to cooperate**, and is **sound**. When responding to this consultation, please use the criteria outlined below.

## Legal compliance

The Planning Inspector will first check that the Revised Local Plan meets the legal requirements of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended) (the "Act") and the Regulations, before moving on to consider the tests of soundness. The Revised Local Plan must meet the legal requirements under Sections 19, 20 and 24 of the Act, and the duty to cooperate under section 20(5)(c) of the Planning & Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended). To be legally compliant, it should:

- Be prepared in accordance with the Local Development Scheme (LDS)
- Be prepared in accordance with the Statement of Community Involvement (SCI)

- Comply with the Regulations. This includes public participation in the preparation of Revised Local Plan (Regulation 18), publication of the Revised Local Plan (Regulation 19), submission to the Secretary of State and making available at principal offices and on the Legacy Corporation's website (Regulation 22)
- Be supported by a Sustainability Appraisal (SA) report
- Have regard to national policies and advice
- Be in general conformity with the London Plan.

## Duty to cooperate

To meet the Duty to Cooperate requirements, the Legacy Corporation must demonstrate how it has engaged constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis with adjoining Local Planning Authorities and other public bodies to maximise effectiveness of strategic planning policies within the Revised Local Plan.

Further information and copies of the relevant documents can be found on the Legacy Corporations web-site at <u>www.queenelizabetholympicpark.co.uk/local-plan-review</u> Guidance from the Planning Inspectorate entitled 'Procedural Practice in the Examination of Local Plans' (June 2016) is also available from <u>www.planning-inspectorate.gov.uk</u>

## **Soundness Test**

The National Planning Policy Framework ('NPPF') (para.35) sets out that in order to be **'sound'** a Local Plan should pass the following four tests:

Be positively prepared	The plan should provide a strategy which, as a minimum, seeks to meet the area's objectively assessed needs; and is informed by agreements with other authorities, so that unmet need from neighbouring areas is accommodated where it is practical to do so and is consistent with achieving sustainable development.
Be justified	The plan should be the most appropriate strategy, taking into account the reasonable alternatives, and based on proportionate evidence.
Be effective	The plan should be deliverable over the plan period, and based on effective joint working on cross-boundary strategic matters that have been dealt with rather than deferred, as evidenced by the statement of common ground.
Be consistent with national policy	The plan should enable the delivery of sustainable development in accordance with the policies in the NPPF.

#### How to make your representation

Your representation should consider whether the Revised Local Plan:

- is legally compliant
- meets the duty to cooperate
- is sound.

Representations must be submitted during the 6-week consultation period (Monday 5th November to Monday 17th December 2018 by 5pm). To make a representation please use one of the following methods, providing your full name and contact details:

Online Consultation Portal: https://lldcplan.commonplace.is/ or

**Complete the Representation Form** - completed forms should be submitted via email or post to the following addresses:

- **Post:** Publication Local Plan Consultation, Planning Policy & Decisions Team, London Legacy Development Corporation, Level 10, 1 Stratford Place, Montfichet Road, London E20 1EJ; or
- Email: <a href="mailto:planningpolicy@londonlegacy.co.uk">planningpolicy@londonlegacy.co.uk</a>

If possible, please use the Online Consultation Portal or submit the Representation Form by email, although hard copies will be accepted.

The Representation Forms can be found at the following locations:
Legacy Corporation Webpage: www.queenelizabetholympicpark.co.uk/local-plan-review
Legacy Corporation Office, Level 10, 1 Stratford Place, Montfichet Road, Stratford, E20 1EJ
Bromley by Bow Centre, St Leonard's St, Bromley By Bow, London E3 3BT
Stratford Library, 3 The Grove, London E15 1EL
Hub 67, 67 Rothbury Rd, London E9 5HA

## How to complete the Representation Form

You will need to submit any representation on the attached form. When filling in the form please:

- ensure that you complete a new form for each matter that you raise,
- identify the relevant Change Reference Number as indicated on this document.
- indicate by ticking the relevant box if you wish to speak at the Examination. If this is the case, please complete the personal information section in the representation box and set out why you consider specific aspects of the Revised Local Plan are or are not sound and legally compliant.

Latest news and information about the Local Plan review and how you can get involved can also be found here: <a href="https://www.queenelizabetholympicpark.co.uk/local-plan-review">www.queenelizabetholympicpark.co.uk/local-plan-review</a>

Date Time Venue Wednesday 14<sup>th</sup> November Drop in any time between Bromley by Bow Centre, 3:30pm – 7.30pm St Leonard's St, Bromley-by-Bow, London E3 3BT Wednesday 21<sup>st</sup> November Timber Lodge Café, 1A Honour Lea Ave, Elizabeth Olympic Park, London E20 1DY Wednesday 28<sup>th</sup> November The Old Baths Cafe 80 Eastway, London E9 5JH Wednesday 5<sup>th</sup> December Stratford Library 3 The Grove, London E15 1EL

You can also join one of our consultation drop-in sessions to find out more:

## Section 1 – Introduction

Change Reference Number	Adopted Local Plan - Policy,	Type of change	Proposed change
	Paragraph Paragraph 1.1	Minor	Paragraph 1.1 In 2012, the Mayor of London established t <u>The</u> London Legacy Development Corporation was established in 2012 <u>as the first of two mayoral</u> <u>development corporations in London</u> . The purpose of the Legacy Corporation is "to promote and deliver physical, social, economic and environmental regeneration of the Olympic Park and its surrounding area, in particular by maximising the legacy of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games, by securing high-quality sustainable development and investment, ensuring the long-term success of the facilities and assets within its direct control and supporting and promoting the aim of convergence".
	Paragraph 1.2	Minor	Paragraph 1.2 As the Local Planning Authority for its area, the Legacy Corporation has prepared a Local Plan. The Local Plan sets out the Legacy Corporation's strategy for the sustainable development of its area as a whole, including the general amount, type and location of new development it considers could take place and the policies to which applications for planning permission should conform in order to meet these objectives. Its planning powers, including preparing and implementing the Local Plan, represent one part of the Legacy Corporation's role as a development corporation. Alongside the development of its own land and working with its partners, including the local communities, the four Boroughs, landowners and developers, it will use its wide-ranging powers to implement projects and bring about change that will meet the established purpose of creating a lasting legacy from the 2012 Games and supporting and promoting the aims of convergence.
	Paragraph 1.3	Minor	Paragraph 1.3 Review of the Local Plan – how to respond to the consultation <u>CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION</u> <u>PROCESSES</u> <u>The current Local Plan was adopted by the London Legacy Development Corporation Board in July 2015. In order to ensure that it remains up to date</u>

		and relevant, the Legacy Corporation has reviewed the Plan and developed a number of changes that take account of any changed circumstances for development within the local area, the views expressed during early (Regulation 18) consultation on the review of the Plan and any changes that have taken place to both national and London planning policy.
		The Local Plan has been produced following extensive periods of consultation and engagement which began shortly after the Legacy Corporation took on its planning powers in October 2012.
Paragraph 1.4	Minor	Paragraph 1.4 <u>This draft of the revised Local Plan sets out the</u> <u>specific changes that are now proposed to the Plan,</u> <u>while it is also accompanied by a consultation report</u> <u>that sets out the views that have been expressed</u> <u>through the consultation to date and how those</u> <u>views have been taken into account. It is also</u> <u>accompanied by an Integrated Impact Assessment</u> <u>Report which includes a Sustainability Appraisal, an</u> <u>Equalities Assessment, Health Impact Assessment</u> <u>and a Crime and Safety Impact Assessment. A</u> <u>separate Local Plan viability assessment report has</u> <u>also been prepared. These and other background</u> <u>reports and papers that support the approach taken</u> <u>within the proposed changes to the Plan are</u> <u>published on the Legacy Corporation website and</u> <u>can be viewed or downloaded using the following</u> <u>link [insert link].</u>
		Between 4th December 2013 and 7th February 2014, consultation was undertaken on the 'Draft Local Plan Consultation Document'. The comments received were reviewed and influenced the Publication version of the Local Plan. Consultation on the Publication Local Plan took place between 18th August and 6th October 2014 seeking comments on its 'soundness' as defined by the National Planning Policy Framework (2012).
Paragraph 1.5	Minor	Paragraph 1.5 <u>The consultation on the proposed revised Local</u> <u>Plan is being undertaken within the requirements of</u> <u>the Regulation 19 of the Town and Country</u> <u>Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations</u> <u>2012. More information about how you can respond</u> <u>to the consultation can be found in the following</u> <u>places:</u> <u>The consultation response booklet and form</u> (paper copies can be requested or an

		<ul> <li><u>electronic copy can be downloaded from the website [insert link]</u>. The form can be returned by email or by post.</li> <li><u>The online consultation portal, where you can view the local plan changes and leave comments online [insert link].</u></li> </ul>
		The consultation starts on 5 <sup>th</sup> November 2018 and all comments must be received no later than 5 pm on 17 <sup>th</sup> December 2018. You should read the accompanying instructions to ensure that your comments are made in the correct way. This is important as any comments you make will be reported in public and will form part of the formal Examination of the changes to the Local Plan that will be held by an independent planning inspector. The appointed inspector will examine the changes to determine whether these are 'sound', 'legally compliant' the required process of preparation and conform to national and London planning policy.
		You can contact the LLDC Planning Policy Team in the following ways: <u>Email:</u> <u>planningpolicy@londonlegacy.co.uk</u> <u>Telephone: 0203 288 1800</u>
		You can also inspect the revised draft Local Plan and any accompanying documents at the office of the London Legacy Development Corporation provided that you first contact us and make an appointment.
		Following this consultation, the Local Plan and consultation responses were submitted to the Secretary of State on 21st November 2014, who appointed an independent Planning Inspector. The Examination hearing sessions took place in March 2015 and following receipt of the Inspector's Report in July 2015, the Local Plan was adopted at the
Paragraph	n 1.6 Deletion	Legacy Corporation's Board on 21st July 2015.Paragraph 1.6Local Plan has been produced following extensive periods of consultation and engagement which began shortly after the Legacy Corporation took on its planning powers in October 2012.
		Between 4th December 2013 and 7th February 2014, consultation was undertaken on the 'Draft Local Plan Consultation Document'. The comments received were reviewed and influenced the Publication version of the Local Plan. Consultation on the Publication Local Plan took place between

18th August and 6th October 2014 seeking comments on its 'soundness' as defined by the National Planning Policy Framework (2012).
Following this consultation, the Local Plan and consultation responses were submitted to the Secretary of State on 21st November 2014, who appointed an independent Planning Inspector. The Examination hearing sessions took place in March 2015 and following receipt of the Inspector's Report in July 2015, the Local Plan was adopted at the Legacy Corporation's Board on 21st July 2015.
For any queries in relation to the Local Plan please contact the Planning Policy and Decisions team in the following ways:
Telephone: 020 3288 1800 Email: planningpolicy@londonlegacy.co.uk

## Section 2 - Our Area

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C1	Paragraph2.1 Paragraph 2.2	No change Minor	Remains as Paragraph 2.1 Paragraph 2.2
		change	The timeline at paragraph 2.4 shows how this part of east London has evolved from the significant development which occurred within the Victorian era through industrial decline to the current rejuvenation. The current profile at paragraph 2.5 provides context to the establishment of the Legacy Corporation, particularly the lower educational attainment, skills and jobs opportunities of many residents, and justifies the role of the Legacy Corporation in improving prospects and achieving convergence. Paragraph 2.6 highlights the main challenges and opportunities faced in this task of creating employment and educational and commercial growth, building a significant number of new homes and providing infrastructure, all which will take place over the Plan period.
	Paragraph 2.3	No change	Remains as Paragraph 2.3
	Paragraph 2.4	No change	Remains as Paragraph 2.4
C2	Paragraph 2.5 - Economic	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 2.5 ECONOMIC</li> <li>Above average unemployment levels – 11 per cent for the four Growth Borough</li> <li>High employment rate – 63 per cent, and most are full time employees working in professional occupations</li> <li>Below London average unemployment level</li> <li>The highest proportion of employees work in professional occupations</li> <li>A greater potential workforce, with lower levels of retired people than the London average</li> <li>More low-level, and fewer managerial employees than the London average</li> <li>Considerable growth of businesses operating within the area; high employment growth, more than six times the growth in London</li> <li>Mixed employment picture across the Boroughs – Tower Hamlets shows the highest jobs growth</li> <li>A greater proportion of micro businesses and SMEs, more than London and the four boroughs</li> <li>Substantial increase in creative businesses since 2012, more than three times the rate of increase in London</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ul> <li><u>High proportion of jobs in ICT and Digital</u> <u>industries indicates that the area is becoming an</u> <u>innovation and hi-tech hub</u></li> <li><u>Lower than London average house prices</u> — but still a significant gap between earnings and house prices</li> <li><u>Increase in service sector industries and a</u> decline in manufacturing and employment land.</li> </ul>
C3	Paragraph2.5 - Social	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 2.5 SOCIAL</li> <li><u>The Mayoral Development Corporation (MDC)</u> <u>Area is a fast-growing area, with a current</u> <u>population of 26,274, up 16,000 from 2012 low</u> <u>existing population of 10,273</u></li> <li><u>The population of the Legacy Corporation area</u> <u>is relatively young with over 60 per cent being</u> <u>under 34, and only four per cent over 65</u></li> <li><u>Above London-average proportion of people with</u> <u>no qualifications-More than a half of the</u> <u>population hold a degree level qualification,</u> <u>outperforming London and England</u></li> <li><u>Greater private rented housing stock, nearly</u> <u>double the London average-social rented/</u> <u>Registered Provider housing stock than London</u> <u>average</u></li> <li><u>Lower than London-average health levels, and</u> <u>life expectancy below London and UK averages</u></li> <li>East London has some of the most deprived local authority areas within England: Hackney, Newham and Tower Hamlets have some of the highest concentrations of deprivation.</li> </ul>
	Paragraph 2.5 - Environmental	No change	Remains as Paragraph 2.5
C4	Paragraph 2.6 - Challenges	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 2.6 CHALLENGES</li> <li>Maintaining and strengthening the area's economic base -, while diversifying into new sectors</li> <li>Attracting international investment and businesses to the new office and other employment locations, and support local enterprises</li> <li>Creating an expanded but integrated centre at Stratford, without severance from the existing</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ul> <li>Stratford town centre, and <u>maintaining and</u> creating other <u>new</u> thriving <del>new</del> centres</li> <li>Maintaining the character and strengths of existing communities and creating new neighbourhoods with distinct identities</li> <li>Providing for housing needs in number, size, form and tenure</li> <li>Delivery of planned infrastructure to support growth, including improving connectivity and supporting pedestrians and cyclists</li> <li>Protecting and enhancing the natural and built environment, including mitigating the effects of climate change</li> <li>Improving health outcomes and life opportunities for those who live and work within the area</li> </ul>
C5	Paragraph 2.6 - Opportunities	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 2.6 OPPORTUNITIES</li> <li>The supply of large areas of land, enabling the development of homes and communities</li> <li>The sporting legacy of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games and maximising the use of the Games venues – creating a thriving sport, tourist and visitor destination</li> <li>Attracting high-profile institutions, including arts, culture and education to invest in the area's future</li> <li>Raising the profile of the area through building on its appeal as a sport, tourist and visitor destination and creating well designed new developments</li> <li><u>Continued</u> improvements to transport capacity and connectivity, including the enhancement of the waterways</li> <li>Further capacity becoming available within the public transport network – for example, Crossrail</li> <li>Working with new and existing communities to create stronger neighbourhoods</li> <li>Greening and improving the environment, including biodiversity</li> <li>Continued educational expansion for all-ages</li> <li>Creating high quality buildings and places, which have inclusive design and maintain and build upon existing local character</li> <li>Being an exemplar of sustainability</li> <li>To continue to build on the existing recently installed low-carbon, drainage and other infrastructure – for example, heating and cooling networks</li> <li>Remediation of land and utilising vacant and underused land for positive purposes</li> </ul>

# Section 3 - Our Vision – what we want to achieve

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
	Paragraph 3.1	No change	Remines as Paragraph 3.1
C6	Paragraph 3.2 - Our vision – Mission & purpose	Minor	Paragraph 3.2 <u>PURPOSE</u> <b>3.2</b> The Legacy Corporation's <del>purpose</del> <u>strategy</u> is to focus on <del>three</del> <u>the following</u> areas:
			<b>LIVE:</b> Establish successful and integrated neighbourhoods, where people want to live, work and play.
			WORK: Retain, attract and grow a diverse range of high quality businesses and employers, and maximise employment opportunities for local people.
			VISIT: Create a diverse, unique, successful and financially sustainable visitor destination.
			<b>INSPIRE:</b> Establish a 21st century district promoting cross-sector innovation, education, culture, sport, aspiration and participation in east London.
			<b>DELIVER:</b> Deliver excellent value for money, and champion new models and standards which advance the wider cause of regeneration, in line with LLDC's core values.
			PARK: a successful and accessible Park with world-class sporting venues offering leisure space for local people, arenas for thrilling sport, enticing visitor entertainment and a busy programme of sporting, cultural and community events to attract visitors. PLACE: a new heart for east London, securing investment from across London and beyond,
			attracting and nurturing talent to create, design and make world-beating 21st-century goods and services, and becoming a place where local residents and new arrivals choose to live, work and enjoy themselves, and where businesses choose to locate and invest.
			PEOPLE: opportunities and transformational change for local people, opening up access to education and jobs, connecting communities and promoting convergence – bridging this gap between east London and the rest of the capital.

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
C7	Paragraph 3.2 - Objectives	Minor	Paragraph 3.2 <b>Objective 1:</b> Increase the prosperity of east London through growth in business and quality jobs with an emphasis on cultural and creative sectors, promotion as a visitor and tourist destination and high-quality lifelong learning higher education and training opportunities. <b>Objective 5:</b> Deliver a <u>smart</u> , sustainable and healthy place to live and work.
	Paragraph 3.3	No changes	Remains as Paragraph 3.3
C8	Paragraph 3.3 Paragraph 3.3 - Legacy Corporation area in 2031	<u>Minor</u>	Remains as Paragraph 3.3 Paragraph 3.3 The Legacy Corporation area in 2034 <u>6</u> By 20346, the Legacy Corporation area will have become an established location for working, living, leisure and culture. Based upon locally distinctive urban districts, linked by green spaces and waterways, with Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park, and its world-class sports venues and the Culture and Education District as a centrepiece, the benefits of sustained investment and renewal radiate well beyond the area, blurring boundaries to create a new heart for east London. Stratford has become a Metropolitan Centre with an international role, a home or focus for international businesses served by international trains and quick links to airports, with universities and cultural institutions alongside the commercial, retail and sporting centres. Universities have established a reputation for undergraduate and postgraduate education with associated research and development activity, and businesses are an important part of the local economy, particularly around Stratford Waterfront and Pudding Mill. Here East is a technology- and media-focused hub which, together with the rest of Hackney Wick and Fish Island as a Cultural Enterprise Zone, provides space for creative and productive businesses, complementing the established clusters of artists and makers. In addition to being a location where thousands of people live, work and relax, Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park is recognised as one of London's unmissable attractions for visitors, and as a global centre for cultural and sporting excellence.

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
			A District Centre at Bromley-by-Bow, the Neighbourhood Centre at Hackney Wick and the Local Centres at Pudding Mill and East Village provide a focus for local shops, services and community activities, surrounded by thousands of well-designed new homes, including family and affordable homes, to create a network of distinctive and mixed urban districts. Accessible and well maintained local footpaths, cycleways and roads tie these urban districts together, and into their wider surroundings, making it easy to access the public transport hubs at Stratford, Hackney Wick and Bromley-by-Bow. The networks of parks, local routes, community sports facilities, schools and other community facilities make this a healthy place to live and work.
			The design of buildings respects the character of the area and these have become examples of high-quality design. District heating and cooling networks, the bio-diverse landscapes and waterways, and trees and general urban greening complete the picture of a sustainable and comfortable place to live and to work. The Legacy Corporation area has become somewhere that people aspire to work and live, a unique and exemplary place that has set the standard for London as a whole as it continues to change and grow.
	Paragraph 3.4	Reference update	Paragraph 3.4 The vision for the Legacy Corporation area, set out on the previous page, draws on its corporate vision and sketches a picture of the area at the end of the Plan period in 20346. As a Development Corporation, its planning powers are one set of tools for achieving the regeneration and legacy benefits that the organisation has been created to realise. The five objectives translate the corporate vision into the aspects that its planning powers can be used to achieve. These set the policy themes that are relevant to the circumstances of the area and the benefits that achieving these can bring for the surrounding areas of east London.
C9	Paragraph 3.5 - The strategic context	Minor	Paragraph 3.5 The Mayor has set out his strategic <u>planning</u> objectives for the Legacy Corporation and for this Local Plan within his London Plan. <u>This</u> <u>clearly identifies the Legacy Corporation as one</u> of the London planning authorities whose Local

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
		change	Plan will need to be in general conformity with his London Plan. The area boundary is recognised and a specific housing target is set. Meeting housing and employment land needs within the context of the wider opportunity area is highlighted. In order to achieve this, many of the policies in this Plan are strongly linked to the policies and standards established within the Draft New London Plan and the associated Supplementary Planning Documents.The Mayor has set out his strategic objectives for the Legacy Corporation and for this Local Plan within his London Plan, specifically within London Plan Policy 2.4 – The 2012 Games and their Legacy. Policy 2.4 A says: "The Mayor will work with and through the London Legacy Development Corporation to promote and deliver physical, social, economic and environmental regeneration of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and its surrounding area, in particular by maximising the legacy of the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games, by securing high-quality sustainable development and investment, ensuring long-term success of the facilities and assets within its direct control and supporting and promoting the aim of convergence and will seek to close the deprivation gap between the Olympic host boroughs and the rest of London. This will be London's single most important regeneration project for the next 25 years. It will sustain existing stable communities and promote local economic investment to create job opportunities
C10	Paragraph 3.6	Deletion	(especially for young people), driven by community engagement." <b>3.6</b> The economic and cultural importance of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and also that of
	The strategic context		the Lee Valley Regional Park and also that of the Lee Valley Regional Park and their visitor, sporting and wider cultural attractions is also underlined in London Plan Policy 4.5 London's Visitor Infrastructure and its accompanying Map 4.2. This specifically identifies both as Strategic Cultural Areas and seeks to promote, enhance and protect their special characteristics.
C11	Policy SD.1: Sustainable development	Minor	Policy SD.1: Sustainable development When considering development proposals, the Legacy Corporation will take a positive approach that reflects the presumption in favour of sustainable development contained in the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). It

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
			will always work proactively with applicants jointly to find solutions which mean that proposals can be approved wherever possible, and to secure development that improves the economic, social and environmental conditions in the area. Planning applications that accord with the policies in this Local Plan, the London Plan (and, where relevant, with policies in neighbourhood plans) will be approved without delay, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. Where there are no policies relevant to the application or <del>relevant</del> policies <u>that are most</u> <u>important for determining the application</u> are out of date at the time of making the decision, then permission will be granted unless material considerations indicate otherwise – taking into account whether: <u>The application of policies in the NPPF that</u> <u>protect areas or assets it defines as being of</u> <u>particular importance provide a clear reason for</u> <u>refusing the development proposed; or</u> Any adverse impacts of granting permission would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the NPPF taken as a whole. <del>; or</del> <del>Specific policies in the NPPF indicate that</del> <del>development should be restricted.</del>
C12	Paragraph 3.7	Deletion	Deletion of paragraph The United Nations World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) in its 1987 report 'Our Common Future' defines sustainable development as "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs". Achieving sustainable development in the Legacy Corporation area means securing development that complies with the relevant policies set out in this Local Plan as a whole. As set out in paragraph 7 of the National Planning Policy Framework, there are three dimensions to sustainable development that give rise to the need for the planning system to perform a number of roles — economic, social and environmental — and "these roles should not be taken in isolation, because they are mutually dependent". Paragraph 9 of the NPPF provides that pursuing sustainable development involves seeking

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
			positive improvements in the quality of the built, natural and historic environment, as well as in people's quality of life, including (but not limited to): making it easier for jobs to be created in cities and towns moving from a net loss of bio-diversity to achieving net gains for nature replacing poor design with better design improving the conditions in which people live, work, travel and take leisure, and widening the choice of high-quality homes.
C13	Paragraph 3.8	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 3.6 The United Nations World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED) in its 1987 report 'Our Common Future' defines sustainable development as "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs". The NPPF provides that planning policies and decisions should play an active part in guiding development towards sustainable solutions but in doing so should take local circumstances into account to reflect the character, needs and opportunities of each area. In relation to making planning decisions for new development in the Legacy Corporation's area, understanding the strategy for sustainable development and the elements that need to be implemented to achieve it will mean, for each development proposal in guestion, taking and applying the policies in this
C14	New Para	Major	Local Plan as a whole. Becomes Paragraph 3.7 <u>Strategic policies</u> The NPPF and Planning Practice Guidance (2018) are clear that Local Plans should ensure that non-strategic policies are clearly distinguished from strategic policies. Within this Plan there are a limited number of non-strategic policies. There is a main strategic policy at the start of each of the main policy sections of the Plan (the number pre-fixed with 'SP'). However, the majority of the other policies in these main policy sections also contain significant strategic policies. Each of the policies in these main policy sections are necessary, in combination, to achieving the vision, objectives and strategic aims of the Plan. The site allocations within the sub area sections of the Plan are also

	Policy, Para	Type of change	Proposed change
			considered to be strategic policies, with their delivery being necessary to meet the Local Plan housing targets and the delivery of the key economic and environmental objectives that have been identified in the main policy sections of the Plan. Table 1, contains a full list of strategic policies and also separately lists all non-strategic policies. Non-strategic policies are mainly those within the Sub Area sections of the Local Plan.
C15	Paragraph 3.9	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 3.8 To help us understand how well we are managing to achieve the objectives that are set out in this Local Plan, the Legacy Corporation will monitor a set of indicators. Where the objectives are not being met, this may then trigger a review of part or all of the Local Plan. <u>Responsibility for creation, monitoring and</u> review of planning policy will return to the four boroughs once planning powers have returned to them. Section 14 of the Local Plan, 'Delivery and Implementation, includes a table that sets out the performance indicators against which the objectives in the Local Plan will be monitored.
C16	New Table (1)	Major	Table 1: Strategic and non-strategic policiesin the Local Plan – changes made below.
C17	New insert page	Minor (non- policy amendment)	Insertion to be included to highlight Legacy Corporation priority projects. Text as below: The Legacy Corporations Priority Projects The Legacy Corporation and its partners will be focusing on delivery of the following projects that are central to its purposes and objectives. East Bank Providing new homes for Sadler's Wells, BBC Music and the V&A (in partnership with the Smithsonian Institution), as well as University College London and University of the Arts London's, London College of Fashion. Housing Delivery Delivering the planning permissions for approximately 2,400 new homes at Chobham Manor, East Wick and Sweetwater. Delivering development across its portfolio of other sites (see map opposite) and in doing so achieving 50% affordable housing across this

change	
	nbines the following site
<u>allocations:</u> • SA3.2 – Str	atford Waterfront North
	dgewater Road
	<u>k Roberts Way</u>
• <u>SA4.3 – Pu</u>	dding Mill.

# (New – Change reference C16) <u>Table 1: Strategic and non-strategic policies in the</u> Local Plan

Strategic Policies			
Policy Number	Policy Name		
Policy SD.1	Sustainable development		
Policy SP.1	A strong and diverse economy		
Policy B.1	Location and maintenance of employment uses (including Table 3 2 Employment clusters)		
Policy B.2	Thriving town, neighbourhood and local centres (including Table <u>4</u> 3, Retail centre hierarchy		
Policy B.3	Creating vitality through interim uses		
Policy B.4	Providing low-cost business space, affordable and managed workspace		
Policy B.5	Increasing local access to jobs, skills and employment training		
Policy B.6	Higher education, research and development		
Policy SP.2	Maximising housing and infrastructure provision within new neighbourhoods		
Policy H.1	Providing for and diversifying the housing mix		
Policy H.2	Affordable housing		
Policy H.3	Meeting accommodation needs of older people		
Policy H.4	Providing student accommodation		
Policy H.5	Location of gypsy and traveller accommodation		
Policy H.6	Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs)		
Policy H.7	Shared living accommodation		
Policy H.8	Innovative housing models		
Policy CI.1	Providing new and retaining existing community infrastructure		
Policy CI.2	Planning for and bring forward new schools		
Policy SP.3	Integrating the natural, built and historic environment		
Policy BN.1	Responding to place		
Policy BN.2	Creating distinctive waterway environments		
Policy BN.3	Maximising biodiversity		
Policy BN.4	Designing development		
Policy BN.5	Proposals for tall buildings		
Policy BN.6	Requiring inclusive design		
Policy BN.7	Protecting Metropolitan Open Land		
Policy BN.8	Improving Local Open Space		
Policy BN.9	Maximising opportunities for play		
Policy BN.10	Protecting key views		
Policy BN.11	Air quality		
Policy BN.12	Noise		

Policy BN.13	Protecting archaeological interest				
Policy BN.14	Improving the quality of land				
Policy BN.17	Conserving or enhancing heritage assets				
Policy SP.4.	Planning for and securing transport infrastructure to support				
,	growth and convergence				
Policy T.1	Strategic transport improvements				
Policy T.2	Transport improvements				
Policy T.3	Supporting transport improvements				
Policy T.4	Managing development and its transport impacts to promote				
	sustainable transport choices, facilitate local connectivity and				
	prioritise pedestrians and cyclists				
Policy T.5	Street network				
Policy T.6	Facilitating local connectivity				
Policy T.7	Transport assessments and travel plans				
Policy T.8	Parking and parking standards in new development				
Policy T.9	Providing for pedestrians and cyclists				
Policy T.10	Using the waterways for transport				
Policy SP.5	A sustainable and healthy place to live and work				
Policy S.1	Health and wellbeing				
Policy S.2	Energy in new development				
Policy S.3	Energy infrastructure and heat networks				
Policy S.4	Sustainable design and construction				
Policy S.5	Water supply and waste water disposal				
Policy S.6	Increasing digital connectivity, safeguarding existing				
	communications provision and enabling future infrastructure				
Policy S.7	Planning for waste				
Policy S.8	Waste Reduction				
Policy S.9	Overheating and urban greening				
Policy S.10	Flood Risk				
Policy S.11	Sustainable drainage measures and flood protections				
Policy S.12	Resilience, safety and security				
Site Allocation SA.1.1	Hackney Wick Station Area				
Site Allocation SA.1.2	Hamlet Industrial Estate				
Site Allocation SA.1.3	Hepscott Road				
Site Allocation SA.1.4	Neptune Wharf				
Site Allocation SA.1.5	East Wick and Here East				
Site Allocation SA.1.6	Sweetwater				
Site Allocation SA.1.7	Bartrip Street South				
Site Allocation SA.2.1:	Chobham Farm				
Site Allocation SA.2.2	East Village				
Site Allocation SA.2.3	Chobham Manor				
Site Allocation SA.2.4	Chobham Farm North				
Policy 3.2	Stratford High Street policy area				
Site Allocation SA.3.1	Stratford Town Centre West				
Site Allocation SA.3.2	Stratford Waterfront East North				
Site Allocation SA.3.3	Stratford Waterfront West South				
Site Allocation SA.3.4	Greater Carpenters District				
Site Allocation SA.3.5	Bridgewater Road				
Site Allocation SA.3.6	Rick Roberts Way				
Site Allocation SA.4.1	Bromley-by-Bow				
Site Allocation SA.4.2	Sugar House Lane				
Site Allocation SA.4.3	Pudding Mill				

Site Allocation SA.4.4	Three Mills					
Site Allocation SA.4.5	Bow Goods Yards (Bow East and West)					
Non-strategic policie	Non-strategic policies					
Main policy Sections of the Local Plan						
	Designing residential extensions					
	Designing advertisements					
Sub Area Sections of	f the Local Plan					
Sub Area 1 – Hackney						
	Managing change in Hackney Wick and Fish Island					
Policy 1.2	Promoting Hackney Wick and Fish Island's unique identity					
Policy 1.3	Connecting Hackney Wick and Fish Island					
Policy 1.4 Improving the public realm in hackney Wick and Fish Island						
Sub Area 2 – North Stratford and Eton manor						
Policy 2.1	licy 2.1 Housing typologies					
Policy 2.2	Leyton Road – improving the public realm					
Policy 2.3 Local centre and non-residential uses						
Sub Area 3 - Central	Stratford and Southern Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park					
Policy 3.1	Stratford Metropolitan Centre					
Policy 3.3 Improving connections around central Stratford						
Sub Area 4 – Bromley-by-Bow, Pudding Mil, Sugar House Lane and Mill Meads						
Policy 4.1	A potential District Centre					
Policy 4.2	Bringing forward new connections to serve new development					
Policy 4.3 Station improvements						

# Section 4 - Developing business growth, jobs, higher education and training

Change Referenc e Number	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
C18	Paragraph 4.1	Minor	Paragraph 4.1 The transformation will be brought about through opportunities for employment, education and skills attainment and by drawing additional investment into the local economy through retail, leisure, cultural and visitor attraction expansion.
C19	Paragraph 4.2	Minor	Paragraph 4.2 The results of investment are already being seen. <u>Significant employers are being attracted</u> to locate to the area in a way that rapidly raises the local employment density and new manufacturing and service sectors are emerging from the strong employment foundations that currently exist, while interest from prominent education and cultural institutions keen to invest in the area boosts_Proposals for significant cultural and education investment are progressing which will boost the area profile nationally and internationally. The success of the opening of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and its role as a cultural quarter as well as the continued <u>and expanding</u> role of the retail and leisure core has renewed an interest in and heightened the appeal of this part of east London. The Legacy Corporation's area has transformed into a hotspot for development and activity, and is rapidly becoming a highly desirable place to live, work and visit. These successes will be built upon to draw further investment into the area, which will benefit local businesses and communities as well as enhance local employment and educational opportunities through provision of new and varied forms of employment, higher education, research and development and enhancing local access to jobs and training opportunities. This will continue the renewal of one of the most dynamic and interesting parts of London.
C20	Objective 1	Minor	Objective 1: Increase the prosperity of east London through growth in business and quality jobs with an emphasis on cultural and creative sectors, promotion as a visitor and tourist destination and high-quality lifelong learning higher education and training opportunities. This will mean:

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			<ul> <li>An internationally focused office and business quarter established around the Metropolitan Centre at Stratford and a technology- and media-focused business hub at Here East</li> <li>A centre of cultural and sporting excellence based around the retained Games venues and at <u>Stratford Waterfront (East Bank)</u></li> <li>Established centres for town centre and business uses at Stratford, Hackney Wick, Bromley-by-Bow, East Village and Pudding Mill</li> <li>Diversity of employment provision within business clusters, focused around Fish Island and Sugar House Lane, and expansion in research and development activity focused at Pudding Mill</li> <li>New established university campuses, including at Here East <u>and East Bank</u></li> <li>Excellent access for local people and businesses to a range of skills and training opportunities that meet their needs.</li> </ul>
	Strategic	No	Strategic Policy SP.1
C21	Policy SP.1 Paragraph 4.3	change Minor	Paragraph 4.3 Central to the transformation of the area is acceleration of this trend, leading to Stratford and Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park becoming key locations of business, <u>culture</u> , education, leisure and tourist and visitor expansion.
C22	Paragraph 4.4	Minor	Paragraph 4.4 The employment clusters (Strategic Industrial Locations, Locally Significant Industrial Sites and Other Industrial Locations) currently foster a diverse range of employment opportunities, and are key to the character and vibrancy of the area. Opportunities for enhancing the employment offer and mix throughout the area will be utilised, including promoting the creative, productive and cultural industries and social enterprise including through the potential <u>Creative Enterprise Zone at Hackney Wick and Fish Island</u> . The area will become a seat for learning, drawing students from a great distance to east London but also facilitating the training and employment prospects of local people, which in turn generate local wealth. <u>Measures</u> <u>within this section will in combination support</u> role of a Strategic Area for Regeneration, as

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			identified within the London Plan. This policy will strengthen and build upon this base, enabling economic expansion and diversification. Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park will provide an interactive and smart experience, with more integrated approaches to building and technology enabling the digital economy to grow. This position is complemented by existing and new town centres generating local wealth and investment through agglomeration.
C23	Paragraph 4.5	Minor	Paragraph 4.5 Figure 4 demonstrates the overall economic strategy within the Local Plan. The employment clusters (see Policy B.1) will be the focus for B Use Classes, where office and workshop accommodation are appropriate in accordance with the description within Table <u>3</u> 2. Generally, town centre uses of retail, leisure, office and visitor attractions and accommodation will be directed towards the Centres through Policy B.2, where other uses may be appropriate according to the location. <u>The Stratford Waterfront sites</u> (East Bank) will become a new cultural focus to the area and relationships with other cultural offers of the area including at Three Mills and Hackney Wick will be built upon within the strategy.
C24	Figure 4	Minor	Figure 4 To include the Stratford Waterfront as an edge of centre site and to show location of future expansion of the Metropolitan Centre boundary To show 'cultural connections' across the area
	Paragraph 4.6	Reference update	Paragraph 4.6 Table 4 <u>2</u> demonstrates how planned development can influence employment outcomes directly in a variety of sectors, but employment growth within the area from smaller schemes will increase this significantly.
C25	Table 1	Minor	Becomes Table 2 - changes made below.
C26	B.1: Location and maintenance of employment uses	Minor/maj or	Policy B.1: Location and maintenance of employment uses B Use Classes shall be focussed according to type within the Employment Clusters shown in Table-2 <u>3</u> and where identified within the Centres within Table <u>3 4</u> . The employment function for each cluster and employment land outside the clusters shall be protected and developed through:

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			1. <u>Applying the sequential assessment of sites</u> to direct large-scale office uses towards the <u>Metropolitan Centre to support the potential</u> <u>Central Activities Zone reserve and locating</u> <u>smaller scale-Locating</u> office uses within the <u>other centres. and requiring impacts assessment</u> where B1a office accommodation over 2,500 sqm is proposed outside Stratford Metropolitan <u>Centre boundary</u>
			2. Ensuring new provision is flexible, meeting the needs of a wide range of end users, <u>including through different-sized units</u> , contains adequate access and servicing and has no conflict with immediate uses
			3. Safeguarding land <del>and buildings</del> within Strategic Industrial Locations (SIL) for the balance of B Use Classes identified within Table <u>3</u> 2 in density and floorspace. Th <u>e industrial</u> floorspace capacity and job densities of the SIL will be protected and intensified, where appropriate. The intensification and consolidation of SIL for other uses will only be acceptable where identified within Table 3 2 and the relevant Site Allocations.
			4. Only allowing proposals providing equivalent use, in density and floorspace, which maintain the existing balance of uses identified within Table 2 and meeting needs of small- and medium-sized businesses within the Locally Significant Industrial Sites (LSIS) and Other Industrial Locations (OIL)
			4. Protecting the industrial floorspace capacity and job densities of the Locally Significant Industrial Sites (LSIS) and Other Industrial Locations (OILs) for uses identified within Table 3 2. Proposals for intensification, consolidation or co-location with other uses will only be acceptable where identified within Table 3 2 and the relevant Site Allocations.
			<u>5</u> - Proposals on <u>non-designated industrial sites</u> employment land outside the clusters and including where new uses are proposed within the OILs shall <u>maintain or re-provide existing</u> employment capacity by applying the following:

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			<ul> <li>a) Proposals involving a change from B2 or B8 Use Class floorspace (including working yardspace) shall re-provide industrial floorspace capacity within the same use class category or intensify capacity through increased job densities within other B Use Classes, according to location by applying the town centres first principle. Maintain or re-provide equivalent industrial floorspace within B2/B8 Use Classes; or</li> <li>b) Proposals involving a change from B1 Use Class floorspace shall intensify capacity through increased job density. Maintain or re-provide equivalent employment floorspace within B1 Use Classes or significantly increase job densities within B Use Classes</li> </ul>
			6. Proposals considered under 4-5 above will only be acceptable where:
			<ul> <li>a) the role and function of the designated and non-designated industrial sites are not compromised</li> <li>b) any new uses including residential development are phased behind the intensification or consolidation of the industrial functions</li> <li>c) the development is well-designed to allow the long-term co-location of uses including the mitigation of any negative impacts of noise, nuisances and air quality</li> </ul>
			<u>7.</u> Proposals, including conversions, shall also be considered against:
			<ul> <li>a) <del>c)</del> Proximity of incompatible uses to the existing and proposed use;</li> <li>b) <del>d)</del> The effective potential reuse of <u>heritage assets</u> <del>buildings of value</del> for employment;</li> <li>c) <del>e)</del> Re-location strategies showing how existing businesses can be suitably accommodated;</li> <li>d) <del>f)</del> Evidence of demand for this form of</li> </ul>
			appraisal <u>showing</u> <del>demonstrating</del> suitability of maintaining or re-providing

Change	Paragraph,	Type of	Proposed change
Referenc	etc	change	
e Number			
			industrial or employment within the <u>building location;</u> (g) marketing strategies <u>with appropriate lease terms</u> for two immediately preceding years <del>showing</del> attempts to market the property for employment uses; and h) other overriding factors potentially inhibiting the continuation of employment use.
C27	Paragraph 4.7	Minor	Paragraph 4.7 The diversity of the economic offer and its ability to transform and grow is a key feature of and a major factor in the potential of the area. The range of employment sectors operating across the area is remarkable, providing the key conditions for cultural and creative uses, makers and other manufacturers to flourish while heavier industries, office, retail and leisure and <u>sporting industries and</u> uses provide for broader employment needs.
C28	Paragraph 4.8	Minor	Paragraph 4.8 Strengthening the foundations of creative and cultural industries including through a potential <u>Creative Enterprise Zone</u> together with new economic uses at Hackney Wick and Fish Island will provide a crucial environment for the stimulation of growth, while heavier industries and transportation uses largely towards the south of the area and within the employment clusters provide for more established employment requirements. The economic profile in and around Stratford will be diverse, where office development will form much of the B Use Class development, <u>alongside retail and leisure</u> and the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park's attractions and sporting venues will provide economic value
C29	Paragraph 4.9	Minor	Paragraph 4.9 <u>The draft New London Plan requires that the</u> <u>Legacy Corporation area 'retains capacity' of</u> <u>industrial land. Local evidence within the</u> <u>Combined Economy Study (2018)</u> Study of the <u>economic profile of the area</u> -has identified a diverse range of employment opportunities available, with an incredible mix of office, industrial businesses, makers, manufacturers, artists and other creative businesses present <u>within the area, but a slight shift in focus towards</u> <u>more established businesses since the 2014</u>

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			<u>study</u> . Many of these businesses operate within the <u>industrial use classes.</u> B2 Use Class, and much of the area's available workshop space is currently occupied by this use class.5 Nevertheless, evidence6 has found a small surplus of industrial land (B2/B8), recommending the release of some sites from purely industrial designation for other uses; further release may be appropriate, provided that a suitable quantity of employment space is re-provided within mixed-use developments. In response, sites have been released from industrial designation using the Land for Industry and Transport Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG) criteria, but principally due to their regeneration potential or lack of industrial capacity.7 As a result, industrial land supply over the Plan period is broadly equivalent to demand. The Combined Economy Study (2018) confirms that if employment space can continue to be included as part of mixed-use development and the general principle of no net loss is applied across the Employment Clusters then the demand for industrial land is likely to be met over the plan period.
C30	Paragraph 4.10	Minor	Paragraph 4.10 This also means that capacity could remain for further release of land from large-format industrial uses that are incompatible with mixed- use development and re-provision in a different employment format on those sites through specific development proposals. In these cases, regeneration programmes should aim to facilitate the circumstances which enable valuable existing businesses to remain within the area. <u>This may include intensification</u> , <u>consolidation and co-location where the benefits</u> <u>of shared materials and resources can also be</u> <u>achieved</u> . Further loss of B2/B8 <u>use class</u> industrial floorspace within the Legacy Corporation will not be supported except in the very particular circumstances set out below. This principle will be applied through protection of B Use Classes in accordance with Table <u>3</u> 2 within designated clusters, and according to a criteria-based approach outside the clusters.
C31	Paragraph 4.11	Minor	Paragraph 4.11 The Legacy Corporation supports the provision of employment floorspace which can accommodate the types of businesses currently

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			drawn to the area, in particular the creative,
			productive and cultural industries, <u>night time</u> <u>economy uses</u> as well as new innovative technology sectors. Many of these activities can be accommodated in workshops <u>as well as</u> <u>larger flexible spaces</u> , so proposals incorporating <u>these formats</u> this format of floorspace will be supported.
	Paragraph 4.12	No change	Remains as Paragraph 4.12
C32	New Paragraph	Minor	Paragraph 4.13 Clusters
			The Town Centre boundaries are shown on the Policies Map, which also shows the Metropolitan Centre boundary as being the location for the potential Central Activities Zone (CAZ) reserve. Larger-scale office uses are defined as floorspace over 2,500sqm should be directed towards the Metropolitan Centre. The sequential assessment directs office uses below this threshold to within the other centre boundaries, and only small-scale, complementary office uses will be permitted outside these boundaries. Proposals of this scale should also consider the provision of space suitable for SME including affordable workspace or low-cost business space, see Policy B.4. Table 4 3 sets out further detail of the role of each Centre in relation to main town centre uses.
C33	Paragraph 4.13	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.14 Clusters
			The boundaries of each of the employment cluster designations are shown on the Policies Map. Table <u>3</u> <sup>2</sup> makes clear what balance of uses and form of development will be suitable within each location <u>as well as setting out the</u> <u>potential for intensification, consolidation and co-</u> <u>location</u> . For the purposes of clarity, due to the <u>limited amount of storage and distribution uses</u> <u>within the LLDC area it is not considered that</u> <u>substitution will be appropriate.</u> The existing <u>industrial floorspace capacity balance of</u> <del>floorspace and density will be maintained.</del> <u>Distinctions between the LSIS and OILs follow</u>

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			the London Plan Land for Industry and Transport SPG terminology whereby the Other Industrial Locations are most susceptible to change. The Draft New London Plan identifies three categories of industrial land: Strategic Industrial Locations (SIL), Locally Significant Industrial Sites (LSIS), and Non-Designated Industrial Sites. The industrial and associated specialisms of Here East (Hackney Wick) focus on technological and creative industries, therefore is also identified within Table 3 2 as a new local category of SIL (Strategic Technology Cluster). Within the category of Non-Designated Industrial Sites this Plan designates some sites as Other Industrial Locations (OILs) which are also included as employment clusters in Table 3 2. OILs are locally designated industrial sites considered most susceptible to change, likely to include the introduction of new uses, including residential integrated across the site through delivery of mixed use development. Where acceptable change identified within the OILs is proposed, Bullet points 5 (c) and (d) will be applied. The Legacy Corporation will support and promote measures to improve employment clusters through Section 106 Agreements. Where identified within Table <u>3</u> 2, residential will be appropriate when the employment-generating potential and industrial floorspace_capacity are <u>maintained not compromised</u> and amenity and servicing issues have been addressed.
C34	Paragraph 4.14	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.15 Outside Clusters
			The intention of the policy is to maintain employment outside the clusters as it plays a pivotal role in the economic performance of the area. Use Classes and, in some cases, locational circumstances will determine whether 5 (a) or (b) applies. Bullet points (c) and (d) are Part 5 of the Policy requires that the employment capacity of these sites is maintained or re-provided. Part 6 sets out the additional criteria which proposals considered under parts 4 and 5 will need to satisfy. Part 7 contains other considerations which shall be taken into account, including how the existing and the proposed use integrates or conflicts with

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			the surrounding area or the development proposed within this Local Plan, and where the reuse of buildings of value shall be considered positively. <del>Bullet points (e) to (h) apply where a</del> <del>loss of employment, including through</del> <del>conversion, is proposed. <u>Industrial floorspace</u> <u>capacity is defined as the existing floorspace on</u> <u>site or the potential amount measured on a 65</u> <u>per cent plot ratio, whichever the greater.</u> Where a job density approach is applied, densities should either be above average for the B Use Classes where existing job density is low, or significantly increase densities from existing levels, whichever is the greater. Where density is applicable, the additional jobs created should meet local requirements.</del>
C35	Paragraph 4.15	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.16 Under Bullet 5 (a), where the premises are within, or most recent permanent use is within, B2/B8 industrial uses, equivalent floorspace <u>capacity</u> shall be maintained or re-provided. The only exceptions shall be where the current use is clearly and demonstrably in direct conflict with its immediate surroundings, or where the current use is clearly incompatible with mixed-use development proposed within this Local Plan for the specific site, including at Hackney Wick-/ and Fish Island. In these circumstances the equivalent employment floorspace to be re- provided should be in the form of workshops which are compatible with mixed-use development, including within B2 Use Classes, in the first instance; or proposals should significantly increase job density within B Use Classes, appropriate to location, with proven ability to let. This will ensure redevelopment proposals enable existing businesses which contribute to the economic variety of the area to remain. In the case of Hackney Wick Neighbourhood Centre, for example, reconfiguration of floorspace for employment uses (B1 and B2 Use Classes) compatible with the mixed-use development proposed will be acceptable. Sub Area 1 policies also provide additional guidance on where a floorspace <u>capacity</u> or job density approach will be applied.
C36	Paragraph 4.16	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.17 Bullet point 5 (b) will apply for proposals relating to current B1 Use Class employment. As B1 Use

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			Classes are generally compatible with mixed- use development, any re-development proposals of B1 <u>Use Class</u> floorspace should maintain equivalent B Use Class employment floorspace or significantly increase job density within the B Use Classes. A job density approach will also be applied for proposals at Leyton Road North and the site at Eastway, Osbourne Road, which have been released from designation.
C37	Paragraph 4.17	Minor	<ul> <li>Becomes Paragraph 4.18</li> <li>Only where a convincing case for a loss of employment floorspace or density, including through conversion, is made through Bullet points (c) to (h) Part 7 of this policy shall an exception be made. This should include:</li> <li>Re-location strategies demonstrating no negative financial implications for existing businesses and potential for relocation to suitable premises (by type, size, use and specification) nearby at similar rates. For Sub Area 1 additional guidance is provided in the Hackney Wick and Fish Island SPD.</li> <li>Marketing strategy evidence demonstrating a lack of demand for all appropriate forms of employment uses and site configurations through marketing at appropriate terms and a reasonable rate for the area, within appropriate forums, for at least two years prior to the submission of the proposal</li> <li>Viability appraisals assessing the suitability of location, quality, condition, character and function, and ability of a business to thrive under such circumstances; suitability of the premises for conversion to any employment use; the potential costs and configurations for improvements; and the ability to provide equivalent employment on the site in the future, such as building configuration or conversely the</li> </ul>
C38	Paragraph	Minor	presence of premature lease-termination issues. Becomes Paragraph 4.19
	4.18		New employment floorspace should be designed flexibly to maximise potential uses and take-up, through provision of variable sizes, flexible and adaptable space, which are capable of meeting the needs of SME occupiers including the way the units are accessed and managed. When co-

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			locating with residential proposals should pay particular regard to noise insulation issues to maximise the range of potential occupants. Mixed-use developments should be designed to maximise the forms and types of employment uses which can be incorporated into the development, including how B1 and some forms of B2 Use Classes can be compatible with mixed-use development through good design, including vertical and horizontal integration. Where existing businesses are capable of taking up the space proposed through mixed-use redevelopment, temporary re-location strategies shall be sought as described in paragraph 4.178 to enable these businesses to remain within the area for the long term. When designing flexible space within mixed use schemes consideration of the relationship between home-based work and dedicated workspace or potential for integrated employment and leisure offers may also be a factor [footnote to Work Live Study 2014 and CCOA, 2018]. On a case-by-case basis proposals requiring planning permission involving a change of use to B1 will be protected from future
C39	Table 2	Major	change to residential through conditions. Becomes Table 3, changes made below
C40	Case Study 1	Minor	Case Study 1- Hackney Wick and Fish Island Creative Enterprise Zone proposalIn 2018 the London Legacy Corporation, London Borough of Hackney and London Borough of Tower Hamlets submitted a joint proposal for Creative Enterprise Zone status. At the time of writing the proposal has reached the final 10 it is yet not known whether it will be successful. However, an extensive amount of work has taken place to promote such a CEZ within the Hackney Wick and Fish Island area. Although not a planning initiative there are clear links between the two including a shared evidence base in the Combined Economy Study (2018).As a Creative Enterprise Zone, HWFI would benefit from an overarching economic strategy which is also supported by policies within the Local Plan, such as the emphasis on support for businesses within flourishing sectors on the economy (SP.2); protection of the current

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			supply of a range of traditional manufacturing and heavier industries whilst encouraging the forms of appropriately located and designed workspace appropriate to new and existing creative, productive and cultural industries, enabling them to thrive within the area (B.1); and support for the provision of new affordable workspace and low cost business space secured at sub-market rates in particular where existing space is present (B.4). Policies supporting the new Neighbourhood Centre at Hackney Wick also acknowledge the unique circumstances of the area and the close 
			within the categories of new creative clusters and networks; creative production space; business development; enterprise and skills; and community links and socially inclusive spaces. Together these will create a single form of governance, provide new spaces, supply chain support, showcasing a cultural strategy, partnerships with schools and other training organisations and engagement with outside community and community representatives.
C41	Policy B.2: Thriving town, neighbourhood and local centres	Minor	Policy B.2: Thriving town, neighbourhood and local centres Main town centre uses shall be focused according to the scale, format and position in the retail hierarchy identified in Table <u>4</u> <del>3</del> . In addition to the comparison floorspace requirements, Centres should contribute towards the identified need for convenience floorspace phased by 2036. The identified function for each Centre will be protected by:

Change	Paragraph,	Type of	Proposed change
Referenc e	etc	change	
Number			
			<ol> <li>Maintaining appropriate A1 retail presence and resisting potential harm from the concentration of other uses, in particular A2 <u>some sui generis</u> and A5 uses</li> <li>Maintaining active retail frontages</li> <li>The sequential assessment of sites for main town centre uses <u>and subject to paragraph (1) of this policy, providing support for existing and proposed cultural and night time economy uses</u></li> <li>Requiring a retail and leisure impacts assessment where a retail or leisure use is proposed of more than 2,500 sqm outside the Metropolitan Centre boundary and 200 sqm outside other Centres</li> <li>Allowing edge-of-centre development supporting cultural, sporting and visitor growth associated at the Metropolitan Centre, subject to (3) above</li> <li>Allowing Promoting complementary residential development in all Centres to optimise housing delivery.</li> </ol>
	Paragraph 4.19	No change	Becomes Paragraph 4.20
C42	Paragraph 4.20	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 4.21</b> Stratford and East Village are existing centres. Bromley-by-Bow, Hackney Wick and Pudding Mill do not yet exist as coherent centres but are planned for delivery through comprehensive redevelopment and regeneration interventions. The Centres provide different functions as shown within Table 3 <u>4</u> . The Metropolitan Centre will provide for a range of London-wide retail and leisure requirements, including a focus on the night time economy.whereas the The District, Neighbourhood and Local Centres will provide a range of small-scale uses to <u>overall</u> meet <u>the</u> <u>varied</u> local day-to-day requirements, <u>with each</u> <u>Centre having a level of specialism and function</u> <u>set out within Table 4 3</u> . <u>Table 4 3 also sets out</u> <u>the role and function for each Centre as they</u> <u>develop, including the type and size of units to</u> <u>be directed to each Centre The type and size of</u>

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			units will be directed to these Centres as shown
			within Table 3.
C43	Paragraph	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.22
	4.21		Once redevelopment occurs and uses are established, a future review of this Local Plan or
			its successors may highlight primary and
			secondary retail frontages around the core and
			fringes of the retail offer. As Westfield Stratford
			City has a format that does not enable primary
			or secondary frontage definition, no such
			designations for primary or secondary retail
			frontages are included for Stratford Metropolitan
			<u>Centre</u> within this Local Plan. However, Westfield Stratford City, and parts of other
			centres capable of designation as primary or
			secondary frontages in the future, will be
			considered key primary shopping areas. The
			Centre hierarchy is identified within Table $\frac{3}{4}$
			and boundaries of the Centres are shown on the
			Policies Map, where established. <u>The Policies</u>
			Map also shows a location for future expansion of the Metropolitan Centre boundary to facilitate
			the potential for International Centre
			designation.
C44	New Para	Major	Paragraph 4.23
011	i ion i aiu	major	As the East Village Centre has developed
			significantly in recent years all non-residential
			floorspace within the Town Centre boundary will
			be designated as Primary Frontage (also shown
			on Figure 33). The Hackney Wick
			Neighbourhood Centre boundary is shown on the Policies Map, however once the
			redevelopment is more progressed a future
			successor of this Local Plan will draw
			appropriate primary shopping areas and/or
			primary and secondary frontages. As the
			Centres at Bromley-by-Bow and Pudding Mill
			emerge more closely defined town centre
			boundaries, primary shopping areas and/or frontages will also be able to be drawn.
C45	Paragraph	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.24
	4.22		The ability of the Centres to perform their
			primary retail function will be strengthened by
			provision of a wide range of retail provision,
			including provision of convenience floorspace.
			Retail floorspace should be flexible and
			adaptable and be designed to enable the

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			Occupation by various industries, including that within the night time economy, and consider noise issues through the Agent of Change principle [Footnotr- see Culture and Creative Opportunities Assessment, 2018 for typologies of space]. It should also include the provision of smaller and larger units within Centres. The function of the Centres
			should not be compromised by over- concentration in number and position of non-A1 uses. Particular threats can be posed from A2 Use Classes and betting shops, which can also negatively impact upon the appeal of a centre, and uses contributing to the night-time economy (A3-A5; D2).
C46	New Para	Minor	Paragraph 4.25 As well as setting out the scale, format and position in the hierarchy of each Centre, Table 4 <sup>3</sup> also sets out the role and function, identifying where there should be a focus on culture and the night time economy. The Cultural and Creative Opportunities Assessment has highlighted particular opportunities at Stratford and Hackney Wick. In accordance with the Town Centres First Principle, cultural and night-time economy uses should be directed towards the Centres. Further support for such industries will be provided by the provision of flexible, well- designed and adaptable space suitable for a variety of occupiers including those serving the night time economy; through requiring appropriate and sustainable management measures; through appropriate interim uses (see Policy B.3) and the application of the Agent of Change Principle to protect the interests of existing operators as well as new communities (see Policy BN.12). In addition, across the whole of the area public houses of cultural or heritage value will be protected and entertainment venues providing a clear community-based, specialised function will be maintained or re- provided through Policy Cl.1. The Night-time Economy SPD will provide further guidance.
C47	Paragraph 2.23	Major	<b>Becomes Paragraph 4.26</b> Food and drink uses (A3, A4 and A5) support the day-time retail and leisure function of the Centres and <u>contribute towards the night time</u> <u>economy by bringing can bring</u> vitality for longer hours of the day; however, takeaway facilities

Change Referenc e Number	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
			(A5) should be managed to minimise health implications, noise and disturbance, which will include siting such uses more than 400m walking distance from existing schools and schools proposed within this Local Plan; and through other appropriate management measures. The extended hours of A1 convenience stores can also serve the night time economy, providing an alternative to A5 provision, contributing towards the health objectives of this Local Plan.
C48	Paragraph 2.23	Major	Becomes Paragraph 4.27 Where a change of use or a new non-A1 use is proposed within the Centres, the concentration of the proposed use will be considered against the role and function of the Centre identified in <u>Table 4 3, as well as the quantum, cumulative</u> impacts and positioning of the existing A1 retail provision and the potential for the new use to enhance, rather than undermine, the function. Residential development shall be appropriate within all Centres. <u>Residential densities should</u> reflect the transport accessibility and central locations. The availability of community facilities and open space should be considered in relation to housing mix. Residential should be located away from any defined primary frontages and further guidance on integration of residential into the town centres are provided within the three area-based SPDs (Bromley-by-Bow; Hackney Wick and Fish Island; Pudding Mill). except on the ground floor, unless the quantum proposed, individually or cumulatively, will prejudice the function of the Centre.
	Paragraph 4.24	No change	Becomes Paragraph 4.28
C49	Paragraph 4.25	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.29 Where not allocated, edge-of-centre proposals will be subject to sequential and impacts assessments. Appropriate proposals for the edge of the Metropolitan Centre may be large- scale cultural, leisure or visitor attractions and other D Use Class town centre uses which contribute towards the aims of the Legacy Corporation as a whole, including those which combine to generate a strong cultural, tourist and visitor experience. It is envisaged that the introduction of cultural and education uses will

Change Referenc e Number	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
			contribute towards Stratford becoming a centre of International significance, and this location is shown on the Policies Map as a future location for extension of the town centre boundary. Policy 3.1 also sets out the nature of appropriate edge-of Metropolitan Centre development. Policy B.6 will be used to assess edge-of-centre development for higher education, research and development.
	Paragraph 4.26	No change	Becomes Paragraph 4.30
C50	Table 3	Major	Becomes Table 4 changes made below
C51	Figure 7	Minor	Becomes Figure 6 Amend to show the location of the future potential extension of the town centre boundary and to show the northern part of the Stratford High Street Policy Area – the amended figure is shown below.
C52	Policy B.3: Creating vitality through interim uses	Minor	<ul> <li>Policy B.3: Creating vitality through interim uses</li> <li>Proposals for temporary interim uses will be supported where:</li> <li>1. Land has been set aside for development in the longer term and the proposed interim uses will <u>contribute towards housing requirements, or</u> reinforce the long-term, leisure, cultural, <u>night time economy</u> or event-based uses;</li> </ul>
C53	Paragraph 4.27	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.31 Within the Legacy Corporation area, there are many land parcels awaiting redevelopment within the longer term, as well as unoccupied small, retail or business units. Derelict sites and buildings can impact negatively on the perception of the safety and visual quality of the public realm. Interim uses can have potential to bring positive impacts through character and footfall, promoting economic prosperity. For these reasons, interim uses shall be supported in particular where they create vitality and viability to streets, <u>are developed in partnership</u> with the community, create or improve public realm and create active frontages, as well as 'green' proposals such as community allotments and gardens.
C54	Paragraph 4.28	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.32 The Legacy Corporation shall encourage new commercial units to be designed to be flexible to interim uses, including formats suitable for start- up businesses and the creative and cultural

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			sector. Affordable housing and other innovative forms of housing will be encouraged as interim uses. Where appropriate, it will utilise Section 106 Agreements to prevent units being left as 'shell and core' and mitigate potential impacts of the development.
C55	Case Study 1	Minor	Case Study 1: Interim uses as skate park at Frontside Gardens, Hackney Wick
			This case study demonstrates how derelict land has been used for temporary community uses. Land owned by the Legacy Corporation left by a demolished warehouse has been used for a temporary skate park, which has now established itself as a popular destination for local skateboarders. It provides an example of how other unused spaces awaiting redevelopment can help meet the wider aims of community cohesion and convergence.
			Case Study 2: Clarnico Quay This case study relates to an approved scheme for a variety of interim uses on a future development plot at Sweetwater for seven years. This will include workshops, studios and maker space; shops, cafes and bars; event, community space and meeting rooms; and pop up shops and market stalls. The proposals also include a mobile garden, and associated landscape and cycle parking.
C56	Policy B.4: Providing low- cost and managed workspace	Minor	Policy B.4 Providing low-cost <u>business</u> <u>space</u> , <u>affordable</u> and managed workspace Existing managed <u>affordable workspace or and</u> low-cost <u>business space workspace</u> shall be retained, <u>or re-provided where viable and where</u> it complements wider plans for the area <u>in</u> accordance with Policy B.1. New managed <u>affordable</u> workspace and/or low- cost <u>business space</u> <del>workspace</del> will be encouraged where it: 1. Is flexible and able to meet the needs of various and users within B Use Classes:
			<ul> <li>various end users within B Use Classes;</li> <li>2. Includes an appropriate management scheme secured through Section 106 Agreements; and</li> <li>3. <u>Re-provides existing low-cost business space</u> or affordable workspace in accordance with</li> </ul>

Change Referenc e	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			
			Policy B.1 and it does not result in a net loss of employment.
			<u>Affordable or</u> low-cost provision will be supported and secured through Section 106 where:
			<ul> <li>4. Rents are up to 75 per cent of historic market rent for the previous year for the equivalent floorspace in the same area for an equivalent B Class Use;</li> <li>5. It is secured at the current market rate for cultural or creative purposes;</li> <li>6. It is subsidised to reduce the cost to the user for charitable purposes; or</li> <li>7. It establishes robust management links with a registered workspace provider within the reducet he cost to the securet hereavely.</li> </ul>
	Paragraph	No	relevant borough. Becomes Paragraph 4.33
	4.29	change	
C57	Paragraph 4.30	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.34 Managed workspace would normally comprise a number of business units or workspaces for independent individuals or small businesses, which together are communally managed and provided with a range of shared support services and facilities. Low-cost <u>Affordable</u> workspace can be managed workspace, studio or unsupported independent business space that is made available to tenants below the prevailing market rent for that type of space, the current rate for the cultural or creative use or subsidised at a lower user-cost. Low cost business space refers to workspace which normally is of a lower specification which is reflected in the costs. The Legacy Corporation will support the maintenance of such workspaces where possible, and in accordance with relevant Sub Area policies.
C58	Paragraph 4.31	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.35 In locations where a clear demand exists <u>such</u> as within a potential Creative Enterprise Zone and <u>within larger B1 use class developments of</u> <u>more than 2,500sqm and where</u> a degree of flexibility of uses is secured, proposals for new managed, <u>affordable</u> or low-cost <u>business space</u> <del>workspace</del> will be considered favourably, particularly as part of mixed-use development. Provision should be clustered into small groups

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			to ensure agglomeration benefits and potential for lettings are maximised. Scheme viability should be based upon delivery within the initial phases of larger schemes. Links with registered workspace providers <u>within the relevant borough</u> will also be supported. In order to ensure that new space is appropriately managed for the long term, proposals should be accompanied by a Management Scheme. Proposals <u>re-providing</u> <del>replacing</del> existing employment floorspace with managed, <u>affordable</u> or low-cost <u>business space</u> <del>workspace</del> should re-provide <u>suitable</u> equivalent floorspace or job density, subject to Policy B.1 and be secured for the future through Section 106.
C59	Paragraph 4.32	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.36 The quantum, mix of unit sizes and scheme of rent levels for <u>affordable workspace and</u> low- cost <u>business space</u> workspace will be assessed in the light of overall scheme viability. <u>As guidance, the Legacy Corporation will be</u> <u>able to provide monitoring information on</u> <u>appropriate rates achieved from other similar</u> <u>schemes as well as guidance on the, relevant</u> <u>local area and distance from the site, and the</u> <u>inclusion of other rates and charges.</u> Use of sliding scales will be supported where it can ensure a transition to market level as the business matures and overall scheme viability changes.
C60	Case Study 2	Minor	Case Study 2: Low-cost workspace and local labour agreements secured at Neptune Wharf, Fish Island This case study demonstrates how low cost workspace can be sought through development proposals. In this case approximately 500 sqm of B1 low-cost workspace was secured. The affordability of the units was determined at 75% of Historic Market Rent for the previous year throughout Fish Island and the units have been secured for at least ten years with no upward rent review for the first five years. Other detailed requirements of the permission include: • Submission of annual reports for the ten-
			year period evidencing compliance with affordability regime, financial terms of the leases and how relevant rental levels were determined

Change Referenc	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
e Number			
			<ul> <li>A Workspace Strategy showing how the space is to be designed flexibly to meet the needs of users</li> <li>Advertising job vacancies locally in Local Labour and Business Schemes and Job Centres</li> <li>Recruiting from within the Tower Hamlets area for 20% of construction jobs and between 25% and 85% of end-user employment</li> <li>Paying employees the living wage, promoting for end users and apprenticeships</li> <li>Demonstrating actions seeking local business occupation of units.</li> </ul>
			Case Study 3: Duncan House Affordable Workspace
			This case study demonstrates how affordable workspace can be sought through development proposals. In this case approximately 634 sqm of B1 use class artists workspace was secured as affordable workspace. The affordability of the units was determined at 60% of market rate at £6psf (exclusive of service charges). The units have been secured for at least five years.
	Policy B.5: Increasing local access to jobs, skills and employment training	No change	Policy B.5: Increasing local access to jobs, skills and employment training No change to policy itself.
	Paras 4.33 and 4.34	No change	Become paras 4.37 and 4.38
C61	Paragraph 4.35	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 4.39 A key element will be working with the Growth Boroughs and other partners through employment training initiatives and apprenticeships to promote jobs, skills and employment training. Where appropriate, the planning system will be used to secure targets and commitments in relation to associated job and training opportunities, both for construction- related employment and training that increases access to long-term employment. <u>The Legacy</u> <u>Corporation will seek to work with the four</u> <u>boroughs and other partners to seek to ensure</u> <u>that apprenticeships and training can be</u> <u>completed; that they maximise potential take-up;</u> <u>and that they seek to increase representation in</u> <u>the construction industry of currently under-</u>

Change Referenc e Number	Paragraph, etc	Type of change	Proposed change
			<u>represented groups.</u> Rather than setting specific targets in policy, targets or commitments will be maximised on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the size and nature of the scheme proposed and, where relevant, scheme viability.
	Policy B.6: Higher education, research and development	No change	Policy B.6: Higher education, research and development
	Paras 4.36, 4.37 and 4.38	No change	Become Paras 4.40, 4.41 and 4.42

Change Reference Number C25: Table 2 + - Direct jobs from proposals

DEVELOPMENT	GROSS DIRECT JOBS (TOTAL), 2031	SECTORS
Here East	7,500 including 5,300 on site	IT, <u>technology, creative and</u> <u>cultural industries,</u> info and communications, finance, real estate, professional, admin and support, education, health, arts/entertainment, wholesale and retail, transport, accommodation, other services
Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park – Legacy Communities Scheme	Approximately 3,000	Business, office, wholesale and retail, transport, accommodation and food, broadcasting and communications, admin and support, arts/ entertainment, other services
The International Quarter	26,200	Office, business, professional services, admin and support, wholesale and retail, arts/entertainment
Strand East (Sugar House Lane)	2,450	Business, office, retail, financial and professional services, food, leisure
Westfield Stratford City	10,000	Retail, food, hotel, leisure and entertainment, office and professional services, admin and support
Chobham Farm	403	Retail and business

Stratford Waterfront (UCL East and East Bank)	Approximately 5,000	Academic institution and commercial research space, student accommodation and retail,
		cultural and education institutions

## (Change Reference Number C39) Table 3 2, Employment clusters

REFERENCE	EMPLOYMENT	CLUSTER FUNCTION
	CLUSTERS	
B.1a1	Here East (Hackney Wick) Strategic Industrial Location- (Industrial Business Park) Strategic Technology Cluster	A range of complementary employment uses within B1 and B8 Use Classes, <u>D1 and further education</u> <u>uses of regional significance</u> , including <u>creative and</u> technology-based <u>industries</u> , light industrial <del>industry</del> , offices, <u>research and development</u> , <u>media</u> , broadcasting and production uses, <u>culture/arts</u> and smaller workshops. Also including supporting uses of <del>further and higher education and</del> conference facilities within D <u>2</u> Use Classes, and small-scale <del>subsidiary</del> retail <u>and leisure</u> .
		<u>Only-Development will be supported which</u> <u>complements support the media, education,</u> <u>technological and creative functions including light</u> <u>industrial; storage and distribution; flexible</u> <u>B1c/B2/B8 use class floorspace and/or small-scale</u> <u>subsidiary retail, leisure or other 'walk to' services</u> <u>will be supported. Opportunities for intensification</u> <u>and redevelopment of under-utilised areas for</u> <u>activities falling within the supported identified use</u> <u>classes will be supported.</u>
B.1a2	Fish Island South including Bow Midland West Rail Site Strategic Industrial Location (Preferred Industrial Location)	A range of significant B2 and B8 Use Classes of industrial, warehousing, transport, waste management and distribution. A safeguarded rail head and associated bulk freight distribution use. Uses should make effective use of the railhead, including potential for aggregate distribution and for concrete batching, the manufacture of coated materials, other concrete products and handling, processing and distribution of or aggregate material. Only small-scale supporting ancillary uses will be supported. Potential for intensification of the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through modernisation of facilities, development of multi-storey schemes and more efficient use of land through increased plot ratios. Only where new industrial uses providing consolidated and intensive, high quality and sustainable facilities minimising the environmental, visual and amenity impacts of the

		site are provided will other new uses be supported (see Site Allocation 4.5).
B.1a3	Bow Goods Yard East Strategic Industrial Location (Preferred Industrial Location)	A safeguarded rail head and associated bulk freight distribution use. B2, B8 and waste management uses are appropriate. Only development supporting the rail-related and small-scale ancillary uses will be supported. Potential for intensification of the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through modernisation of facilities, development of multi-storey schemes and more efficient use of land through increased plot ratios. Only where new industrial uses providing consolidated and intensive, high quality and sustainable facilities minimising the environmental, visual and amenity impacts of the site are provided will the introduction of other new uses be supported (see Site Allocation 4.5).
B.1b1	Site at junction of Lee Conservancy Road and Eastway Locally Significant Industrial Site	B Use Class industrial use and suitable for a future industrial, storage and distribution or transport-related use. Potential for intensification of the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through modernisation of facilities and more efficient use of land through increased plot ratios.
B.1b2	Trafalgar Mews, Eastway Locally Significant Industrial Site	Mixed industrial and business use and transport associated use. <u>Potential for intensification of the</u> <u>floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses</u> <u>through modernisation of facilities and more efficient</u> <u>use of land through increased plot ratios.</u>
B.1b3	Site at Chapman Road Locally Significant Industrial Site	A mix of small-scale industrial, storage and distribution uses with supporting retail. Potential for intensification of the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through modernisation of facilities and more efficient use of land through increased plot ratios.
B.1b4	Bartrip Street North Locally Significant Industrial Site	A mix of small-scale industrial, storage and distribution uses. Potential for intensification of the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through modernisation of facilities and more efficient use of land through increased plot ratios. Proposals involving intensification and co-location or release will be appropriate where it helps facilitate the delivery of the Bartrip Street South (SA1.7) allocation.
B.1b5	Wick Lane and Crown Close, Fish Island Other Industrial Location	An employment-led mix of uses, including warehouse, storage, distribution, with some potential for residential development and live work in appropriate locations, subject to Bullet point <u>6 and 7</u> <del>5</del> . Potential for redevelopment to re-provide existing

		industrial floorspace and intensify the floorspace capacity through more efficient use of land and increased plot ratios, facilitating the co-location with
		residential across the whole of the designation. An appropriate and gradual transition between nearby uses of residential and industrial.
B.1b6	<b>Cooks Road</b> Other Industrial Location	Land within B1c/B2/B8 Use Classes. Land between Cooks Road and River Lea, redevelopment opportunity with a significant proportion of employment use providing floorspace within a range of use B1–B8 Uses Classes alongside other uses, with an element of residential, providing a transition to the lower employment mix of uses within the remainder of Pudding Mill. <u>Potential for</u> <u>redevelopment to make more efficient use of land</u> <u>including re-provision of intensive industrial</u> <u>floorspace at northern part of the designation, and to</u> <u>intensify the floorspace capacity through increased</u> <u>plot ratios facilitating the co-location with residential</u> <u>within the remainder of the designation.</u>
B.1b7	Sugar House Lane/ Stratford High Street Locally Significant Industrial Site	Land within B2/B8 Use Classes. Area at the northern end of the Strand East site, partly fronting Stratford High Street, with an existing planning permission for a cluster of development for a mix of predominantly office, workshop, retail, hotel and associated business and employment-generating uses. <u>The</u> <u>introduction of new industrial uses will provide</u> <u>intensive, modern and flexible accommodation.</u>
B.1b8	Rick Roberts Way North Locally Significant Industrial Site	A cluster of existing high-quality industrial design and manufacturing uses of B2 and B8 Use Classes in modern buildings. <u>Potential for intensification of</u> the floorspace capacity of existing industrial uses through development of multi-storey schemes and <u>more efficient use of land through increased plot</u> ratios.
B.1b9	Temple Mills Lane Locally Significant Industrial Site	Transport uses appropriate to or subsidiary to current use as bus depot.

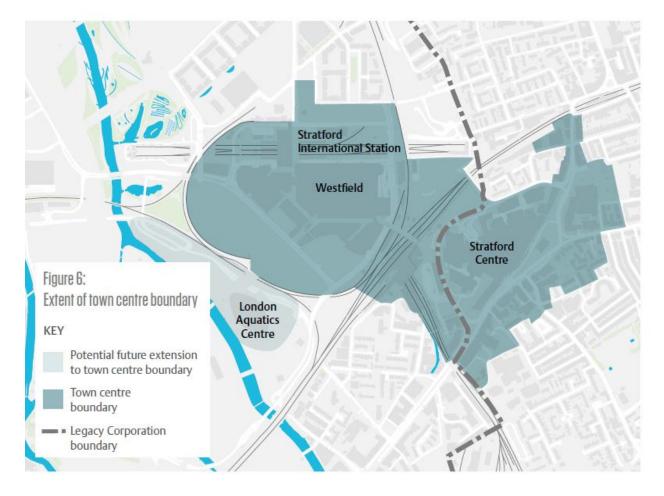
## (Reference Change Number C25) Table 4 3: Retail centre hierarchy

NAME AND TYPE	DESCRIPTION AND FUNCTION	RETAIL
		QUANTUM
Stratford Metropolitan (including existing town centre) See Allocation SA3.1	<ul> <li>Serving London-<u>and regional wide</u> catchment</li> <li>Large- and small-scale retail (A1–A5) and D1 commercial leisure <u>Significant</u> retail floorspace within varied sizes, providing for comparison, convenience and service functions (A1-A2)</li> <li><u>Significant</u> Grade A B1 <u>use class</u> office space to support the potential Central <u>Activities Zone (CAZ) reserve</u></li> <li>Food and drink and leisure uses providing a night-time economy <u>A focus on</u> the day to night time economy, providing a wide range of food and drink (A3-A5): leisure; cultural and visitor attractions (D1, D2)</li> <li><u>Subsidiary</u> Residential <u>development to</u> <u>be optimised and well-integrated into the</u> <u>Centre,</u> focused around the transport hubs and other attractors</li> <li><u>Maximised reuse of buildings of heritage</u> value and protection of public houses of cultural or heritage value</li> <li><u>Entertainment venues providing clear</u> community-based function or speciality will be maintained or re-provided</li> <li><u>Development to facilitate the potential</u> future expansion of the Metropolitan <u>Centre boundary to include Stratford</u> <u>Waterfront</u></li> </ul>	QUANTUM Provision of approximately <u>64,000</u> <del>55,000</del> sqm (net sales area) of additional comparison floorspace across the whole of the Metropolitan Centre to <u>2036</u> <del>2030, focused to</del> the centre-east. <u>Contribution</u> towards the area- wide convenience <u>floorspace</u> <u>requirement by</u> <u>2036.</u>
Bromley-by-Bow Potential District	• Enhancement/reconfiguration of the existing superstore Re-provision of large-	Total retail, <u>leisure and</u>
See Policy 4.1 and Allocation SA4.1	<ul> <li>scale convenience floorspace</li> <li>Small-scale A1–A5 retail floorspace providing for comparison, convenience and service functions (A1-A2)</li> <li>Small-scale, food and drink (A3-A5) leisure and community uses which also contribute towards the emergence of the night-time economy within the area</li> <li>B Use Class employment and business space in a range of sizes</li> <li>Residential development is to be delivered at densities appropriate to the location across the whole of the Bromley- by-Bow site allocation</li> </ul>	service floorspace, including existing of between 10,000 and 50,000 sqm. Approximately <u>8,000 6,200 sqm</u> (net sales area) comparison retail floorspace to 2036, and re- provision of existing convenience floorspace.

	Serving a local catchment, accessed via public transport, walking and cycling	Remodelling/ enhancement of superstore
Hackney Wick Neighbourhood See Allocation SA1.1	<ul> <li>A mix of small-scale retail (A1-A2), leisure and community uses, flexible and adaptable for a range of different uses and compatible with a range of different uses</li> <li>A significant contribution to the day to night time economy of the area through a varied mix of food and drink (A3-A5), cultural, community and creative offers, providing vitality over longer periods of the day</li> <li>Employment uses in a range of sizes, flexible and adaptable and compatible with mixed-use development including offices and workshops and, in some cases, industrial uses</li> <li>Non-residential uses dispersed throughout the centre alongside residential development which should be optimised</li> <li>Active ground-floor uses and frontages, considering flooding issues</li> <li>Maximised reuse of buildings of heritage value and protection of public houses of cultural or heritage value</li> <li>Entertainment venues providing clear community-based function or speciality will be maintained or re-provided</li> <li>Serving a localised catchment</li> </ul>	Total retail, <u>leisure and</u> <u>service</u> floorspace, including existing up to 10,000 sqm <u>including the</u> <u>provision of</u> <u>convenience</u> <u>floorspace</u>
Pudding Mill Local See Allocation SA4.3	<ul> <li>Small-scale retail (A1-A5) and office/ workshop/research and development uses</li> <li>Serving a localised catchment</li> <li>Residential development to be delivered at densities appropriate to the accessibility levels across the site</li> </ul>	Total retail, <u>leisure and</u> <u>service</u> floorspace should not exceed 10,000 sqm. About 2,500 sqm retail permitted <u>including the</u> <u>provision of</u> <u>convenience</u> <u>floorspace</u>
East Village Local See Policy <del>2.</del> 4 <u>2.3</u>	<ul> <li>Small-scale retail (A1-A5) and office/workshop uses</li> <li>Serving a localised catchment</li> <li>Residential development on upper storeys across the site</li> </ul>	Total retail, leisure and service floorspace, including existing, should not exceed 10,000 sqm, including

	the provision of convenience floorspace
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*Footnote-* Focused to the eastern part of Stratford Metropolitan Centre (as extended) within the London Borough of Newham's administrative area for planning purposes. There is limited capacity for new comparison goods floorspace between 2018 and 2021 after allowing for all known commitments, and capacity emerges by 2026. At Stratford Metropolitan Centre this amounts to c16,000 sqm net at 2026; 40,000 sqm net by 2031 and 64,000 sqm net by 2036. The requirement at Bromley-by-Bow amounts to c2,000 sqm net at 2026; 5,000 sqm net by 2031 and 8,000 sqm net by 2036. The remainder of the phased requirement of 8,000 sqm net to 2036 is expected to be provided primarily at Hackney Wick and Pudding Mill. The floorspace figure over whole plan period is indicative, and is not considered to be a cap, due to the short-term validity of the information, a future review of retail requirements will be required from 2023 onwards with a confirmed requirement of 14,000 sqm to 2021 and with the requirement from 2021 to 2030 subject to review before 2021. Proposals for significant new retail floorspace capacity to be provided in advance of the identified requirements will be required to submit detailed Retail Impacts Assessments.



## (Change Reference Number C51) Figure-7 6: Extensions of town centre boundary

## Section 5 - Providing housing and neighbourhoods

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C62	Paragraph 5.1	Minor	Paragraph 5.1 <u>Considerable progress has already been made to</u> <u>achieving these goals.</u> It is expected that <u>by the end of</u> <u>2019</u> about <u>11,000</u> <del>24,000</del> homes will have been built within the Legacy Corporation area. <u>by 2031 With</u> <u>future planned development this figure is expected to</u> <u>reach 33,000 by 2036.</u>
C63	Objective 2	Minor	Objective 2Delivering more than 24,000-22,000between 2020 and 2036within a range of sizes, typesand tenuresThe delivery of at least four twoand one new secondary school.
C64	Strategic Policy SP.2	Major	<ul> <li>Strategic Policy SP.2</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will work with its partners to maximise opportunities for delivering high-quality, sustainable and affordable homes<u>within a variety of types and tenures</u> and provision of supporting infrastructure through:</li> <li>1. Delivering in excess of the <u>Draft New</u> London Plan target of 1,471 2,161 housing units per annum through, of which a minimum of 455 will be affordable optimising housing delivery on suitable and available sites</li> <li>2. <u>Maximising affordable housing delivery through a minimum 35 per cent target across the area and applying the Mayor's threshold levels of 35 per cent and 50 per cent on a habitable room basis (see Draft New London Plan Policy H6)</u></li> <li>3. Providing for <u>a full range of</u> identified size, <u>accommodation</u> and tenure requirements, <del>particularly including</del>-family housing in all tenures, <del>Providing</del>-specialist housing and specific housing products which contribute towards the overall housing mix and meet identified requirements</li> </ul>
C65	Paragraph 5.2	Minor	Paragraph 5.2 The Legacy Corporation has an annual housing delivery target, set out within the London Plan. This

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			has been developed by the Greater London Authority (GLA), on the basis of its Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment, <del>2013</del> <u>2017</u> , and robust assessment of housing needs within its Strategic Housing Market Assessment, <del>2013</del> <u>2017</u> . The Legacy Corporation fully supports this housing delivery target and will seek to achieve and exceed this through the application of this policy.
C66	Paragraph 5.3	Minor	Paragraph 5.3 This target will be achieved through a range of sources, including large identified sites, non-self- contained accommodation (including hostels and student accommodation, <u>shared living</u> ), an annualised <u>through delivery on</u> small sites and through <u>conversions potential of 33 units18</u> and reuse of long- term vacant properties. Where appropriate, the <u>Legacy Corporation will also support innovative</u> means of site-assembly to support housing delivery, including for example, longer-term over-station <u>development.</u> Where appropriate, <u>custom</u> /self-build opportunities shall also contribute towards the housing supply where all Local Plan requirements are met and the site is optimised for housing delivery. Figure 9, the housing trajectory, shows the ability to deliver housing against the housing target over the Plan period. # shows that within the last five years delivery is less certain; however, London Plan targets will be reviewed by 2019/2020. The trajectory includes a The five per cent buffer_of deliverable sites which is <u>expected to will</u> be met for the first five years, but it may not be possible on a rolling five-year basis <u>past</u> 2028/2029. The London Plan recognises the difficulty of this approach.19 Nonetheless, it is expected that the cumulative housing target is expected to be <del>exceeded, with</del> more than 24,000 22,000 homes will <u>be</u> delivered over the Plan period of 2020 to 2036 through <u>optimised housing delivery on suitable</u> , available and achievable sites over the period. the creation of additional capacity and greater delivery on small sites than anticipated within the London SHLAA.
C67	Paragraph 5.3	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.4 The Legacy Corporation will monitor and keep under review progress in seeking to achieve and where possible exceed the housing target, in particular against potential sources contained within <u>each part of</u> <u>the draft New</u> London Plan <u>target (i.e. small, large</u> <u>sites and non-self-contained)</u> Policy 3.3. Where <u>relevant it will introduce</u> introducing measures to

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
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C68	Paragraph 5.4	Minor	enhance delivery <u>on all applicable sites, including</u> optimising delivery on sites within the Legacy Corporation's ownership through the portfolio-based <u>approach</u> , <del>update</del> <u>updating</u> evidence <u>and design</u> <u>codes</u> , <del>investigate</del> <u>investigating</u> capacity requirements or <del>amend</del> <u>amending</u> targets where required. The <del>quantum</del> and timescale of development are subject to <del>change</del> . The Legacy Corporation will also work with the boroughs through the Duty to Cooperate to develop and devise a joined-up strategic approach to housing delivery and in particular to meet delivery targets towards the latter part of the plan period where, as shown within the housing trajectory within Figure 9 below, delivery becomes less certain. Where relevant these discussions should also cover the transition arrangements or the transfer of those powers to a future relevant body. The trajectory and the list of key sites <del>available</del> in Appendix 2 will be kept under review within the Authority Monitoring Report (AMR), with delivery rates reflected within the rolling five year target. <b>Becomes Paragraph 5.5</b> The London Plan Policy 3.11 allows flexibility in
			setting the affordable housing target in terms of how this is calculated and demonstrated; the Legacy Corporation has set the target in absolute terms, which has been calculated by removing non-self- contained accommodation20 from the housing target and apportioning the remainder by using the 35 per cent benchmark (see Policy H.2), i.e. 1,471 – 171 × 35% = 455.21 This should be achieved across the area, and will be subject to review to reflect changing market conditions. The draft New London Plan (2017) sets out an affordable housing threshold of 35 per cent affordable homes across London, including 50 per cent on public sector land, and industrial land where there is a net loss in industrial floorspace capacity. It also sets out the requirement for an equivalent of 35 per cent affordable delivery on non- self-contained residential accommodation therefore monitoring will be based upon the proportion of affordable housing achieved over the monitoring year, rather than against an absolute figure. For the avoidance of doubt, in accordance with draft New London Plan policy H13 and the Affordable Housing and Viability SPG this applies to Build to Rent tenures as well as traditional, build for sale. Policies H.1 and H.2 provide further detail in relation to housing mix and affordable housing requirements. Delivery will be reported annually in the AMR.

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C69	Paragraph 5.5	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.6 Protecting existing residential stock is also a key component of mixed and balanced communities. Loss of residential units, including affordable housing, floorspace or land <u>essential to housing delivery</u> will be resisted. Self-contained units or floorspace will be protected or re-provided unless unacceptable amenity issues are present. Residential land will only be released where an equivalent number of residential units or floorspace is re-provided across all applicable sites.
	Paragraph 5.6	No change	Becomes Paragraph 5.7
C70	Figure 9	Minor	Figure 9 New trajectory, the amended figure presented at the end of this section.
C71	Policy H.1: Providing a mix of housing types	Major	<ul> <li>Policy H.1: Providing for and diversifying the housing mix a mix of housing types</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will seek to diversify the range of housing provision by securing an appropriate mix of housing and accommodation types to meet identified requirements. It will promote and diversify delivery on a range of different site types including through small sites and conversions by utilising tools such as the Characterisation Study, the Brownfield Register and PTAL mapping to identify potential locations for yielding additional housing capacity. This information will be kept up to date within the Authority Monitoring Report.</li> <li>All residential Residential proposals, including schemes utilising Built to Rent models should:</li> <li>1. Meet identified local and strategic requirements, containing a mix of one-, two- and three-bedroom units and larger, with units of two bedrooms and more constituting more than half the total;</li> <li>2. Integrate a mix of unit and tenure types including flatted developments_maisonettes and family houses housing into the design;</li> <li>3. Have no unacceptable adverse impacts on Promote the creation of mixed and inclusive communities the mix and balance of the proposed area; and</li> <li>4. Meet London Plan and applicable Housing SPG design considerations, subject to Policy BN.4.</li> </ul>

Change Referenc	Policy, para	Type of	Proposed change
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			<ul> <li><u>Schemes on small sites and conversions will be</u> <u>supported where:</u></li> <li><u>the site is well-designed to optimise housing</u> <u>delivery;</u></li> <li><u>the proposal is in accordance with all relevant</u> <u>policies of the Local Plan, including loss of open</u> <u>space, social infrastructure and employment</u> <u>floorspace capacity; and</u></li> <li><u>there is no unacceptable loss of amenity.</u></li> </ul>
			Where Built to Rent and other similar rental products are proposed, accommodation will be required to utilise unified ownership and management structures; include mechanisms to secure the accommodation as such for the long term, with appropriate clawback procedures, including options for long-term secured tenancies.
C72	Paragraph 5.7	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.8 Providing for a range of different forms of residential accommodation by dwelling sizes and types size, form, tenure and typology is essential to create sustainable new mixed and inclusive communities and meet identified housing requirements. neighbourhoods and to avoid problems which may arise from over- concentration of certain sizes and types of accommodation. For this reason, a range of sizes to meet identified requirements and different configurations of accommodation will be sought. The principal aim is to achieve mixed and balanced communities. Build to Rent accommodation is playing an increasing role providing additional assurances to that normally found within the private rented sector through flexible tenancies, greater certainty over rent rises and a managed approach to the whole development. In combination, this approach should help enable residents to remain in the area for the longer term, contributing to community cohesion.
C73	New paragraph	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.9 The draft New London Plan emphasises the potential contribution of small sites towards overall housing delivery, however due to the constrained nature of the area the contribution from small sites and conversions is likely to be comparatively small. Nonetheless measures are being introduced to boost delivery from these sources. Should small sites delivery fall below the anticipated 80 units per annum from year 6 onwards (2025) the Legacy Corporation or responsible body should consider the use of more prescriptive design codes setting out what forms of small site delivery may be appropriate.

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C74	Paragraph 5.8	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.10 Evidence The Housing Requirements Study (2018) suggests that there is a particularly high local requirement for the following types of housing size: two bedroom market homes and, within the affordable sector, for two and three bedroom homes. The Greater London Authority SHMA (2017) identifies a greater strategic need for low cost rented properties, in particular for one-bedroom properties. • One-bedroom properties within market and affordable/social rented • Two-bedroom properties in market housing • Larger units (of three bedrooms or more) particularly within affordable/social rented and low-cost home ownership sectors.
C75	Paragraph 5.9	Major	<b>Becomes Paragraph 5.11</b> All proposals should reflect these identified size, form and tenure requirements, providing an appropriate balanced mix of one-, two- and three-bedroom units <del>,</del> including within affordable tenures. Provision of low cost rented units should provide an equal mix of one, two and three-bedroom properties. All proposals should contain more two-bedroom-plus units than one-bedroom units, and should not avoid the provision of any single size or tenure. When considering the detailed mix of dwelling sizes, the Legacy Corporation will consider individual site circumstances, including location, viability and the maintenance promotion of mixed and inclusive balanced communities. Proposals which cluster units of a particular size and tenure and do not reflect these requirements will not be permitted. In all cases, proposals should show how the provision of family housing has been maximised.
C76	New Paragraph	Major	Paragraph 5.12 The Legacy Corporation will apply the Mayor's definition of Build to Rent (BTR) as set out within Policy H13 of the draft New London Plan which includes schemes of more than 50 units, covenanted for at least 15 years and containing specific management measures. This generally includes proposals for a number of units which are purpose- built, or redeveloped for rent, normally by an institution or management company within the private sector to individuals, groups or families who do not share specialist-use requirements (i.e. excluding student and older persons' accommodation). The Legacy Corporation will utilise S106 agreements and

Change Referenc	Policy, para	Type of	Proposed change
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			<u>conditions to secure Build to Rent provision. Alike</u> <u>traditional build for sale proposals, schemes</u> <u>containing BTR will be expected to provide a mix of</u> dwelling types and sizes.
C77	Paragraph 5.10	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.13 Where appropriate and viable, units intended for family housing should be within a mix of flatted development and traditional houses or maisonettes. Consideration should also be given to <u>different living</u> requirements and lifestyles such as how developments can be designed to suit the lifestyles of large family groups, including layouts with kitchens separate from other living space and, for example to support home working practices.
C78	Paragraph 5.11	Major	<b>Becomes Paragraph 5.14</b> Proposals shall be supported which address existing stock imbalances by introducing market and intermediate housing within existing predominantly social rented areas or those which introduce affordable rented accommodation where currently under-represented, provided that they meet an identified local housing need. A mixed and <u>inclusive neighbourhood balanced community</u> will generally be considered to reflect roughly the local demographic norms in relation to tenure, age structure and income and enable people to remain within the community for the long term. Where the Legacy Corporation considers that a proposal could impact negatively on mixed and <u>inclusive neighbourhoods balanced</u> communities, or harm the residential amenity, character or function of the area, additional justification of the need for the development should be provided in the form of local studies, waiting lists, business cases for the development and potential economic repercussions, should the proposal not take place.
C79	Paragraph 5.12	Major	place.Becomes Paragraph 5.15The Legacy Corporation is directed by the LondonPlan on a range of housing policies which will beapplied including: play space, residential amenity,daylight and sunlight, accessibility and safety designprinciples. Policiesy BN.4 and BN.5 sets out how theBaseline Standards within the Mayor's Housing SPGwill be applied alongside optional requirements andthe Nationally Described Space Standards –Technical Requirements will be applied. The LondonPlan's density matrix is a useful tool, referencingPublic Transport Accessibility Levels (PTAL) fordetermining densities; however, All proposals,

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
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			including self/custom-build will be expected to optimise housing delivery on deliverable sites, when considering the appropriate density, the Legacy Corporation will consider individual site circumstances including: location, constraints, transport accessibility, connectivity and capacity; management, occupancy and tenure of the development; and contribution of the site to the Legacy Corporation's convergence aims. Schemes referable to the Mayor will also be required to undergo design review through the Quality Review Panel and submit a Management Plan where the density thresholds as set out in Draft New London Plan Policy D6 are triggered.
C80	New para	Minor	Paragraph 5.16
			The housing trajectory sets out the anticipated delivery rates, but does not include an allowance from small sites for the first five years as delivery rates from these sources are currently considerably below these levels. However it is anticipated that delivery from these small sites can be increased by applying the principles of this new policy approach. The Characterisation Study, 2018 identifies the character of each part of the sub area and highlights broad locations which can potentially yield residential capacity from small sites, defined as less than 0.25ha or through residential conversions. Other locations within PTAL levels 3 to 6 are also considered broad locations of search. Residential proposals will be supported where they are of a suitable scale and design, have no unacceptable impacts on amenity and meet all other Local Plan policies.
C81	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.17 The Legacy Corporation will also seek to identify further opportunities to boost small site delivery through promoting brownfield sites and utilising the Brownfield Register. The previous 0.25 threshold has been amended to invite sites capable of delivery of more than 5 homes. The Call for Sites process of the Brownfield Register will remain open and the list will be reviewed regularly, at least on an annual basis.
C82	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.18 Other potential sources of residential capacity will come from conversions of other uses to residential. Due to other Local Plan policies protecting employment floorspace capacity for example, and the amount of development taking place within the area it is not anticipated that this form of development will yield any significant new capacity. The Legacy Corporation will monitor within the Authority

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			Monitoring Report and keep under review the amount of capacity coming forward from small sites and conversions, introducing measures to enhance delivery where necessary such as further detailed housing capacity work and design codes.
C83	Case Study 3	Minor	<ul> <li>Case Study 3: Chobham Farm – Housing Mix</li> <li>The Chobham Farm site is located to the east of the Legacy Corporation area. It is adjacent to the railway line and part of it is situated on former Strategic Industrial Land currently within industrial use. The site has outline planning permission for up to 1,036 units. The first phase of the development is for mixed-use development: six buildings between three and ten storeys providing 173 residential units (Use Class C3) and 1,161 sqm of commercial floorspace (Use Class A1–A3, B1, D1 and D2) plus car and cycle parking. The residential density of development in this phase is 680 habitable rooms per hectare.</li> <li>The proposed mix of the first phase is well balanced, with family units of larger three- and four bedroom units occupying approximately a third of the units. This mix meets demand identified within the Strategic Housing Market Assessment Review (2013) for three-bed units, with 30 per cent of the affordable units being family dwellings and the whole of the scheme is structured in favour of two- and three-bed units, rather than one-bed units.</li> <li>In terms of the affordability mix, this is also in favour of units with more than two bedrooms, and only 14 per cent of the affordability mix, this is also in favour of units with more than half of these being affordable rent. The later phases of the proposal, permitted in outline, are also biased in favour of family housing units, with the scheme as a whole delivering approximately 43 per cent of units with more than three bedrooms. The viability of the latter phases of the development wilb perportion of affordable units which has been set out within the terms of the Section 106 Agreement.</li> <li><b>Case Study 3: Housing Mix 52-54 White Post Lane</b></li> <li>This is a mixed-use redevelopment containing around 2,400 sgm of employment floorspace plus 55 residential units. The proposed mix of the scheme is</li> </ul>

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			well balanced with 34.5% 1 beds, 34.5% 2 beds and 31% 3 beds. This conforms to the Local Plan policy aspiration of a 'balanced mix'.
C84	Policy H.2 Delivering Affordable housing	Major	<ul> <li>Policy H.2: Delivering Affordable housing Affordable housing will be maximised sought on sites capable of providing ten units or more and over <u>1,000sqm combined floorspace or has an area of 0.5</u> hectares or more, based on the affordable housing thresholds set out within SP.2, broken down as 60 per cent low cost rented Affordable Rent and Social Rent, and 40 per cent intermediate [Footnote-NPPF 10% low cost home ownership should be included within this category]-r,-The Legacy</li> <li>Corporation will apply the Mayor's Fast Track and Viability Tested Routes and thresholds to maximise affordable housing delivery, including utilising viability re-appraisal where relevant. The following shall be considerations for maximising provision:</li> <li>1. Identified needs and tenure requirements</li> <li>2. Affordable housing targets and delivery rates</li> <li>3. The need to facilitate development</li> <li>4. Viability including phased viability re-appraisal.</li> <li>For self-contained residential schemes, affordable housing should be delivered on site in the first instance. Off-site provision will only be considered where it:</li> <li>1. 5. Provides equivalent number and type of affordable units across all sites related to the proposal;</li> <li>2. 6. Does not prejudice the delivery of affordable housing;</li> <li>3. 7. Is delivered at no financial advantage to developer;</li> <li>4. 8. Is linked to the completion of the market housing elements of the scheme;</li> <li>5. 9Is located where able to provide for local housing needs; and</li> <li>6. 40. Would be beneficial to achieve and maintain mixed and balanced communities.</li> <li>Financial contributions will only be acceptable when on-site provision and all potential off-site options have been fully explored and discounted, and linked to a particular site or proposal. Other specific policies of the Local Plan set out where contributions towards off- site provision of affordable housing are appropriate.</li> </ul>

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
Number C85	Paragraph 5.13	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 5.19</b> Providing for housing needs including through different affordable tenures is crucial to achieving mixed and <u>inclusive neighbourhoods</u> balanced communities. For this reason, a proportion of total housing delivery will be within affordable tenures. This has been set as a minimum target of 35 per cent of affordable homes across the whole of the Legacy Corporation area and 50% on public owned land and as set out within Policy H6 of the draft New London Plan. Where residential is proposed within designated and non designated industrial sites and there will be a net loss of industrial floorspace capacity, 50% affordable housing is expected or the VTR will be utilised. This target and tenure mix has been determined according to evidence and subject to rigorous viability testing <sup>[2018</sup> Affordable Housing Viability testing] to determine viability across the whole of the area. This should be used as a minimum and will be used to commence discussions on individual schemes. In relation to the affordable housing tenure split requirements, the draft New London Plan sets out that 30 per cent shall be provided as low cost rented homes and 30 per cent intermediate products, with the remainder to be determined by the local planning authority through the Development Plan process. As local and strategic evidence confirms a higher need for low cost rented accommodation, within the Legacy Corporation area the remaining 40 per cent shall normally be provided as 30/10 in favour of low cost rented. When determining the detailed affordable housing mix the intermediate offer should also meet the 10% low cost home ownership requirement of the NPPF, where relevant. <sup>[Footnote</sup> exclusions for solely for Built to Rent schemes, specialist accommodation for a group of people with specific needs, by people who wish to build or commission their own homes; or is exclusively for
C86	Paragraph 5.14	Major	affordable housing). Affordable rent is a relatively new product, where eligibility is based upon local incomes and local house prices rather than local authority lists alone. Affordable rent is intended to address similar types of need to that within traditional social housing. Half of the affordable rented product will include rental rates capped to ensure the requirements of those most in need are met (similar to those within local authority nomination lists). For the remainder within the 'discounted' level, this should have typical rents of no more than 80 per cent of market value, including service charge. This level is broadly achievable across the area.27

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C87	Paragraph 5.14	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.20 The Mayor has set out appropriate income caps for his preferred intermediate tenures of London Living Rent and London Shared Ownership which will be applied. In relation to affordable housing allocations the Legacy Corporation will follow the approaches of the four Boroughs. In practice, the Legacy Corporation is not setting specific local rental caps, but will expect developers and registered providers to agree the proposed rental levels, maintained as low as possible, based on meeting local Borough needs, benefit caps and maximising output. The Mayor's annual London Affordable Rent benchmarks shall be used as the starting point for setting appropriate rental rates, and other similar products should also demonstrate similar levels of affordability. Developers will be expected to demonstrate that they have engaged with a registered provider and secured a commitment for provision from the outset. Subject to the availability of appropriate funding, delivery of social rented accommodation within the area will be supported. Affordable housing should maximise larger, family-type housing. Affordable accommodation should be indistinguishable externally from other tenures.
C88	Paragraph 5.15	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.21 Policy H.2 will apply to all residential schemes over 10 units or more or on sites of over 0.5 hectares, including future changes of use of residential floorspace. Proposals which provide affordable housing at the relevant threshold as set out within SP.2 without public subsidy, meet the 60/40 tenure mix requirement as above and all other Local Plan policy requirements can qualify for the Fast Track Route (FTR). All other proposals shall be assessed under the Viability Tested Route (VTR). This will mean that the scheme's viability will be tested at the application stage, and further viability testing will be secured via As scheme viability can vary across its lifetime, to ensure affordable housing is maximised, the Legacy Corporation will utilise-Section 106 Agreements using the formula and the process set out within the Mayor's Affordable Housing and Viability SPG to secure early, mid and late stage reviews (as appropriate). Viability re-appraisal will also be secured within FTR schemes for circumstances where an agreed level of progress has not been met within two years to ensure that proposals within phased development re-appraise viability prior to each

	of change	
		subsequent phase of the development. Outcomes of the re-appraisal may result in additional affordable housing provision within later phases. For Build To Rent schemes to qualify for the FTR the tenure mix should consist entirely of Discounted Market Rent with 60 per cent being offered at a discount equivalent to London Affordable Rent, 30 per cent as London Living Rent and the remainder offered at equivalent rates to other intermediate housing offers. All other tenure mixes will be subject to the VTR. In accordance with the draft New London Plan Estate regeneration schemes should go through the VTR. Policy H.2 will apply to all residential schemes over 10 units or more or over 0.5 hectares, including future changes of use of residential floorspace.
New para	Minor	Paragraph 5.22 Where affordable housing is provided as dedicated blocks within a larger scheme the affordable housing units should be appropriately located across the site, avoiding parts of the site which may be more constrained or less accessible. Affordable accommodation should be indistinguishable externally from other tenures.
H.3: Meeting accommodatio n needs of older person households	Minor	<ul> <li>H.3: Meeting accommodation needs of older person households</li> <li>Net loss of older persons' accommodation will only be acceptable where it is unsuitable or below relevant standards and incapable of meeting standards at reasonable expense. The Legacy Corporation will support provision of new specialist older persons' accommodation within C2 or C3 use classes which will be acceptable where: <ol> <li>Suitably located in relation to transport modes, social infrastructure and Centres;</li> <li>Meeting identified strategic needs for the tenure and specialist type of accommodation;</li> <li>Meeting a local need for the level of care provided within the accommodation;</li> <li>It meets accessible and inclusive design and other relevant standards for the type of accommodation; and</li> </ol> </li> <li>Delivery of non-specialist housing is not compromised.</li> </ul>
   	H.3: Meeting accommodatio n needs of older person	H.3: Meeting accommodatio n needs of older person

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
Number C91	Paragraph 5.16	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 5.23</b> The average age in the Legacy Corporation area is set to increase over the Plan period, but with a younger population than within other parts of London. Nonetheless, evidence suggests that there is a <u>strategic London-wide</u> need for specialist accommodation within all <u>use classes and</u> tenures [Reference Older Londoners and the London Plan: Looking to 2050]. <u>as well as</u> <u>a small local need</u> but most of the strategic needs for older persons' accommodation <u>mainly for-come from</u> <u>C3 accommodation with varying types of specialism</u> <u>and support those within the C3 Use Class and owner</u> occupation tenures.29 [Housing Requirements Study, 2018]. Policies will ensure that needs for specialist older persons' accommodation can be met. <u>Generally C3</u> <u>accommodation will be considered self-contained</u> <u>sheltered or extra care accommodation whereas C2</u> <u>accommodation will be residential sheltered care</u> <u>homes with a significant level of care such as</u> <u>healthcare, domestic help or emergency support. For</u> the purposes of clarification, non-self-contained older
C92	Paragraph 5.17	Minor	person's accommodation will be monitored on the basis of 3 bedspaces accounting for a single home. Becomes Paragraph 5.24 All types of older persons accommodation should meet National Minimum Standards for Care Homes for Older People or be designed for the needs of future occupants, including specifically for dementia care, staff and visitors while maintaining flexibility of tenure, in accordance with the Design Principles for Extra Care Housing, 2008. Existing accommodation shall only be lost where these design standards are incapable of being met through re-configuration of the accommodation. This will be assessed by the cost of work to meet standards and specialist viability appraisal.31 Identified increased strategic and local needs for older persons' accommodation mean it is unlikely that a case for a lack of need for specialist older persons' accommodation can be proven. Proposals involving changes of use between different forms of older person's accommodation should demonstrate changing local requirements for the level of care and utilise viability appraisals to maximise affordable housing.
C93	Paragraph 5.18	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.25 The Legacy Corporation does not have an indicative benchmark target within the London Plan; however, it will seek to provide accommodation to meet strategic and local requirements. To enable occupants of specialist accommodation to carry out day-to-day

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
Number		onango	
			tasks, proposals should be located within easy access of public transport, social infrastructure and Centres, as defined within Table $\underline{4}$ $\underline{3}$ .
C94	Paragraph 5.19	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.26 Provision should align closely with requirements, so the Legacy Corporation will seek to ensure that specialist, and sometimes high-cost, accommodation does not compromise the overall delivery of housing requirements. Proposals should therefore demonstrate how the development meets the strategic need within east London for the tenure and type of <u>specialist</u> accommodation, <u>including accommodation</u> <u>suitable for people with dementia</u> . Proposals for <u>accommodation with an element of care should</u> <u>demonstrate and</u> local requirements for the <u>specific</u> <u>type and</u> level of care. This will be key for <u>accommodation where the level of care is minimal</u> , <u>e.g. retirement complexes</u> . Methods of demonstrating local need should include <u>local demographic</u> <u>information</u> , waiting lists, survey information and demand information from similar developments within a nearby equivalent area. <u>Proposals for new C2</u> <u>accommodation should also submit business models</u> and management plans to demonstrate the ability to <u>deliver and manage the development for the long-</u> <u>term</u> . Specialist viability appraisal will be expected to take into account the distinct economics of specialist accommodation provision.
C95	New para	Minor	Paragraph 5.27 New C3 older persons accommodation should deliver a minimum of 35% affordable housing in accordance with Policy H.2, or be assessed through the Viability Tested Route. Given that almost half of the total requirement is for Leasehold Schemes for the Elderly (LSE) the tenure split for affordable older person's accommodation should be balanced in favour of shared ownership products.
C96	Case Study 4	Minor	Case Study 4: Stratford Halo, 150 High Street, Stratford Older persons' accommodation within a mixed and balanced community The development as a whole won Inside Housing's 'Development of the Year (large schemes)' award 2013, and has delivered 65 extra-care units sitting alongside market and affordable rented, HomeBuy, outright sales, commercial, business and workshop space. The scheme is a good example of how introducing older persons' accommodation to a

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			scheme can contribute to mixed and balanced communities by providing a range of tenures and introducing a population diverse in terms of income levels.
			The developers worked in partnership with Newham Adult Social Care team to deliver the variety of different care services in one extra-care scheme. Residents have the use of dedicated outside space, as well as that for the development as a whole. This provides a safe environment for vulnerable residents, as well as encouraging integration. It also provides a number of learning opportunities for residents, including IT classes, arts and crafts, music therapy and coaching skills.
			Case Study 4: Order persons nousing, winnam         Guy Gardens         This scheme completed in 2016 involved the         redevelopment of a vacant older persons housing         development to provide a total of 41 units for the over         50's including associated communal and private         amenity space, hard and soft landscaping and         disabled car parking. It provided 36 affordable         dwellings and 5 market         dwellings for the over 50's age group, involving a net         increase of 28 older persons' units.
C97	Policy H.4 Providing student accommodatio n	Minor/ major	<ul> <li>Policy H.4 Providing student accommodation Net loss of student accommodation will be acceptable where the proposal meets identified requirements within the housing supply. Proposals for new <u>purpose- built</u> student accommodation (PBSA) should:</li> <li>1. <u>Secure Secures</u> the accommodation through planning agreement or condition for long-term student use and <u>be secured by nomination</u> <u>agreement for occupation by students of one or</u> <u>more identified Higher Education provider. a)</u></li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Establishes relationships with higher education institutions (HEIs) including where it is part of a wider scheme for a new HEI campus, and is available at an affordable rate; or b) Maximises affordable student provision according to viability where there is not an undertaking with a specified HEI</li> <li>Meet identified strategic needs for student accommodation and be directed to appropriate locations within or on the edge of the Metropolitan Centre. Proposals outside these</li> </ul>

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			<ul> <li><u>locations</u> will be acceptable where they are suitably located for easy access by walking, cycling or public transport to the higher education provider/s to which the proposal is linked.</li> <li>3. Facilitate a positive balance of tenure and income in the locality and has 4. Has have no unacceptable adverse amenity impacts; and 5. Is suitably located in relation to public transport and HEI/s; and</li> <li>4. Provide the maximum level of on-site affordable student provision, or assessed through the Viability Tested Route (VTR) (utilising the thresholds set out within paragraph 5.19) and be secured through a legal agreement.</li> <li>In locations where the proposal has the potential to impact negatively upon the aims of (3) through overconcentration, justification of the requirement for the development should be provided by additional local.</li> </ul>
C98	Paragraph 5.20	Minor	development should be provided by additional local market need information. <b>Becomes Paragraph 5.28</b> The <u>draft New London</u> Plan specifies that there is a strategic need across London for new student bedspaces and provision of new <u>purpose-built</u> student accommodation (PBSA) can contribute towards the overall supply of housing but should be more dispersed. For this reason, the Legacy Corporation will ensure that student accommodation permitted within the area meets genuine student needs and is appropriate in location and that uses are integrated well into the wider environment through application of
C99	Paragraph 5.21	Minor	this policy. For the purposes of clarification, PBSA will be monitored on the basis of 3 bedspaces accounting for a single home. Becomes Paragraph 5.29 To ensure that the accommodation is provided at a rate affordable to current students, proposals should be linked to <u>one or more</u> established higher education <u>providers institutions (HEIs) or and</u> secured for long- term student use through Section 106 Agreement or conditions. If these links are not established, rental levels should be kept low, subject to specialist viability testing, through maximising the number of units available to students at rates equivalent to affordable provision tied to London HEIs. Proposals shall only be determined under this policy where they will be

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			robustly secured for students through <u>Higher</u> <u>Education Provider</u> <u>HEI</u> links, conditions or a Section 106 Agreement, <u>or where all the bedspaces qualify as</u> <u>affordable student accommodation.</u> In all other cases, it shall be subject to the requirements of Policy H.2: Affordable housing, and any other relevant policies within this Local Plan.
C100	Paragraph 5.22	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.30 The Metropolitan Centre and edge of centre sites within the northern zone of the Stratford Policy Area (see Policy 3.1) are considered most appropriate for PBSA due to the enhanced public transport accessibility, the location of existing and future higher education providers and the ability of the proposals to add to the diversity and vitality of the centre. However by By its nature, the student population is transient, so proposals in all locations should ensure that this does not impact negatively on the long-term sustainability of the community. In areas of existing high provision, most notably within the vicinity of Stratford, proposals should consider carefully their impact on the management of the night time economy, including crime and safety and the impact on mixed and balanced communities inclusive neighbourhoods and where necessary justified through_, justifying the proposal through additional local market need information. This may include consideration of planning permissions and delivery against the apportionment of student accommodation within the annual housing target of 171 per annum (see SP.2), HEI higher education provider waiting lists, survey information and demand information from similar developments within the area. 5.23 All proposals should demonstrate how potential for noise, disturbance and amenity impacts will be minimised through a management scheme, as well as be located within a short walking distance of public transport or HEIs
C101	Paragraph 5.23	Deletio n	All proposals should demonstrate how potential for noise, disturbance and amenity impacts will be minimised through a management scheme, as well as be located within a short walking distance of public transport or HEIs.
C102	New para	Minor	Paragraph 5.31 <u>The draft New London Plan expects non-self-</u> <u>contained schemes such as student accommodation</u> <u>to contribute to the supply of affordable housing</u> . Any <u>new proposals should therefore provide a minimum of</u> <u>35% on-site affordable student bedspaces available at</u>

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			a rate affordable to students on maximum state- funded financial support (defined by the Mayor's Annual Monitoring Report and appropriately indexed in later years) or be rigorously assessed through the VTR. Proposals located on public land, or on industrial sites where there is a net loss of industrial capacity should provide at least 50% affordable student rooms to follow the FTR. Affordable student provision should be equivalent to all other bedspace provision by nature of the design, size and services provided, with nominations managed by the relevant higher education provider. Any future proposed change of use will trigger a full Viability Review to maximise affordable housing.
C103	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.32 The Legacy Corporation will expect the submission of information demonstrating how the population density of the proposal compares to that of similar housing schemes meeting the Local Plan housing mix requirements as set out in Policy H.1. Where the population density is above that of equivalent schemes and there are considered to be sufficient additional impacts on transport or infrastructure demand compared to other conventional housing schemes, for example for healthcare facilities, or a substantial increase in footfall, further S106 contributions may also be sought for mitigation of impacts. The use of student accommodation for other ancillary uses within the vacation period will only be acceptable where the accommodation is offered to conference delegates, university interns, and short course students at an equivalent daily rate to that charged the student occupants of the accommodation. Where acceptable occupancy conditions will be secured through conditions or S106 agreements.
C104	H.5: Location of gypsy and traveller accommodatio n	Minor	Policy H.5: Location of gypsy and traveller accommodation The Legacy Corporation will seek to provide for the needs of gypsies and travellers generated within its area through working strategically with neighbouring boroughs and co-operating <u>and engaging</u> with gypsy and traveller communities to allocate <u>and deliver</u> suitable sites.
	Paragraph 5.24	No change	Becomes Paragraph 5.33

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C105	Paragraph 5.25	Major	Becomes Paragraph 5.34 The Housing Requirements Study (2018) identifies Evidence suggests that there is a net requirement for between ten and 19 <u>nine</u> gypsy and traveller pitches within the Legacy Corporation area over the Plan period to 2036 plus a need for an additional 15 pitches arising from households falling within the draft New London Plan definition, but do not meet the planning definition defined within the Planning Policy for Traveller Sites (2015). The first five-year, needs- based pitch target amounts to between six and 13 pitches. The existing site at Chapman Road shall be is safeguarded for gypsy and traveller accommodation uses to continue to contribute a supply of five pitches over the Plan period. Although site assessments35 have concluded that there are no suitable, available and achievable sites to meet the identified needs over the Plan period, an audit of open space has identified that the Local Open Space designation at Bartrip Street South has minimal value and functionality and so has been removed from designation.36 The allocated site at Bartrip Street South is expected to be able to provide around nine new pitches therefore it has the potential to meet the requirements and so has been allocated for gypsy and traveller use (see Allocation SA1.9). This site is only expected to be able to meet the planning definition over the plan period to 2036. This means that this site has potential to contribute towards the pitch requirements and so has been allocated for gypsy and traveller use (see Allocation SA1.9). This site is only expected to be able to meet the lower end of the first five-year pitch target of up to approximately nine pitches. It is not yet known how the identified needs for 15 pitches for households who fall outside the planning definition over the whole of the Plan period will be met. In order to do so the Legacy Corporation will continue to cooperate with neighbouring authorities to explore potential to meet need associated with its area
C106	Paragraph 5.26	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.35 Where any additional sites can be identified for potential gypsy and traveller use within the area, suitability will be assessed on the same grounds as housing in general, including deliverability and

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			developability tests. Where small gypsy and traveller sites are proposed, proximity to existing sites to ensure the cohesion of the gypsy and traveller community will be considered positively. The policy criteria shall be used to assess proposals for potential sites within the plan-making and development management processes where potential arises. The Legacy Corporation will monitor any unmet need through the monitoring and review process which will include updating evidence, investigating capacity requirements or amending targets where required and will cooperate with each of the Growth four boroughs to address wider strategic issues of accommodating need for gypsy and traveller accommodation once they have reached an appropriate point of review for their local plans. On an annual basis the Legacy Corporation will also work with the four boroughs and other partners to audit existing pitches for overcrowding, capacity and refurbishment requirements Where small sites are proposed, proximity to existing sites to ensure the cohesion of the gypsy and traveller community will be considered positively. and will utilise the relevant borough's nominations process where new sites are provided.
C107	Policy H.6: Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs)	Minor	Policy H.6: Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs) Net loss of HMOs will only be permitted where an HMO is no longer required, is unsuitable or below standards, or is being replaced with housing meeting localised needs. <u>Schemes equivalent to 10 residential units or 30</u> <u>bedspaces and more will deliver a cash in lieu</u> <u>contribution towards the delivery of a minimum of 35%</u> <u>C3 affordable housing, or be subject to the Viability</u> <u>Tested Route.</u> Proposals for purpose-built HMOs and conversions requiring planning permission will be acceptable where: <u>1. Maximising affordable housing according to</u> <u>viability;</u> <u>1. 2-</u> Meeting an identified local need;
C108	Paragraph 5.27	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.36 The importance of HMOs to the housing supply has been heightened by benefit reforms. Single households under 35 will now often require space in shared accommodation, as opposed to single-person dwellings. It is considered that HMOs provide an important role in the housing supply, particularly to

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			<u>meet the needs of younger households.</u> To maintain this important supply of low-cost housing, the Legacy Corporation will seek to protect HMOs which meet relevant standards and provide a high standard of new HMO accommodation.
C109	New para	Minor	Paragraph 5.37 <u>HMOs are defined within this policy as having at least</u> <u>3 tenants living together to form one household,</u> <u>sharing washing and cooking facilities but let on a</u> <u>room by room basis, rather than as a single property.</u> <u>Large HMOs are over three storeys high with 5</u> <u>tenants or more.</u> <u>HMOs do not normally provide any</u> <u>additional shared amenity or facilities, whether on-site</u> <u>or through off-site linked, or shared facilities. In</u> <u>accordance with the London Plan, HMOs, being non-</u> <u>self-contained should normally be monitored on a 3:1</u> <u>basis. The affordable housing requirement will be</u> <u>triggered at 30 bedspaces, on this basis of this being</u> <u>equivalent to 10 residential units, and thus meeting</u> <u>the threshold as set out within Policy H.2. Any future</u> <u>proposed change of use will trigger a full Viability</u> <u>Review to maximise affordable housing.</u>
C110	Paragraph 5.28	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.38 New provision should meet relevant <u>housing space</u> standards as well as normal internal and residential amenity standards. Premises should be licensed, ensure mixed and balanced communities (see Policy H.1) and should not compromise the overall delivery of housing requirements. The Legacy Corporation shall monitor and enforce against any 'beds in sheds' and the impact of HMO provision through permitted development rights. An Article 4 Direction will be considered if evidence suggests that there has been a substantial loss of family housing to HMOs.
C111	Policy H.7: Large-scale investment in private rented sector	Major	Policy requirements now included within Policy H.1 and supporting paragraphs Policy H.7: Large-scale investment in private rented sector New purpose-built private rented sector accommodation, including large-scale, long-term investment, will be supported where the proposal: 1. Maximises affordable housing according to viability; 2. Meets local and strategic needs;

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			3. Provides well-managed accommodation meeting high design standards; and
			4. Includes a mechanism to secure the accommodation as private rented for the long-term.
C112	Paragraph 5.29	Major (Paragr aphs remove d but include d within Paragr aphs 5.5, 5.8, 5.12)	Large-scale investment in the private rented sector as a concept can play an important role in meeting the housing needs of those who choose not to or are unable to afford to buy market homes. It also provides a supply of accommodation available for those who are in housing need and supported by benefits. Advantages of this provision are flexible tenancies, greater certainty over rent rises and a managed approach to the whole development, ensuring consistent quality. These assurances shall also enable residents to remain in the area for the longer term, contributing to community cohesion. Despite the planning system offering limited powers to influence provision, proposals for such accommodation which meet a number of criteria will be supported.
C113	Paragraph 5.30	Major (Paragr aphs remove d but include d within Paragr aphs 5.5, 5.8, 5.12)	In the context of this policy, the private rented sector (PRS) is considered to refer to proposals for a number of units which are purpose-built, or redeveloped for rent, normally by an institution or management company within the private sector to individuals, groups or families who do not share specialist-use requirements (i.e. excluding student and older persons' accommodation).
C114	Paragraph 5.31	Major (Paragr aphs remove d but include d within Paragr aphs 5.5, 5.8, 5.12)	The Legacy Corporation acknowledges the viability implications of delivery of purpose-built private rented accommodation, as opposed to market sale, so specialist PRS viability appraisal, based on yield, shall be accepted when demonstrating how affordable housing provision has been maximised. In these circumstances, the Legacy Corporation will expect PRS provision to be covenanted40 for long-term private rented sector use. The long-term management of PRS will be secured by condition.

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change	
Number C115	New Policy: shared living (H.7)	Major	<ul> <li>Policy H.7 Shared living accommodation         Proposals for large scale shared living          accommodation should be directed towards the             Metropolitan Centre or identified appropriate edge of             Metropolitan Centre locations. Large scale and other             smaller shared living proposals outside these             locations should demonstrate the role of this form of             accommodation in meeting identified housing             requirements. Proposals will be acceptable where             they:         <ol> <li>Relate positively to the aim of mixed and             inclusive neighbourhoods</li>             locations environment             processes; and provide sufficient on-site             facilities, services and amenity space in             accordance with Draft New London Plan Policy             H18, which should be appropriate to the scale,             density and population of the proposed             development;</ol></li>             Meet high residential design standards; and             Contribute financially towards the provision of             off-site C3 affordable housing (for schemes of             30 bedspaces and above), equivalent to 35%             of residential units within the proposal</ul>	
C116	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.39         Reasoned justification         The extent of the need for housing across London in particular has facilitated the growth in new and alternative forms of accommodation which can contribute towards the overall supply. It is believed that shared living can play a key role in meeting housing delivery and provide a new product in demand across London, however it is important that proposals provide high standards of accommodation and are appropriately located, as well as contribute appropriately to the supply of affordable housing.	
C117	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.40         Policy application         Shared living accommodation is defined within this policy as a non-self-contained residential development (demonstrably not C3) which do not meet minimum housing standards; delivered under single management; with tenancies of at least three months; containing on-site, or linked off-site shared communal	

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C118	New para	Major	facilities encouraging shared interaction, above that required for washing and cooking; and which fall outside within the scope of policy H.6 (HMOs). Large- scale shared living is defined by the draft New London Plan as schemes containing 50 or more non-self- contained units as described above. All proposals for shared living should provide appropriately sized on- site communal services, facilities and amenity space, meet relevant design and management requirements as set out within Policy H18 of the new London Plan. Detailed justification of the ratio of bedroom space to services, facilities and amenity space should also be provided.
C118	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.41 The Metropolitan Centre is an appropriate location for large scale shared living proposals where the residential density can contribute towards the housing mix of town centre living and aid the vitality and viability of the centre. Edge of centre sites at the northern zone of Stratford High Street within the Stratford High Street Policy Area are also considered appropriate locations for large-scale shared living as the integrated non-residential elements of schemes will promote increased vitality along a street lacking in current identity (see Policy 3.1). Where large-scale proposals are considered to have a potential negative impact upon mixed and inclusive communities additional local need information may be sought and/or S106 funds secured for mitigation. Proposals for large scale or other shared living outside these locations will be expected to demonstrate that there is a genuine unmet demand for this accommodation through marketing and demand information from similar schemes across London and how the scheme contributes towards meeting localised housing requirements.
C119	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.42 For schemes of 30 bedspaces and above, proposals should deliver a cash in lieu contribution to C3 affordable housing, equivalent to at least 35 per cent of bedspaces (see Policy H.2 thresholds) at a 50% discount from the market rent. In accordance with the draft New London Plan this can be as a one-off payment or an on-going in perpetuity payment. All proposals will be assessed under the VTR and any future proposed change of use will trigger a full Viability Review to maximise affordable housing.

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
C120	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.43 Shared living should be secured in perpetuity under single management and applications should include a Management Plan which will be secured through S106 or condition. This should ensure that the development is managed and maintained to ensure the quality of the development. Proposals for a conversion away from shared living or a change in configuration or quantum of the residential elements shall re-appraise affordable housing viability and clawback any additional requirement. Any proposed amendments to the use, terms or quantum of shared facilities should provide evidence that the facilities are no longer required, that the facilities can be lost or re-configured without negative impacts on the shared living offer or demand for such accommodation.
C121	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.44 For all proposals for shared living accommodation the Legacy Corporation will also expect the submission of information demonstrating how the population density of the proposal compares to that of similar schemes meeting the Local Plan housing mix requirements as set out in Policy H.1. Where the population density is above that of equivalent schemes and there are considered to be sufficient additional impacts on transport or infrastructure demand compared to other conventional housing schemes, for example for healthcare facilities, or a substantial increase in footfall, further S106 contributions may also be sought for mitigation of impacts.
C122	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.45 In accordance with the draft New London Plan, shared living accommodation of any size will be monitored on a 3:1 basis. Where any change in residential configuration is proposed, the impact on housing numbers will also be assessed to ensure changes are appropriately monitored, with a presumption against loss of residential accommodation.
C123	New Policy	Major	Policy H.8 Innovative housing modelsProposals for new innovative forms of residential accommodation or housing provision which fall outside the scope of policies H.3 to H.8 will be acceptable where they:1.Relate positively to the aim of mixed and inclusive neighbourhoods;

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ol> <li>Demonstrably contribute towards the wider, strategic housing supply;</li> <li>Meet an identified local need for the unique form of accommodation proposed, including where non-residential elements are included, or where the intended occupants have a shared set of characteristics with identified requirements which are unable to be met within the market;</li> <li>Provide a minimum of 35% affordable housing on a habitable room basis or via the Viability Tested Route in accordance with Policy H.2. Off-site contributions towards C3 provision will only be acceptable where the scheme is Sui Generis and demonstrably not C3 accommodation;</li> <li>Contain suitable management or investment model processes;</li> <li>Are secured through the planning system for an appropriate time-period; and</li> <li>Meet relevant residential design standards.</li> </ol>
C124	New para	Major	Reasoned justification
			Paragraph 5.46 It is likely that new and innovative housing delivery models will continue to develop in order to meet accommodation demands. These products may be new or unique by the way they are developed, managed or in the final product itself. Through time it is also envisaged that new forms of living will continue to emerge from shifting perceptions of potential living solutions and to take account of technological changes in the process of designing and producing residential accommodation. This may also enable more wider community needs to be met, such as the potential for shared amenity space or facilitating home-based working.
C125	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.47 The form of innovation of a product could be by the level of self-containment; size of accommodation; flexibility or nature of use of space; lifetime of the scheme; occupancy; fit out; management or investment model; or a combination of the above. This policy sets out some key policy principles to help guide future proposals which are not covered by other specialist housing policies.

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е		change	
Number			
C126	New para	Major	Policy application
			Paragraph 5.48
			All proposals should demonstrate how they contribute
			to mixed and inclusive neighbourhoods and contribute
			to the supply of housing. Where any proposals are considered to have a potential negative impact upon
			mixed and inclusive communities S106 funds may be
			secured for mitigation. Proposals should clearly meet
			a defined need for the form and type of
			accommodation and should be located where
			conventional housing would also be acceptable.
			Information should be provided on how the proposal
			contributes towards the supply of housing across
			London, but also that it meets a clearly identified,
			specific need for the innovative nature of the product.
			Proposals should also demonstrate how they
			contribute towards wider policy aspirations such as
			economic growth, community infrastructure provision
0107			or enhance the cultural and creative sectors.
C127	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.49
			<u>To ensure a high quality of delivery the proposed</u> product's form of innovation should be appropriately
			secured though the planning system. Dependent on
			the product this may be through use of management
			plans, occupancy conditions or for a specific time-
			period. Any innovative proposals for residential as an
			interim use should be secured for the relevant period
			and enable the re-use of materials on another site.
			Any innovative products provided at sub-market rates
			should be secured as such by legal agreement to
			prevent the scheme being used for investment
0.100			purposes or short-term financial gain.
C128	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.50
			Self-contained accommodation should provide
			affordable housing in accordance with Policy H.2 of the Local Plan on a habitable room basis. Under
			certain circumstances affordable housing may be
			calculated on a residential unit or floorspace basis.
			This may include, for example, where the innovative
			nature of the product relates to the level of internal
			specification or similar; or where the specialism
			relates to the shared characteristics of occupants.
C129	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.51
			Where a scheme is innovative with regard to its tenure
			and/or financial modelling, units will only be
			considered as part of the supply of affordable housing
			where rental or purchase rates are comparable to

Change	Policy, para	Туре	Proposed change
Referenc e		of change	
Number		change	
			affordable housing tenures set out within the Mayor's Housing Strategy. Financial contributions towards the provision of C3 affordable housing will only be appropriate for non-self-contained, sui generis schemes that are demonstrably not C3 or C2 accommodation, provided at discounts equivalent to the requirements of Policy H.2. Any future proposed change of use will trigger a full Viability Review to maximise affordable housing. Where the population density is above that of equivalent schemes and there are considered to be sufficient impacts on transport or infrastructure demand, further S106 contributions may also be sought for mitigation of impacts.
C130	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.52 <u>All proposals for new forms of residential</u> <u>accommodation should demonstrate that they make</u> <u>appropriate and effective use of the site and thus do</u> <u>not compromise overall housing delivery. They should</u> <u>meet all relevant internal and external space</u> <u>standards, or for non-self-contained scheme</u> <u>demonstrate how equivalent flexible space is provided</u> <u>to meet this requirement. Where the proposal also</u> <u>includes an element of supporting non-residential</u> <u>space or shared facilities there should be no</u> <u>unacceptable impacts on amenity on a site or</u> <u>neighbourhood level.</u>
C131	New para	Major	Paragraph 5.53 In accordance with the London Plan, generally any scheme which is non-self-contained and removes pressure of conventional supply will be monitored on a 3:1 basis; anything which frees up larger units will be monitored on a 1:1 basis.
	Paragraph 5.32 – Community Infrastructure Including Schools	Refere nce update	Become Paragraphs 5.54 Children's play space and open spaces are addressed within Policies BN.7 <u>8</u> and BN.8 <u>9</u> in Section 6 of this Local Plan.
	CI:1 Community Infrastructure	No change No	CI:1 Community Infrastructure No change to policy proposed
	Paragraphs 5.33 and 34	change	Become Paragraphs 5.55 and 5.56
C132	Paragraph 5.35	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.57 There are also existing community facilities within the area <u>falling generally within D1 uses</u> , but may also

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			include D2 venues of a specific community or cultural value. With the significant population growth predicted and the need to ensure that new and existing communities have access to places where they can meet and where community activities can take place, these existing and new facilities are essential for long- term community development in the Legacy Corporation area. As such facilities will also generally be available for use by residents in the wider surrounding communities, these facilities will also play a part in a wider integration of communities in this part of east London, particularly as improved connections provide greater access and permeability across the Lower Lea Valley. <u>Therefore existing community</u> <u>facilities and venues will be protected through this</u> <u>policy.</u> The existing and proposed <u>D1</u> community facilities are shown at Figure <u>12</u> <u>11</u> opposite.
	Paragraph 5.36	No change	Becomes Paragraph 5.58
	CI.2: Providing new and retaining exhibiting community infrastructure	No change	CI.2: Providing new and retaining exhibiting community infrastructure No change to policy proposed
	Paragraph 5.37	No change	Becomes Paragraph 5.59
C133	Paragraph 5.38	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.60 While uncertainty exists as to the precise number of new school places that will be required within and around the Legacy Corporation area within the lifetime of this Local Plan, evidence indicates that there will may be a general deficit in the capacity of existing and currently planned schools, particularly for primary-age pupils.
C134	Paragraph 5.39	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.61 Uncertainty also exists around the number of children requiring school places that will be generated from the population living in the new development planned for the area. Initial assessment through the Infrastructure Delivery Plan indicates a requirement of 2,138 primary school places and 650 secondary school places in addition to the existing and planned supply during the Plan period to 2031. However, a more detailed study indicates that this figure could be lower. The existing schools in the area and the planned provision is set out in the tables 4 and 5.

Change Referenc e	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			
			Assessment through the Legacy Corporation Schools Study (2018) and Infrastructure Delivery Plan (2018) indicates an additional requirement for primary school places and secondary school places in addition to the existing and planned supply during the Plan period to 2036, in particular, for later in the Plan period. Monitoring will be required in order to determine the need more accurately within the second half of the Plan period when this possible deficit has the potential to occur. This will be reviewed as part of the Local Plan process within future Legacy Corporation Local Plan Reviews or by successor organisations. The Legacy Corporation will continue to work closely with local education authorities.
C135	Paragraph 5.40	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.62 However, a more detailed study indicates that this figure could be lower. The existing schools in the area and the planned provision are set out in the tables 4 5 and 5-6.
C136	Table 4	Minor	Becomes Table 5 Existing and proposed schools tables updated to reflect current context, see table changes below.
C137	Table 5		Becomes Table 6 Existing and proposed schools tables updated to reflect current context, see table changes below.
C138	Paragraph 5.41	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.63 It is considered that the existing and planned schools as set out above are likely to provide sufficient school provision within the Legacy Corporation area within at least the first half of the Plan Period. However, depending on admissions criteria, the schools will also serve residents outside the Legacy Corporation area, and will also be part of the wider school networks in the surrounding area. Schools planning will need to take into account the wider picture for school place planning within the four boroughs. The LLDC Schools Study (2018) provides information on this wider context. The Legacy Corporation in its role as Local Planning Authority will work with the boroughs to ensure that schools proposals meet long-term identified needs. New schools that are close to the area include School 21, a new all through free school at Rokeby Street, Stratford, and the relocated and expanded Bow School, a secondary school and sixth form located at Bow Locks, Bromley-by-Bow. It will therefore be necessary to monitor, and review school provision and population change over time to ensure provision keeps pace with need. Schools will be

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			encouraged to use the assets of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and economic growth within the Legacy Corporation area to inspire a generation of east Londoners to believe that, with the right support, ambition and determination, they can compete with the best of London and beyond.
C139	Paragraph 5.42	Deletio n	5.42 Although the tables above set out the existing and planned school provision, free school and other new school proposals are likely to come forward over time. Conversely, school allocations, where tied to specific development schemes, may not come forward, or could come forward sconer or later than currently anticipated, depending on the development cycle. It will therefore be necessary to monitor and review school provision and population change over time to ensure provision keeps pace with need.
C140	Paragraph 5.43	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.64 The Legacy Corporation will work to secure implementation of planned new provision. Also, where population statistics indicate that school place requirements are greater than planned, it will <u>work</u> with the schools providers and local education <u>authorities to</u> seek to expand <u>expansion of</u> the provision within existing and planned schools where capacity exists. If evidence indicates that this further capacity is unlikely to be sufficient, delivery of additional new schools will be required later in the Plan period. At present, the site allocation at Greater Carpenters District allows for new or replacement schools to come forward as part of new development in that area. When planning applications are considered in those areas locations where existing and planned schools have been identified, the impact on school places provision should be assessed and should inform proposals.
C141	Paragraph 5.44	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 5.65 Sites for schools will need to be of sufficient size and in a location and form that meet the requirements of Policy CI.2. It is expected that new schools will be designed to meet or exceed the best practice standards current at the time. These are currently the Baseline Designs for Schools: <u>gG</u> uidance published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency in March 2014. The introduction of university technical colleges, for 14 to 18 year olds, specialising in technical skills, is also likely to have an influence on form of provision.

(Change Reference Number C136) Table <u>5</u> -4:-Existing Schools Provision

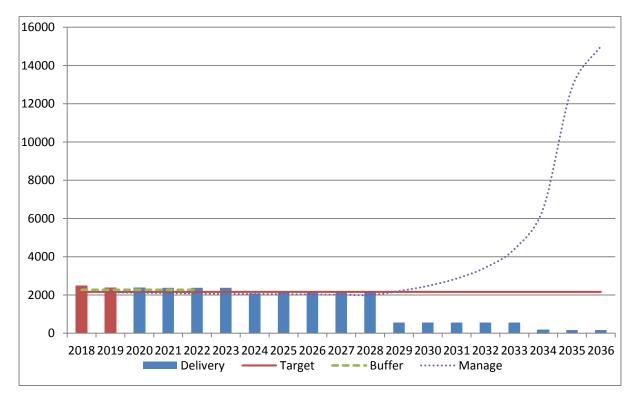
Existing Schools	Area	Borough	Notes
Chobham Academy	East Village	Newham	All-through school,
			capacity for 1,800
			students
London Acadomy of	Stratford Ligh Streat	Newham	
London Academy of	Stratford High Street	Newnann	Sixth-form college,
Excellence		N La contra da contra	free school
East London	Three Mills	Newham	A free school in
Science School			temporary
			accommodation,
			providing secondary
			education for up to
			240 pupils
			(relocating to nearby
			permanent, larger
			Stephenson Street
			site in early 2020's)
Gainsborough	Hackney Wick	Hackney	Recently expanded
Primary School			to three-form entry
Carpenters Primary	Stratford	Newham	Recently expanded
School			to three-form entry,
			in the future there
			may be the potential
			to redevelop and
			further expand this
			school as part of on-
			going regeneration
			in the area.
Bobby Moore	Sweetwater	Tower Hamlets	Primary School
Academy Primary			opened in
School			September 2018 for
			60 reception places
Bobby Moore	Stadium Island	Newham	Secondary School
Academy Secondary			opened in
School			September 2018,
			180 Year 7 places.
Masshaurna	Hackney Wick,	Hackpoy	Three-form entry
Mossbourne Acadomy Piyorsido		<u>Hackney</u>	
Academy Riverside	adjacent to Here		primary school
Primary School	<u>East</u>		

Change Reference Number C137: Table 6 5: Planned Schools provision

Planned Schools	Secured Through	Site Allocation	Notes
Secondary school	Legacy Communities	SA3.6	Identified in 2015
at Rick Roberts	Scheme Planning		Local Plan as
Way, Stratford	Permission		potential school
Potential for	No existing planning		site. May be
Primary School at	permission		required in second
<b>Rick Roberts Way</b>			half of Plan Period.
			Requirement to be
			identified at the

			time based on monitoring of need.
Hackney Wick, adjacent to Here East	Legacy Communities Scheme Planning Permission	SA1.7	Three-form entry primary scheduled to open in September 2015 or 2016
Fish Island East/Sweetwater	Legacy Communities Scheme Planning Permission	SA1.8	Three form entry primary school scheduled to open in September 2016
Bromley-by-Bow	No existing planning permission	SA4.1	Two-form entry primary school
Sugar House Island	Existing planning permission REF: 12/00336/LTGOUT/LBNM	<u>SA4.2</u>	Two-form entry primary school
Neptune Wharf	Existing outline planning permission REF: 12/00210/OUT	<u>SA1.64</u>	Three-form entry primary school

Change Reference Number C70: Figure 9: Housing Trajectory to 2036



Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed change
Reference Number	Paragraph	change	
C142	Paragraph 6.1	Minor	Paragraph 6.1
0142	r aragraph 0.1	WIITO	The unique interplay of green spaces,
			waterways and the built environment
			shape and unify the diverse places that
			make up the Legacy Corporation area.
			Many local places have undergone great
			change in recent years, with <u>areas of</u>
			mainly industrial land and buildings being
			replaced by Westfield Stratford City and
			the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park,
			Stratford City and other large scale mixed
			use development. This has delivered huge
			benefits to the area and east London more
			widely, creating new high-quality
			environments while reviving and adding to
			the strategic network of green
			infrastructure.
C143	Paragraph 6.2	Minor	Paragraph 6.2
			Paramount to the Legacy Corporation's
			vision is planning for sustainable places
			and communities. To achieve this, the
			focus of change is shifting towards the
			places surrounding Queen Elizabeth
			Olympic Park. As the urban structure of
			these places evolves, the Local Plan will
			ensure that change to their form utilises the assets of the Park area to deliver
			sustainable development of the highest
			quality. Development will integrate local
			features of environmental and heritage
			value and create distinctive environments
			in which people can live, work and play.
			Convergence is at the heart of this
			agenda.
	Objective 3	No change	Objective 3
			No change to objective proposed
	Policy SP.3:	No change	Policy SP.3: Integrating the natural and
	Integrating the		built environment
	natural and		
	built		No change to policy proposed
	environment		
	Paragraph 6.3	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.3
	Paragraph 6.4	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.4
C1 1 1	Paragraph 6.5	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.5
C144	Policy BN.1:	Minor	Policy BN.1: Responding to place
	Responding to		Proposals for development will be
	place		considered acceptable where they
			respond to place in accordance with the principles outlined below:

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed change
Reference	Paragraph	change	
Number			
			<ol> <li>Landscape and water: relate well to respect and enhance the local area's defining natural and man- made landscape features, in particular the linear form of waterways and parklands</li> <li>Connectivity: ensure that new and existing places link to route networks and facilitate movement along direct, permeable, safe and legible pedestrian and cycle routes, and connect habitats to provide wildlife corridors. Routes should cater for the requirements of all users. Opportunities to connect areas to strategic road, rail, bus and cycle networks must be utilised</li> <li>Amenity and wellbeing: minimise impact within proposed and upon existing development, by preventing overshadowing, mitigating noise and air pollution and an unacceptable provision/loss</li> </ol>
	Paragraph 6.6	No change	of sunlight, daylight or privacy. Remains as Paragraph 6.6
	Paragraph 6.7	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.7
	Paragraph 6.8	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.8
	Paragraph 6.9	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.9
C145	Paragraph 6.10	Minor	Paragraph 6.10 Change reference to LLDC Design Quality Policy to the 2018 version.
	Policy BN.2: Creating distinctive waterway environments	No change	Policy BN.2: Creating distinctive waterway environments No change to policy proposed.
	Paragraph 6.11	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.11
	Paragraph 6.12	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.12
C146	Paragraph 6.13	Minor	Paragraph 6.13 When developing proposals for specific locations, reference should be made to the guidance published by the Environment Agency, the Canal and River Trust and the Lee Valley Regional Park Authority, as well as to relevant Biodiversity Action Plans (BAPs) and the opportunities set out

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed change
Reference	Paragraph	change	
Number			in the Olympic Legacy Waterways
			in the Olympic Legacy Waterways Framework. <u>The most recent version of</u> <u>the Town and Country Planning</u> <u>Associations Policy Advice Note: Inland</u> <u>Waterways (2009) should also be referred</u> <u>to.</u> These outline suitable locations for various functions and locally specific ambitions for these environments. In support of the aims of the Thames River Basin Management Plan (TRBMP) and Water Framework Directive, all developments along the waterways will need to integrate Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS), including the use of oil and petrol interceptors, effective setbacks from watercourses, the naturalisation of the banks and other measures that will improve the management of surface water run-off. <u>Where works are proposed within</u> <u>8 metres of a main river, a separate formal consent will be required from the Environment Agency.</u> In order to achieve locally distinctive environments while optimising their functionality, proposals will need to integrate local heritage features and environmental assets, helping create unique and sustainable environments for
C147	Policy BN.3: Maximising biodiversity	Minor	<ul> <li>local communities, visitors and wildlife alike.</li> <li>Policy BN.3: Maximising biodiversity The Legacy Corporation will work with its partners to ensure that biodiversity is protected and enhanced and new habitats are created ensure the protection and enhancement of biodiversity, within open space, parks and built-up neighbourhoods. Development proposals will be required to: 1. Maximise opportunities to protect and enhance biodiversity 2. Provide a net gain in the extent of good guality habitat suitable for species to thrive 3. Integrate habitat into the existing network and other measures that will support biodiversity across the built environment and open spaces 4. Ensure measures are taken to conserve, and promote and designate Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation where relevant 8. Ensure major planning applications are accompanied by a Biodiversity Statement</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			facilitating a net gain in biodiversity through any proposals.
	Paragraph 6.14	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.14
C148	Paragraph 6.15	Minor	Paragraph 6.15 Policy will be important to protect and maximise biodiversity, extending the amount of habitat suitable for species to thrive. In built-up areas, where there is less opportunity to introduce large areas of open space, it will be necessary to maximise green infrastructure by channelling it through built structures, streets and open spaces, joining up wildlife corridors and utilising urban greening initiatives such as green roofs, green walls, nest boxes and rain gardens. The urban greening should be planned to promote connectivity through the urban landscape, facilitating species movement. Applications for major development schemes will be expected to provide the appropriate, high-quality and well maintained urban greening, as a fundamental element of site and building design meeting the Urban Greening. Proposals for development will also be expected to complement existing ecological networks taking into account the priority species, habitats and targets within the relevant Biodiversity Action Plans (BAPs).
C149	Policy BN.4: Designing residential schemes	Major	Policy BN.4: Designing <u>development</u> residential schemes All residential development (including residential development within mixed-use development) should achieve the highest possible standards and quality in both design, construction and use. To achieve this: All residential development will be required as a minimum to meet the Nationally Described Space Standards – Technical Requirements-; and All mixed-use and residential development should take account of the best practice

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed change
Reference Number	Paragraph	change	
Number			guidance in the Legacy Corporation
			Design Quality Policy; Proposals will be
			considered acceptable where residential
			elements meet the 'Baseline' Quality and
			Design Standards outlined within Annex 1
			of the Mayor of London's Housing
			Supplementary Planning Guidance
			(November 2012) ("Annex 1 Baseline
			Standards"), including any future revisions
			or superseding guidance save that the
			following elements of Annex 1 Baseline
			Standards shall not apply:
			1. To any elements of the Annex 1
			Baseline Standards that are addressed by
			the Nationally Described Space Standards
			<ul> <li>Technical Requirements unless they are aquivelent</li> </ul>
			equivalent.
			2. Any elements of the Annex 1 Baseline Standards that are addressed by other
			policies in this Plan.
			Proposals for incorporating residential
			development must also demonstrate that a
			high standard of liveability will be achieved
			by:
			3. Contributeing towards the creation of
			distinctive, integrated, legible, connected
			and sustainable places;
			4. Exhibiting the principles of good design,
			by incorporating high-quality landscape
			and architectural design, including high-
			quality materials (that age well over-time),
			finishes and details;
			5. Minimis <del>e</del> ing adverse impact <u>s</u> upon
			existing surrounding development and not
			resulting in an unacceptable loss of
			privacy or an unreasonable unacceptable
			degree of overlooking towards habitable
			rooms and private amenity spaces within or around existing development;
			6. Demonstrateing that the scheme will
			receive <u>acceptable</u> adequate levels of
			daylight and sunlight, and that existing
			surrounding development will not
			experience an unacceptable loss of
			sunlight and daylight in accordance with
			Site Layout Planning for Daylight and
			Sunlight (Building Research
			Establishment, 2011), including any future
			revisions or superseding guidance; and

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			7. Ensureing surrounding open spaces receive adequate levels of daylight and sunlight. In meeting the above, all mixed use and residential developments should: 8. Respect the scale and grain of their context 9. Relate well to street widths and make a positive contribution to the streetscape 10. generate an active street frontage 11. Incorporate sufficient, well designed and appropriately located communal and private amenity space 12. Contribute to defining any existing or identified new public routes and spaces; 13. Promote legibility of the site; and 14. Where relevant, preserve or enhance heritage assets and the views to/from these, and contribute positively to the setting of heritage assets, including conservation areas. Development not incorporating residential use should also take account of the Legacy Corporation Design Quality Policy and meet the relevant principles in this policy (3-14 above) to demonstrate that it achieves an acceptably high quality and contributes positively to its context. Alterations and extensions to non- residential buildings should respect the scale, proportions and materials used in the existing building. All Major development schemes should demonstrate an acceptably high quality, through independent design review undertaken by a panel appointed by the Local Planning Authority.
C150	Paragraph 6.16	Minor	Paragraph 6.16 It is imperative that residential development within the Legacy Corporation area provides a liveable environment for its occupants <u>and users</u> , <del>and</del> exhibits <u>ing</u> the principles of good design that are set out within government- endorsed publications such as the 'Urban Design Compendium' (HCA, 2000) and 'By Design' (DETR, 2000). <u>The Legacy</u> <u>Corporation area continues to develop</u> <u>with a significant number of entirely new</u> <u>areas, and other locations that are</u>

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			<u>changing within the context of their</u> <u>existing and historic character. Against</u> <u>this background, it is important that the</u> <u>design of new development contributes to</u> <u>making these places successful, achieves</u> <u>high standards of amenity and supports</u> <u>and enhances a sense of community and</u> <u>neighbourliness.</u>
C151	Paragraph 6.17	Minor	Paragraph 6.17 In order to ensure this, relevant London Plan Supplementary Planning Guidance will be applied in assessing proposals for residential development. The London Plan forms part of the adopted Development Plan for the Legacy Corporation area and the Mayor is clear that development within it must achieve exemplary design and sustainability standards. <u>The Legacy Corporation also publishes a Design Quality Policy. This sets out best practice guidance which is primarily aimed at achieving the best possible design outcome in its own development schemes, underlining its commitment to achieving the highest quality of design. The guidance within the Design Quality Policy also provides a helpful benchmark for other new development in the Legacy Corporation area and is a useful reference point for applicants in demonstrating that a proposed scheme's quality meets the expected standards.</u>
	Paragraph 6.18	No change	Remains as Paragraph 6.18
C152	Paragraph 6.19	Minor	Paragraph 6.19 <u>It is expected that applications for</u> <u>residential development show how the</u> <u>Nationally Described Space Standards –</u> <u>Technical Requirements required by the</u> <u>policy have been met. Reference to the</u> <u>relevant elements of the Legacy</u> <u>Corporation's Design Quality Policy may</u> <u>also help to demonstrate that new</u> <u>residential development reaches the</u> <u>highest achievable design quality and</u> <u>liveability. The current version of the</u> <u>Design Quality Policy can be downloaded</u> <u>from the Legacy Corporation website. The</u> <u>evidence required as part of a planning</u>

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed change
Reference	Paragraph	change	
Number	raiagraph	onango	
			application to demonstrate how a proposal
			meets the requirements in this policy will
			be proportionate to the size of the
			development proposal and its potential
			impacts, with applications for minor
			development relying on an assessment of
			the application detail.
			The Baseline Standards are those
			endorsed by the Mayor as addressing
			issues of particular strategic concern and
			set the baseline for quality and design that
			new homes should meet. The extent to
			which proposed developments depart from
			this baseline will be taken into account
			when making planning decisions.
			Proposals for development that depart
			significantly, either in terms of failure to
			meet a number of baseline standards, or
			where failure to meet particular baseline
			standards has a negative material effect
			on the proposed scheme or surrounding
			development, are unlikely to be
			acceptable.
C153	New	Minor	Paragraph 6.20
	Paragraph		Design review will be an important
			element of demonstrating that Major
			schemes successfully exhibits acceptable
			design. Design review is also encouraged
			for other schemes that are likely to have a
			significant impact on their surroundings to
			help provide evidence of the
			appropriateness of the proposed design.
			Detailed discussion of scheme design at
			the pre-application stage is strongly
			encouraged along with use of formal
			review by the Legacy Corporation Quality
			Review Panel. Information on the Legacy
			Corporations Quality Review Panel, who
			would usually undertake the formal design
			review function, can be found at
0454	Nerre		paragraph 14.4 of the Plan.
C154	New para	Minor	Paragraph 6.21
			The successful integration of business and
			commercial floorspace into mixed use
			development will be an important factor in
			ensuring mixed use schemes are
			acceptable. Guidance is provided in
			particular in the Hackney Wick and Fish
			Island SPD (March 2018) and the LLDC
			Employment Space Study (2015).

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number C155	Policy BN.5: Requiring	Minor	Becomes Policy BN.6: Requiring inclusive design
	inclusive design		"The relevant elements of the Mayor of London's Housing Supplementary Planning Guidance (November 2012)("Annex 1 Baseline Standards"), will only be applied where they are equivalent to the Optional Requirements in Part M of the Building Regulations (as applied by this policy)."
	Paragraph 6.20	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.29
C156	Paragraph 6.21	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 6.30 <u>To ensure that the design of buildings and</u> <u>their surroundings ensure they are</u> <u>accessible to all it will be important to take</u> <u>into account the needs of those with</u> sensory or cognitive impairments.
	Policy BN.6: Protecting Metropolitan	No change	Becomes Policy BN.7: Protecting Metropolitan Open Land
	Open Land Paragraph 6.22	No change	No changes to policy proposed Becomes Paragraph 6.32
	Paragraph 6.23	Reference update	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.33</b> <u>The draft New</u> London Plan Policy 7.17 <u>G3</u> defines MOL and provides MOL with the same status and protection as Green Belt, supporting its current extent and extension in appropriate circumstances. MOL provides the same level and type of protection to coherent areas of open land within London as is provided by Paragraphs <del>87</del> to 91 <u>143</u> to <u>147</u> of the National Planning Policy Framework. Unless 'very special circumstances', as defined by the NPPF, can be demonstrated, development within areas designated as MOL will not be permitted. Proposals for loss of MOL that include provision of new open space elsewhere will not be accepted as meeting the 'very special circumstances' test.
	Policy BN.7: Improving Local Open Space	Reference update	Becomes Policy BN.8: Improving Local Open Space (Note: New Figure 15 Map of Local Open Spaces and Annex 4 listing each open space and its identified function(s).)

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
	Nousfigure	Minor	development proposal that would result in the loss of all or part of a Local Open Space will only be permitted where an equivalent or greater amount of Local Open Space with an equivalent function is provided in a location that continues to serve the same catchment area for its category as defined in Table 6 7.
C157	New figure	Minor	Figure 15: Local Open Spaces – see figure below.
	Paragraph 6.24	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.33
C158	Paragraph 6.25	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.34</b> The Policies Map identifies the Local Open Space in this area that will be protected over the Plan period, in addition to open amenity space and other elements of the green infrastructure network outlined within this Local Plan. In addition to the Policies Map, Figure 15 also shows the location of these Local Open Spaces and Annex 4 lists each of these and describes their primary function. The protected spaces are based on previous assessments of open space which have been reviewed and amended through production of new Open Space and Play Space Assessment (2018). equivalent designations in earlier adopted plans and open spaces resulting from development proposals linked to the legacy of the London 2012 Olympic Games. The map at Figure <u>16</u> (page <u>98</u> ) identifies additional Local Open Spaces that have planning permission or are included within a Site Allocation set out in this Local Plan, but have not yet been developed. Where there is an identified deficiency in a type of public open space, new developments will address this through the provision of open space in accordance with the London Plan Benchmark Public Space Hierarchy and other aspirations for maximising green infrastructure set out within this Local Plan.
	Paragraph	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.35
	6.26 Table 6	No change	Becomes Table 7

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
C159	Policy BN.8: Maximising opportunities for play	Minor	Becomes Policy BN.9: Maximising opportunities for play Major development proposals will be required to improve or provide new play and/or <u>youth</u> space <sup>1</sup> , maximising opportunities for play and informal recreation. New play spaces should create high-quality, dynamic and stimulating play space. Proportionate to the size of development, proposals are expected to: 1. Take account of the existing or future need for play space in the local area, identifying relative deficiencies and incorporating the most appropriate type of new play space into the proposal 2. Be of an appropriate size and design for the age of children <u>and young people</u> whom the space is designed to serve <u>.</u> <u>including older children and teenagers,</u> <u>who have their own distinct needs</u> 3. Be inclusive and accessible to children and <u>young people</u> of all abilities
	Paragraph 6.27	No change	Becomes Paragraph 3.36
C160	Paragraph 6.28	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.37</b> The Mayor's Shaping Neighbourhoods Play and Informal Recreation SPG (2012) sets out a requirement for 10 sqm of play space per child aged 0 to 17, with a requirement for proximity to play space, characteristics <u>and location that is</u> <u>dependent on age. In developing</u> <u>proposals for a new youth space, young</u> <u>people should be meaningfully engaged</u> from an early stage to ensure its relevance to the users and general success. Youth facilities should also be provided where <u>possible.</u> Significant regeneration in the area presents further opportunities to improve the quantity and quality of play and <u>youth</u> space. Maximising these opportunities will help to meet local needs, creating dynamic and stimulating child and <u>youth</u> friendly places that contribute to the green infrastructure network and wildlife corridors across the area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Mayor's Shaping Neighbourhoods Play and Informal Recreation SPG 2012 describes youth space as: "a place where young people aged 12 and above can meet and take part in informal sport-based activities and other informal recreation".

Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Policy BN.9: Protecting key views	Minor	Becomes Policy BN.10: Protecting key views Proposals for development that impact a key view will only be considered acceptable when the development makes a positive contribution to the characteristics and composition of that view. Key views are identified in Figure 18. Development proposals should take account of view 9 of the London View Management Framework (2012) where relevant.
Figure 17	Minor	Becomes Figure 18: Key view within the Legacy Corporation Area – The figure amended to include Wider setting consultation area, changes are shown below
Paragraph 6.29	Reference update	Becomes Paragraph 6.38 Figure 17 18 identifies the vistas, sightlines and viewing corridors that warrant consideration because of the landscapes, landmarks and special architectural and historic interest framed by or captured within them.
Paragraph 6.30	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.39
6.31	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.40
Policy BN.10: Proposals for tall buildings	Major	Becomes Policy BN.5: Proposals for tall buildingsTall buildings should be located within the Centre boundaries outlined within this Local Plan. In order of hierarchy, these are:• Stratford Metropolitan Centre (parts within the Legacy Corporation Area)• Bromley-by-Bow District Centre • Hackney Wick Neighbourhood Centre • Pudding Mill Local Centre • East Village Local Centre.Tall buildings are defined by the Legacy Corporation as those that are higher than a Sub Area's prevailing or generally expected height as set out in this Plan at tables 9, 10, 11 and 12. Proposals for tall buildings both inside and outside the
	Paragraph Policy BN.9: Protecting key views Figure 17 Figure 17 Paragraph 6.29 Paragraph 6.30 Paragraph 6.31 Policy BN.10: Proposals for	ParagraphchangePolicy BN.9: Protecting key viewsMinorProtecting key viewsMinorFigure 17MinorFigure 17MinorParagraph 6.29Reference updateParagraph 6.30No change 6.31Paragraph 6.31No change Major

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number	5 1	5	
Reference			against the criteria in this policy and Policies BN.1 and BN.4.1–13 of Policy BN.10Outside of the Centre boundaries, unless a location for tall buildings is identified within a site allocation within this Plan, more than minor exceedance of the prevailing or generally expected height identified in tables [9, 10, 11,12] will need to demonstrate that, in addition to meeting the criteria in this policy and policies BN.1 and BN.4, the proposal would achieve significant additional public benefit. Subject to the above Pproposals for tall buildings will be considered acceptable where they exhibit exceptionally good design, demonstrating this through independent design review undertaken by a panel appointed by the Local Planning Authority. To achieve this, they must, in addition to meeting requirements of Policies BN.1 and Policy BN.4, demonstrate: 1. An appropriate proportion, form, massing, height and scale in context with the character of its surroundings; 2. Use of material appropriate to the height of the building: 3. Acceptable access and servicing
			<ul> <li><u>arrangements;</u></li> <li>A positive contribution to the public realm at ground level;</li> <li>A positive contribution to the surrounding townscape; and</li> <li>Creation of new or an enhancement to existing views, vistas and sightlines where there is an opportunity to do so.</li> <li>Proposals for groups of tall buildings will need to demonstrate an appropriate relationship with each other and to the wider surrounding area, including the value of the group of buildings to longer distance views in addition to the immediate context.</li> <li>Outline planning applications for tall buildings will only be considered as an</li> </ul>
			acceptable approach where the application is accompanied by a sufficiently detailed design code,

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			coordinated with parameter plans, with
			<ul> <li><u>these secured as part of any planning permission.</u></li> <li>Proposals for tall buildings that are likely to have a significant adverse impact on one or more of the following will be considered unacceptable: <ul> <li>7. Micro-climatic conditions (specifically down-draughts and lateral winds over public <u>or other amenity</u> spaces)</li> <li>8. Impacts to <u>Amenity of</u> the surrounding area (including open spaces and other buildings and waterways) that relate to: overlooking, daylight, overshadowing, light spill/reflection and wider amenity impacts existing views of landmarks, parkland, heritage assets, waterways, and views along street corridors (in accordance with the Policy BN.9 en Protecting Key Views).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Paragraph 6.32	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.22
	Paragraph 6.33	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.23
C164	Paragraph 6.34	Major	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.24</b> Tall buildings are defined in the London Plan as "those that are substantially taller than their surroundings, cause a significant change to the skyline or are larger than the threshold sizes set for the referral of planning applications to the Mayor" (i.e. 30 metres within the Legacy Corporation area). In accordance with this, Policy BN.5 defines tall buildings as those that are higher than a Sub Area's prevailing or generally expected height as set out in tables (10, 11, 12 and 13) of the <u>Sub Area sections in</u> this Plan. Policy BN.10 <u>5</u> will ensure that only acceptable tall building proposals (i.e. those that meet the policy criteria) are approved. The prevailing height of each Sub Area is defined in tables [10, 11, 12 and 13) in the Sub Area sections and based upon general heights rather than the tallest existing element. Proposals for tall

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number	i aragiapii	change	
			buildings outside the Centre boundaries and the relevant site allocations that are higher than their surrounding context, in applying the policy, are much less likely to be considered acceptable. Some minor exceedances to the prevailing or generally expected heights may be justified where it can be demonstrated that this will make a proposal workable and aid achievement of an acceptable design quality. Apart from such minor exceedances, proposals for tall buildings outside of the centre boundaries (or other locations identified as acceptable in a site allocation within this Plan) will need to demonstrate that the design and use of the building and the treatment of the public realm, along with the effects on the surrounding context, will be positive and result in a significant public benefit that would not be achieved by a lower height of building. will also be assessed against Criteria 1–13 of Policy BN.10.
C165	Paragraph 6.35	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.25</b> Proposals for development should not incorporate low floor-to-ceiling heights in order to avoid triggering Policy BN. <u>5</u> <del>10</del> , or to meet the requirements of it. Figure <u>14</u> <del>18</del> . illustrates how two buildings with the same number of storeys can differ in height. This is <u>usually</u> due to commercial buildings incorporating storeys with greater floor-to-ceiling heights.
C166	Paragraph 6.36	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.26</b> Policy BN.40 <u>5</u> should result in a mixture of intermittent buildings heights which together form a unique arrangement that contributes <u>positively</u> to <u>that part of</u> the area's built form. The Legacy Corporation area will have one of the highest concentrations of tall buildings within Greater London, and therefore it is important that they incorporate the highest standards of sustainability and design.
C167	New paragraph	New paragraph	Paragraph 6.27 Outline planning applications for tall buildings are not encouraged as the

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			acceptability of tall building proposals are much more likely to depend on their detailed design in order to demonstrate overall acceptability. For those occasions when an outline application is considered to be necessary and justified, a sufficiently detailed design code will need to be produced to provide evidence of the principles that will be applied in the detailed design and to demonstrate acceptability of the proposal. The design code and its implementation will be secured as part of any planning permission and is likely to include a commitment to securing and retaining an appropriately skilled design team and sufficient measures to ensure the monitoring of the design implementation during construction, to ensure that the original design intent is achieved.
C168	New paragraph	Major	Paragraph 6.28 Design review will be an essential element of demonstrating that a scheme successfully exhibits exceptional design. It will also be important to ensure that the exceptional design quality achieved at planning application stage is not lost in the delivery of tall buildings. A best practice approach to selection and appointment of the design team and the development of the design approach is encouraged to aid a positive outcome through design review. A planning obligation will be sought to either retain the original design team or ensure that an adequately skilled design team is appointed for the delivery phase of the scheme to ensure that the original design intent is achieved.
C169	Policy BN.11 Reducing noise and improving air quality	Minor change/split of policy to separate air quality and noise policies	Split into two separate policies: Becomes Policy BN.11: Air Quality Reducing noise and improving air quality Development proposals should contribute to improving air quality through the approach taken to energy use and energy efficiency and minimising the need for travel. Development should:

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ol> <li>Be constructed and designed, <u>including appropriate use of green</u> <u>infrastructure</u>, in a manner that minimises emissions of pollutants to the air</li> </ol>
			2. Demonstrate compliance with policies in this Local plan and the London Plan which contribute to minimising the effects of emissions to the air
			<ol> <li>Have appropriate regard to the relevant London Borough and the <u>London Environment Strategy</u> <u>2018</u> and Mayor's Air Quality Strategy.</li> </ol>
			Applications for major development proposals <u>must be at least air quality</u> <u>neutral and</u> include an air quality assessment where they are located in areas identified in the most recent strategies and guidance as being significantly affected by poor air quality (by being adjacent to or within an Air Quality Management Area <u>or London Plan Air</u> <u>Quality Focus Area</u> ).
C170	Paragraph 6.37	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 6.41 Air quality and noise have a significant role to play in the health and wellbeing of communities and the prospects of the natural environment, reducing both life expectancy and biodiversity in heavily polluted areas. Major roads within the area including the A12 and Stratford High Street contribute to poor air quality and generate noise.
	Paragraph 6.38	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.42
C171	Paragraph 6.39	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.43</b> The relevant policies in this Local Plan will work together to contribute to the strategy of achieving at least no worsening in air quality and noise quality and, where it is achievable, result in an improvement, as outlined in the Mayor's Air Quality

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
C172	New Policy	Major /split of	Strategy, Ambient Noise Strategy London Environment Strategy (May 2018) and relevant Borough Action Plans. However, as the measures necessary to address poor air and noise quality are not confined to one planning authority area and are often governed by processes that fall outside of planning, such as building regulations, development proposals are also subject to separate regulatory regimes and legislation. Policy BN.12: Noise Reducing noise
	BN.12: Reducing noise and improving air quality	policy to separate air quality and noise policies	<ul> <li>Development proposals should contribute towards minimising the effects of noise on amenity of the occupiers and users of existing and planned new development within the Legacy Corporation Area. New development should be constructed to:</li> <li>1. Minimise exposure to the adverse impacts of noise</li> <li>2. Demonstrate compliance with policies in this Local plan and the London Plan that contribute to minimising the effects of noise</li> <li>3. Have appropriate regard to the London Environment Strategy (May 2018)</li> <li>4. Demonstrate compliance with the Agent of Change Principle by mitigating and managing noise impacts from new development to minimise the effects on occupiers and users from existing noise sources.</li> </ul>
C173	New Paragraph	Major	Paragraph 6.44 Noise pollution is one of the main agents of loss of quality of life and environmental quality in an urban area. Prolonged exposure to elevated sound levels can have a detrimental effect on the health and wellbeing of the community and the prospects of the biodiversity and natural environment. Reducing and minimising exposure to noise has a potential to improve wellbeing, promote the enjoyment of the natural environment and enhance biodiversity at a local level, contributing to

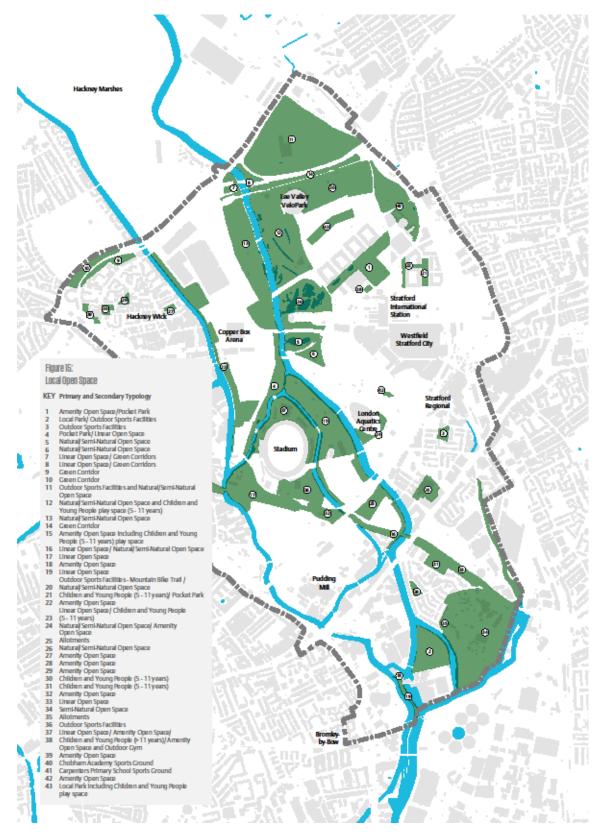
Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			a healthier and more pleasant place to live and work.
C174	New Para	Major	Paragraph 6.45 Policy BN.12, in conjunction with other relevant policies within this Local Plan, including planning for minimising travel demand and increasing opportunity for walking and cycling, will work together to achieve improvements to the acoustic environment and reduce exposure to high levels of noise.
C175	New Para	Major	Paragraph 6.46 Noise management should be an integral part of any development proposal and considered at an early stage of the design process. Proposals for new development should demonstrate compliance with the Agent of Change Principle whereby the onus is on the new development to ensure its building or activity is designed to protect existing occupiers and users from noise and minimise impacts from existing noise sources.
C176	New Para	Major	Paragraph 6.47 In determining whether noise is likely to be an issue to be addressed by development proposals and to determine the appropriate approach to assessing and addressing noise effects, reference should be made to the most up to date guidance within the national Planning Practice Guidance.
	Policy BN.12: Protecting archaeological interest	No change	Becomes Policy BN.13: Protecting archaeological interest
C177	Figure 19	Minor	Figure 19 - Figure 19 updated to reflect the updates to borough Archaeological Protection Area map. Changes shown below.
	Paragraph 6.40	No change	Become Paragraph 6.48
	Paragraph 6.41	No change	Become Paragraph 6.49

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
C178	Policy BN.13 Improving the quality of land	Major change	Becomes Policy BN.14: Improving the quality of land
			To prevent harm to health and the environment from the effect of contamination and the release of pollutants and to bring <u>land affected by</u> <u>contamination</u> into beneficial use, development proposals will be required to <u>ensure</u> that: <u>1. The site is suitable for its new use,</u> <u>taking into account of ground conditions,</u> <u>including pollution from previous uses and</u> <u>any proposals for mitigation such as land</u> <u>remediation</u> <u>2. Adequate site investigation information,</u> <u>prepared by a competent person, is</u> <u>provided</u> <u>3. After remediation, as a minimum, the</u> <u>site is not capable of being determined as</u> <u>contaminated land under Part IIA of the</u> <u>Environmental Protection Act 1990</u> <u>4. Drainage methods are suitable for the</u> <u>site conditions and protect groundwater</u> <u>5. Suitable measures are taken where</u> <u>construction works are carried out.</u>
			<ol> <li>Demonstrate that land is of an appropriate standard for the proposed end use</li> <li>Ensure drainage methods are suitable for the site conditions and protect groundwater</li> <li>Ensure suitable measures are taken where construction works are carried out</li> <li>Take account of the impacts from any existing consented hazardous substances installation.</li> </ol>
			Applications for all sites potentially affected by contamination should be carried out in accordance with established procedures as required in the NPPF. Where land is likely to be contaminated, applicants will be required to carry out a site investigation in line with paragraph 121 of the NPPF to identify existing or potential contaminants and pollution pathways. Where a site investigation has identified the presence of or potential for

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			contamination, applicants will be required to carry out a Contaminated Land Assessment to identify measures required to remediate any contamination to a suitable level.
	Paragraph 6.42	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.50
C179	Paragraph 6.43	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 6.51 In some cases, significant work has been undertaken to clean up contaminated land affected by contamination to remove or reduce that risk, or to make it suitable for any new use that is being proposed. The area of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park, for example, has been subject to significant remediation work which made it suitable for the staging of the 2012 Games and Legacy land-uses. However, m Many of the sites that may become available for new development within the Legacy Corporation area are likely to require some form of investigation, assessment testing-and appropriate remediation and verification work to make them suitable for development, including appropriate proposals for drainage and construction. The Proposed Planning Approval Process diagram outlines the typical requirements for new schemes. Other specific planning processes may apply to existing permissions within the Legacy Communities Scheme Revised Global Remediation Strategy (2012) sets out the requirements for new schemes. Where there is the potential for significant ground contamination to be present, an intrusive site investigation and contamination assessment report may also be required to be submitted with the planning application, in addition to the preliminary risk assessment report. While this policy identifies the approach to information that should be provide with any relevant planning application, it is also the developer's or landowner's responsibility for securing a safe development. In keeping with National Standards, it will be important to carry out Site Investigations and produce Contaminated Land

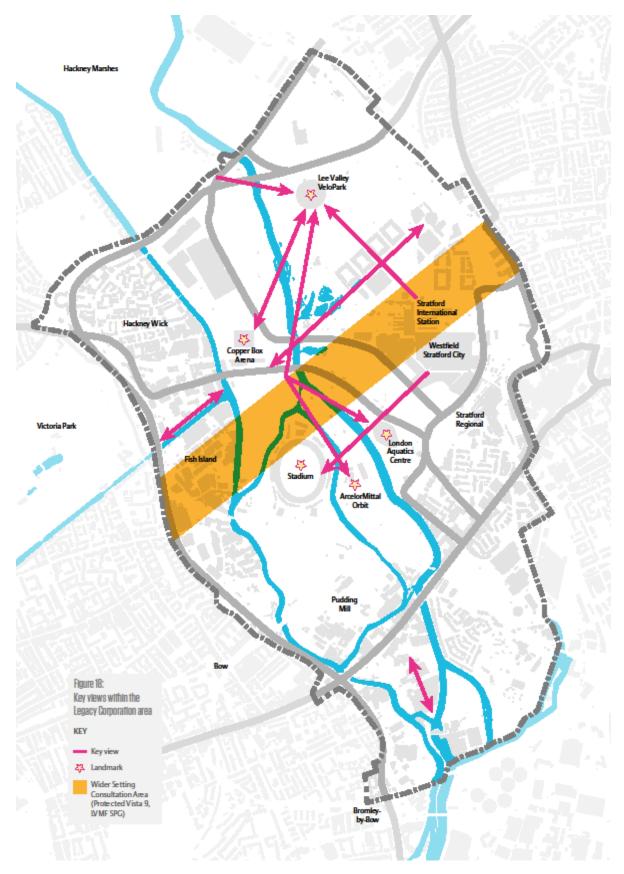
Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			Assessments when appropriate to make land suitable for use.
C180	Policy BN.14: Designing residential extensions	Minor	Becomes Policy BN.15: Designing residential extensions 5. Do not reduce natural daylight <u>and</u> <u>sunlight</u> reaching neighbouring properties to an unacceptable level.
	Paragraph 6.44	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.52
	Paragraph 6.45	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.53
	Policy BN.15: Designing advertisements	No change	Becomes Policy BN.16: Designing advertisements No change proposed changes
	Paragraph 6.46	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.54
	Paragraph 6.47	Reference update	Becomes Paragraph 6.55 Policy BN.156 will ensure that advertisements are well designed and protect the interests of amenity and public safety.
C181	Policy BN.16: Conserving or enhancing heritage assets	Major	<ul> <li>Becomes Policy BN.17: Conserving or enhancing heritage assets</li> <li>Proposals will be considered acceptable where they conserve or enhance heritage assets and their settings, and promote the significance of those assets by incorporating viable uses consistent with their conservation and heritage-led regeneration.</li> <li>In particular, proposals for development within the boundary or immediate setting of heritage assets (see Figure 21), will be considered acceptable where they:</li> <li>1. Preserve or enhance the special architectural or historic interest that has been identified within the appraisals of those heritage assets, in particular historic buildings, structures, yards, waterways and the pre-war residential and industrial street patterns or other characteristics that give that area its unique character</li> <li>2. Enhance and reveal the significance of heritage assets, including the waterways,</li> </ul>

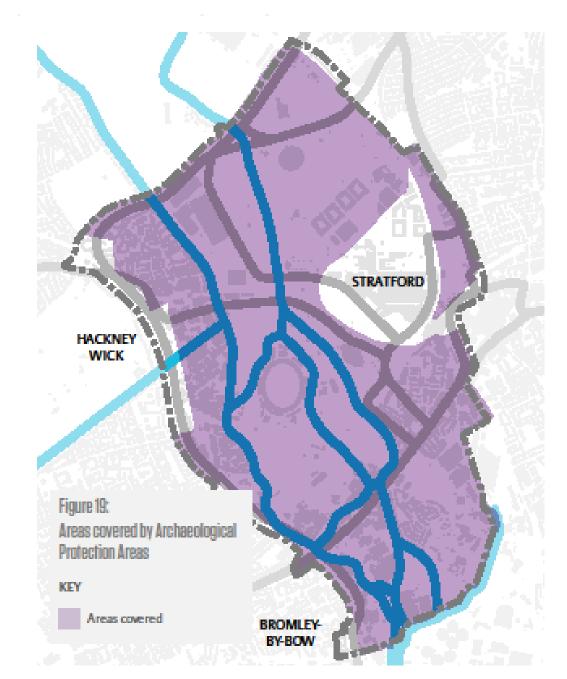
Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed change
			such as the Lee Navigation and Hertford Union Canal
			3. Restore and reuse heritage assets located within application boundaries as part of new development and are accessible to all.
			<u>4. Exhibit an understanding of and</u> reference the architectural and historic interest of the area within their design
			5. Retain street trees and/or provide these, where appropriate.
	Paragraph 6.48	No change	Becomes Paragraph 6.56
C182	Paragraph 6.49	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 6.57</b> Designation of an area as a Conservation Area does not stop development being promoted. However, it does introduce extra protections against inappropriate forms of development. If a proposal is submitted that affects the land within the boundary or setting of a Conservation Area or heritage asset, the Legacy Corporation will pay special attention to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the special architectural or historic interest of that area or asset when making a planning decision. Policy BN.167 also applies to heritage assets situated outside Conservation Areas, such as Statutory Listed Buildings, Locally Listed Buildings or Buildings of Townscape Merit. Heritage assets are identified within the Sub Area sections of this Local Plan alongside further policies concerning their preservation Area appraisals and Management Plans, and other relevant Guidelines.
C183	New Figure	Minor	Figure 21: Heritage Assets situated within the Legacy Corporation Area – see below for changes.



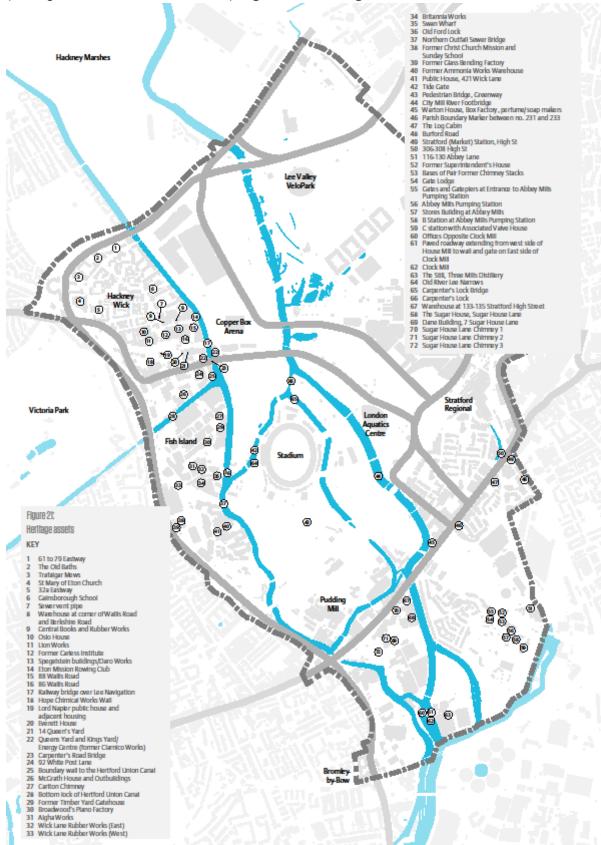
## (Change Reference Number C157): Figure 15: Local Open Spaces

(Change Reference Number C162) Figure 18: Key Views within the Legacy Corporation area





(Change Reference Number C177) Figure 19: Arche logical Interest



## (Change Reference Number C183) Figure 21: Heritage Assets

## Section 7 – Securing the transport infrastructure to support growth

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
C184	Objective 4	Minor	<ul> <li>Objective 4: Secure the infrastructure required to support growth and convergence</li> <li>This will mean: <ul> <li>Working with partners to secure the infrastructure identified within the Local Plan and Infrastructure Delivery Plan</li> <li>Reviewing regularly infrastructure need to ensure the identified requirements remain up to date</li> <li>Use Section 106 Agreements, in line with the Planning Obligations SPD, and the Community Infrastructure Levy to contribute towards infrastructure delivery</li> <li>Managing the effects of new development</li> <li>Improving local connectivity, including delivery of new bridges and routes to maximise walking and cycling.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
C185	SP.4: Planning for and securing transport and utility infrastructure to support growth and convergence	Minor	Strategic Policy SP.4: Planning for and securing transport and utility infrastructure to support growth and convergence The Legacy Corporation will work with its partners to promote and deliver the infrastructure necessary to support the growth and development identified within this Local Plan and its Infrastructure Delivery Plan. In particular, the Legacy Corporation will support the provision of the following types on infrastructure areas of transport infrastructure: 1. The expansion of electronic communication networks, including telecommunications and high-speed broadband

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			<ol> <li>Public transport infrastructure and services that will help to deliver the growth objectives set out within this Local Plan, including those that will improve international, national, regional and local connectivity <u>– this will</u> include prioritising work to improve capacity and access to Stratford Station</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will safeguard land for the provision of the following infrastructure:</li> <li>DLR double racking between Bow and Stratford</li> <li>Crossrail 1</li> <li>Crossrail 2 (existing safeguarded corridor and any updated route)</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will require the retention of:</li> </ol>
			<ul> <li>facilities (subject to the provisions of Policy IN.2)</li> <li>4. Existing public transport</li> </ul>
			The Legacy Corporation will use its Community Infrastructure Levy funding to help deliver the infrastructure on the CIL Infrastructure list. Where appropriate and lawful, infrastructure or contributions towards its delivery will also be secured through the use of Planning Obligations.
C186	Paragraph 7.1	Minor	Paragraph 7.1 Infrastructure is a broad term and can range from energy infrastructure, roads and bridges, transport and communications networks to health facilities, libraries, community centres

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			and schools. New community infrastructure and schools are dealt with in policies in the 'Providing housing and neighbourhoods' section <u>and utilities</u> <u>and communications networks in the</u> 'Creating a sustainable place to live and work' section of this Local Plan. <u>The</u> <u>IDP process and Infrastructure Liaison</u> <u>Group referred to below, the forums and</u> <u>consultation processes with the four</u> <u>boroughs and the Project Proposals</u> <u>Group (PPG) will also be used to</u> <u>ensure they come forward alongside</u> <u>development.</u> The same applied to new and improved open space and projects such as the Lea River Park and Leaway, which are covered by policies BN.78 and T.10.
	Paragraph 7.2	No change	Remains as Paragraph 7.2
	Paragraph 7.3	No change	Remains as Paragraph 7.3
C187	Paragraph 7.4	Minor	Paragraph 7.4 The Legacy Corporation is committed to working alongside <u>the four boroughs</u> to bring forward the infrastructure set out in the IDP <del>, and an Infrastructure Liaison Group has been established by the Legacy Corporation and the Boroughs which meets on a quarterly basis to do this. In its role as landowner, the Legacy Corporation is also bringing forward infrastructure, such as the new schools that will be provided as part of the Legacy Communities Scheme Section 106 Agreement. The existing cooperative arrangements working arrangements between the Legacy Corporation and infrastructure providers, including the Growth Boroughs, will be used to ensure the long term security of infrastructure within the Legacy Corporation area. The development management process will be used to secure new infrastructure through planning obligations and the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). A Planning Obligations SPD <del>will</del> provide<u>s</u> advice on how it will use Section 106 Agreements alongside CIL and the Local Plan to secure its planning policy objectives. The 'Delivery and</del>

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			implementation' section of this Local Plan provides more information on how CIL and Section 106 Agreements will be used to help implement the Plan.
See change Ref. No C211- C213	IN.1: Telecommunications infrastructure and impact of development on broadcast and telecommunications services	Policy moved	Becomes Policy S.6: Increasing digital connectivity, safeguarding existing communications provision and enabling future infrastructure Policy Moved to Chapter 8 – creating a sustainable place to live and work
See change Ref. No C211- C213	Paragraphs 7.5 and 7.6	paragraphs moved	Supporting Paragraphs moved to Section 8 See change Ref. No C211- C213
See change Ref. No C214- C218	IN.2: Planning for waste	Policy moved	Becomes Policy S.6: Planning for waste Moved to Chapter 8 – creating a sustainable place to live and work
See change Ref. No C214- C218	Paragraphs 7.7, 7.8. 7,9, 7.10 and 7.6		Supporting Paragraphs moved to Section 8, See change Ref. No C214- C218
C188	Paragraph 7.12	Deletion	TRANSPORT AND CONNECTIVITY The substantial development that has come forward in the Legacy Corporation area over the past few years means that the area has been well studied and analysed. The strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats in transport and connectivity terms which have been identified through these studies are summarised below. STRENGTHS The Legacy Corporation area is fantastically well connected. Stratford is one of the best connected places in London, with the following services: a) Regional and local rail services b) Overground services c) Underground services d) DLR services e) A hub for bus services f) High Speed 1 services connect to St. Pancras in six minutes g) Crossrail, when operational in 2019, will enable travel from Stratford to central London in about ten minutes h) Strategic roads, including the A12, Stratford High Street

Change	Type of	Proposed change
Reference	change	
Number		
		and Leyton Road. Substantial recent
		investment means that the area has
		relatively efficient, well designed
		stations e.g. Stratford Station
		improvements for Stratford City and the
		<del>2012 Games, High Speed 1 stops at</del>
		Stratford. Jubilee Line capacity
		enhancements have been completed.
		Overground enhancements have been
		implemented and provide a good
		service to Stratford.
		WEAKNESSES
		There is crowding and congestion on
		parts of the area's public transport and
		highway networks, such as on the A12
		and on Underground links into central
		London. Roads, rivers and railway lines
		cut through the area and are barriers to
		movement across the area, particularly
		for pedestrians and cyclists. Some parts
		of the Legacy Corporation area are less
		well served by public transport, such as
		parts of Hackney Wick, Sugar House
		Lane and Fish Island. Although
		Stratford is fantastically well connected,
		rail links to the north-west of the Legacy
		Corporation area are currently poor.
		This means residents of those areas
		have less convenient access to the jobs
		available in Stratford.
		OPPORTUNITIES
		Stopping international trains at Stratford
		International and any benefits to
		Stratford from new proposals to link
		High Speed 1 to High Speed 2 would
		help cement the ongoing regeneration
		of the Stratford area, by increasing its
		profile nationally and internationally,
		providing fast and convenient travel
		opportunities for businesses locating in
		and around Stratford and providing
		improved strategic transport links for
		people working and living in the area.
		Planning is well under way to bring
		forward improvements necessary
		alongside development. These include
		improvements to Hackney Wick,
		Bromley-by-Bow stations, and a new
		western entrance to Stratford Station.
		THREATS

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			The level of growth anticipated means private car use within the area will need to be managed to ensure the impact of new development on local and strategic roads within the area is mitigated. New development, if not appropriately managed, could threaten the capacity and resilience of roads through the area, by generating new car journeys. The continued presence of the A12 and its environmental impact on the area could hamper efforts to create a successful place. While providing a strategic link through the Legacy Corporation area, the high volume of traffic that uses the A12 has environmental impacts and causes severance along the corridor.
	Paragraph 7.13	No change	Becomes Paragraph 7.5
C189	Figure 21	Reference update	Becomes Figure 22 Updated to reflect updated context of Crossrail and name change of line. Key: <u>The Elizabeth Line (from 2018/19)</u> Crossrail (from 2018/19)
C190	T.1: Strategic transport improvements	Minor	<ul> <li>Policy T.1: Strategic transport improvements</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will promote improved connections to support international and national economic growth within its own area and more widely within the four boroughs Growth Boroughs, east London and Thames Gateway. In particular, it will seek to secure: <ol> <li>Stopping international trains at Stratford International Station</li> <li>Benefits to the area from any new proposals to link High Speed 1 to High Speed 2</li> <li>Improved connections to airports</li> <li>Benefits to the area from the proposed Crossrail 2, depending on the final route alignment selected</li> <li>Improvements to Stratford Station access and station upgrade</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference		change	
Number		-	
			6. Works to upgrade the strategic
			road network within the Legacy
			Corporation area to support
			regional traffic issues and
			improve routes to encourage
			multi-modal usage.
			Cross-reference to policies: Objective 1
			and Objective 4
	Deregraph 7.14	No obongo	London Plan policies: T1; T3
C191	Paragraph 7.14	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.6
CI91	Paragraph 7.15	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.7
			The Legacy Corporation area already has direct DLR links to London City
			Airport and coach links to Stansted
			Airport and, from 2018 via Crossrail via
			the Elizabeth Line from 2019, direct to
			Heathrow. During the lifetime of this
			Local Plan, the Airports Commission will
			examine the need for additional UK
			airport capacity and recommend to
			government how this can be met in the
			short, medium and long term. The
			Legacy Corporation will support
			improved rail access to airports.
C192	Paragraph 7.16	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.8
			Transport for London (TfL) and Network
			Rail are working closely together to
			develop Crossrail 2. A series of themes
			emerged from the consultation in 2013,
			which are being reviewed, prior to
			recommending a preferred regional
			alignment. The main areas of analysis include the alignment through Hackney
			and Haringey and Network Rail
			branches. The proposed route map as
			confirmed in 2015 would provide a link
			across London from the north east to
			the south west. The concept of an
			eastern branch is continuing to be has
			previously been explored focused on an
			alignment through Hackney and
			Haringey and Network Rail branches.
			An eastern branch could provide
			significant benefits to the Legacy
			Corporation area and continues to be a
			priority for the growth boroughs that it
			would include.

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference		change	
Number			
C193	T.2: Transport improvements	Minor	Policy T.2: Transport improvements
	improvements		The Legacy Corporation will use its powers and influence to support and bring forward transport improvements as set out in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan which are necessary to support the level of growth anticipated in the Local Plan. Where development proposals come forward that are near or adjacent to identified transport schemes, development proposals will be required to demonstrate ( <u>1</u> ) that adequate provision for the implementation of those schemes has been made in the design of the development, or that development proposals do not compromise implementation of transport schemes: ( <u>2</u> ) how they relate to the <u>Healthy Streets indicators; and (3</u> ) <u>support the increase of cycling, walking</u> and public transport usage to meet the <u>Mayor's target of 80% of journeys being</u> made up by these modes by 2041. Existing bus stands and bus stops will be protected and new provision sought where necessary to support new development. <u>Cross-reference to policy: T.6</u>
			London Plan policy: T3
C194	Paragraph 7.17	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.9 The Legacy Corporation has already secured substantial funding towards some of the transport projects in the IDP and <u>has delivered or</u> is working on delivery <u>of these projects</u> (Hackney Wick Station, Stratford Station Access). In other cases, such as Bromley-by- Bow Station, the Legacy Corporation is working with TfL to bring forward the improvements.
	Paragraph 7.18	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.10
	Paragraph 7.19	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.11
	T.3: Supporting transport schemes	No change	Policy T.3: Supporting transport schemes <u>Cross-reference to policies: BN.1; T.6</u> London Plan policy: T3
	Paragraph 7.20	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.12
C195	Paragraph 7.21	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 7.13

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			Examples of significant potential schemes include: • Removal of Stratford Gyratory System and introduction of two-way working • Narrowing of Stratford High Street to the north-east of Warton Road • Leyton Station upgrade • Improvements to rail links north of Stratford such as Lee Valley improvements and new platforms at Stratford Station • River Crossings package to improve the resilience of the road network • DLR North Route Double-tracking.
C196	Paragraph 7.22 T.4: Managing development and its transport impacts to promote sustainable transport choices, facilitate local connectivity and prioritise pedestrians and cyclists	<u>Minor</u>	<b>Becomes paragraph 7.14</b> Policy T.4: Managing development and its transport impacts to promote sustainable transport choices, facilitate local connectivity and prioritise pedestrians and cyclists Through its planning powers, the Legacy Corporation will ( <u>1</u> ) promote sustainable transport choices and minimise reliance on the private car to ensure that the development of the area is optimised; <u>Te (2) promote the Healthy</u> <u>Streets Approach set out in the draft</u> <u>New London Plan and in order increase</u> journeys through walking, cycling and public transport, in line with the Mayor's target of 80% by 2041. In doing so, the Legacy Corporation will: Implement a street network that prioritises pedestrians and cyclists as the most important travel modes, followed by public transport and then the private car Expect new development to maximise the opportunities to improve connectivity across, within and through the Legacy Corporation area and, where opportunities arise, with the wider Lower Lea Valley and east London Ensure that the amount of new development and growth across its area is related to the capacity of existing or currently planned improvements to transport infrastructure and services Expect new development to be

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference Number		change	
			minimise its impact on public transport and the highway network, and to have no or minimum levels of car parking which do not exceed <u>draft New</u> London Plan parking standards Require new development to provide appropriate facilities for the full range of transport users, including pedestrians, rail, bus, car and cycles Require new developments to include on site spaces or satisfactory arrangements for car clubs, facilities for electric vehicle charging and stands for cycle hire, where appropriate Require major new development to demonstrate how its construction impact will be managed through a Construction Management Plan and how, once operational, servicing and deliveries will be managed through Delivery and Servicing Plans Require new developments to use target-based Travel Plans to encourage smarter travel, incentivised through S106 Agreements Encourage the use of the waterways in the area for transport and leisure and the towpaths as routes for pedestrians and cyclists, as appropriate, managing any potential conflict through design. <u>Cross-reference to policies: T.5; T.7</u> London Plan policy: T4
C197	Paragraph 7.23	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.15 Planning policy in London has generally followed a pedestrian, cycle and public transport priority based approach for the last 15 to 20 years. These policies are now leading to dramatic changes in Londoners' behaviour and attitudes to their cars. Car ownership per household across London has decreased dramatically in the last ten years according to the 2001 and 2011 censuses, and road vehicle traffic in London has been falling over the last decade, with vehicle kilometres in 2012 10.9 per cent lower than in 2000, and at their lowest level since 1993. Managing development and its transport impacts through Policy T.4 above will ensure

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference		change	
Number			
Reference	T.5: Street network		that the development being planned for can be brought forward without significant new public transport (i.e. new railway lines) or new strategic roads, as well as ensuring that pedestrian, cycle and public transport use increases and car use declines. As set out in the context section above, evidence concludes that this is the approach the Legacy Corporation should take to new development in its area. This approach will also facilitate Sustainability Objective 5 of this Local Plan, and help implement policies that seek to improve air quality and reduce emissions from vehicles. This approach also supports the Healthy Streets approach taken in the Draft New London Plan and the Mayor's target of 80% of all journeys being made by walking, cycling or public transport by 2041. Policy T.5: Street network The structure and hierarchy of streets within the Legacy Corporation area as set out in Table 8 7 helps to determine the most appropriate routes within and through the area, and where and how property and development proposals should best connect to that those networks to increase journeys undertaken through walking, cycling and public transport. In implementing the street network and in considering development proposals that will impact on the network, the Legacy Corporation will prioritise pedestrians and cyclists as the most important travel modes, followed by public transport and then, as appropriate, the private car The Legacy Corporation will use its powers as Local Planning Authority to ensure that development is appropriately located in terms of its
			traffic-generation impacts, with the aim of ensuring that, if major traffic- generating uses are proposed (and are considered acceptable against other
			policies in this Local Plan), they are located in places that have good and

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			appropriate connections to the strategic
			routes
			The Legacy Corporation, in its function as Local Planning Authority, will consult with Boroughs and Transport for London as appropriate in respect of
			their role as Highways Authorities within the area to ensure that effects of
			proposals are properly considered. <u>Cross-reference to policies: T.4; T.6;</u>
			T.7; Figure 23
	Deregraph 7.04	No obongo	London Plan policies: T4
	Paragraph 7.24	No change No change	Becomes paragraph 7.16 Becomes paragraph 7.17
	Paragraph 7.25 T.6: Facilitating local	No change	T.6: Facilitating local connectivity
	connectivity	No change	<u>Cross-reference to Sub Area Policies:</u>
	connectivity		1.3; 2.2; 3.2; 4.2; Figure 24
	Deregraph 7.26	No obongo	London Plan policy: T3
	Paragraph 7.26 T.7: Transport	No change No change	Becomes paragraph 7.18 T.7: Transport Assessments and Travel
	Assessments and	No change	Plans
	Travel Plans		Cross-reference to Sub Area Policies
	That of That is		1.3; 2.2; 3.2; 4.2
			London Plan policy: T4
	Paragraph 7.27	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.19
	Paragraph 7.28	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.20
	Paragraph 7.29	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.21
	Paragraph 7.30	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.22
C199	T.8: Parking and parking standards in new development	Minor	Policy T.8: Parking and parking standards in new development
	new development		In considering development proposals that include off street parking, the
			Legacy Corporation will apply the Draft
			New London Plan Parking Standards. In
			considering whether the proposed
			provision of car parking is appropriate,
			the Legacy Corporation will require
			proposals where car parking is being
			considered to:
			Be at a low level appropriate to its
			location, within the LLDC area, with
			minimum levels of provision in locations with the highest levels of public
			transport accessibility In the first
			instance a Aim as a starting point for
			car-free development, where
			development is well connected, or
			planned to be, by public transport in the
			Legacy Corporation area, iln all other

Change Reference Number	Type of change	Proposed change
Number		areas car parking should be at low level,
		restricted in line with levels of existing
		and future public transport accessibility
		and connectivity.
		Be provided in a way that is appropriate
		to the existing and proposed character
		and form of the built environment, and
		acceptable in design terms Submit a
		Car Park Design and Management Plan
		as part of their application indicating
		how the car parking will be designed
		and managed to be acceptable.
		referencing Transport for London
		guidance on car parking management
		and design.
		Be provided in a way that is appropriate
		to the existing and proposed character
		and form of the built environment and,
		Wwhere provided off-street, does not
		compromise other potential street-level
		uses or dominate street frontages
		Not take precedence over the
		incorporation of open space, public
		realm or amenity space within and
		around the development
		Incorporate new car club spaces
		secured through Section 106
		Agreements as part of a sustainable
		approach to parking
		Incorporate the provision of electric
		charging points and parking bays for
		electric vehicles as part of any car
		parking provision
		Provide designated on- or off-street
		parking bays for Blue Badge holders,
		appropriate to the size, nature and
		location of the development in line with
		the Draft New London Plan Parking
		Standards.
		In cases where the application is for
		redevelopment of an existing site with
		parking provision the level of parking
		provision should be reduced or adjusted
		to reflect the current approach and
		standards.
		Where a scheme requires a Transport
		Assessment to be submitted, in
		accordance with Policy T.7 of this Local
		Plan, the appropriate level of parking
		should be determined through the

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference		change	
Number		C	
			assessment process in line with Draft
			New London Plan Parking Standards.
			For venues which generate a significant
			level of attendance by members of the
			public during events, there should be no
			provision for parking of private vehicles
			during events, except to meet requirements in the standards for Blue
			Badge parking bays and for parking for
			vehicles required for operational
			purposes.
			Where low levels of parking are
			proposed, the Legacy Corporation, in
			consultation with the appropriate
			Borough may require that contributions
			are made towards the setting of new or
			changes to existing controlled parking
			schemes and/or that future residents
			are not eligible for parking permits.
			Cross-reference to policies: BN.1;
			<u>BN.11; B.2</u> London Plan policies: T6 (T6.1-T6.5)
C200 F	Paragraph 7.31	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.23
	aragraph 7.51	WIITOT	This policy will allow for the actual level
			of parking provision proposed as part of
			a development to take into account local
			factors such as the ease of access to
			public transport services and to town
			and other Centres. The <u>Draft New</u>
			London Plan sets out maximum parking
			standards for different types of new
			development, currently within the
			Parking Addendum to Section 6 and within Table 6.2: Parking standards.
			Chapter 10 of the Draft New London
			Plan.
F	Paragraph 7.32	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.24
	Paragraph 7.33	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.25
C201 T	T.9: Providing for	Minor	Policy T.9: Providing for pedestrians
	pedestrians and		and cyclists
c	cyclists		
			The Legacy Corporation will promote
			and support the provision of safe routes
			for walking and cycling within its area that connect well with local destinations
			(including schools and community

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Reference		change	
Number		•	
			and public transport making up 80% of
			all journeys being undertaken by 2041:
			Walking and cycling provision should be
			safe, direct, coherent and attractive and
			be designed to be in accordance with
			the best practice guidance in place at
			the time
			Walking and cycling provision should
			integrate well with the street environment, minimising conflict with
			other modes wherever possible
			Parking provision for cyclists should
			meet or preferably exceed minimum
			standards set out in the <del>current</del> Draft
			New London Plan standards. Provision
			should be in a safe and secure and
			overlooked location, preferably under
			shelter. Work place cycle facilities
			should also include adequate levels of
			showering and changing facilities
			The provision of wayfinding and signage
			(such as Legible London) should be
			consistently applied across the Legacy Corporation area, in order to ensure
			continuity for users.
			Cross-reference to policies: SP.3; BN.1;
			BN.2
			London Plan policy: T5 (Table 10.2)
	Paragraph 7.34	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.26
	Paragraph 7.35	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.27
	Paragraph 7.36	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.28
	Paragraph 7.37	No change	Becomes paragraph 7.29
C202	T.10: Using the	Minor	T.10: Using the waterways for transport
	waterways for		
	transport		Where appropriate, and to help facilitate
			projects such as the Leaway, the
			Legacy Corporation will require
			development proposals to provide new or improved <u>safe</u> access along the
			waterways
			Cross-reference to policies: BN.1; BN.2;
			Figure 13
			London Plan policies: SI15, SI16
C203	Paragraph 7.39	Minor	Becomes paragraph 7.30
			Improvements to the waterways,
			including appropriate safety measures,
			and increasing of intensity of use will
			help promote more sustainable
			transport choices, and improve the
			quality, biodiversity and character of the

Change Reference Number	Type of change	Proposed change
		surrounding area. Projects such as the Lea River Park, which is being <u>has been</u> is being led by the Legacy Corporation, will improves access to and along the waterways and provide <u>s</u> an upgrade in the surrounding environment.

## Section 8 – Creating a sustainable place to live and work

Change Referen ce		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			
C204	Paragraph 8.1	Minor	Paragraph 8.1 Ensuring environmental sustainability' is one of the Legacy Corporation's Key Priorities set out in its vision. This Local Plan as a whole seeks to achieve the sustainable development of the Legacy Corporation area that results in a place that is economically, socially and environmentally sustainable. This is reflected in Policy SD.1: Sustainable development, following the vision <u>set</u> <u>out in the Draft New London Plan</u> in <u>Section 3 of</u> <u>the Local Plan</u> . That section, 'Our area', outlines the key sustainability challenges and opportunities within the Legacy Corporation area.
C205	Paragraph 8.2	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 8.2</li> <li>To ensure that this Local Plan embraces all aspects of sustainability, this section supplements the other policies in this Local Plan relating to sustainability issues by:</li> <li>addressing health and wellbeing, and</li> <li>focusing on those matters that will help to make the Legacy Corporation area and the development within it resilient to climate change (including relevant mitigation measures) and addressing the requirement to contribute towards the national and London Plan targets for securing reductions in carbon dioxide emissions, and the expansion of electronic communication networks, including telecommunications and high-speed broadband.</li> </ul>
C206	Paragraph 8.3	Minor	Paragraph 8.3 In applying the policies of this Local Plan together as a whole (see paragraph 3.7 and 3.8 of this Local Plan), the Legacy Corporation's aim is to ensure that a significant contribution is made to achieving a healthy place to live and work, that the Legacy Corporation's area is a place that achieves a high level of wellbeing and that the positive impacts of securing sustainability will reach beyond the Legacy Corporation boundary to those who live and work in the surrounding areas of east London. <u>To</u> <u>avoid repetition only Objective 5 is included within</u> <u>this section, however to reflect the overarching</u> <u>aims that the Legacy Corporation have around</u> <u>sustainability both Objectives 4 and 5 should be</u> referenced when reading this section.

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
C207	Objective 5	Minor	Objective 5: Deliver a <u>smart,</u> sustainable and healthy place to live and work
C208	SP.5: A sustainable and healthy place to live and work	Minor	Strategic Policy SP.5: A sustainable and healthy place to live and work The Legacy Corporation will work with its partners to achieve a sustainable future for those who live and work in its area and contribute to a sustainable future for east London and London, by: Ensuring that development contributes to the health and wellbeing of those living and working in the area Ensuring that development meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generation to meet their own needs Contributing to the Mayor's target for reducing London's carbon dioxide emissions by 60 per cent (below 1990 levels) by 2025, including through energy efficiency measure in buildings and increasing the use and availability of decentralised energy objective of London becoming a zero- carbon city by 2050 utilising all measures of efficiency and energy reduction available informed by the energy hierarchy. Reducing water use and encouraging the utilisation of rainwater harvesting, grey water recycling and use of non-potable water sources Minimising construction, commercial and householder waste Encourage a reduction in materials use and increase in materials reuse, recycling and composting, <u>ensuring that there is zero</u> biodegradable or recyclable waste to landfill by 2026 and meeting or exceeding the recycling targets set out in the Draft New London Plan Requiring retention of existing waste management facilities as set out in policy S.7 Minimising the travel demand and increasing opportunities for walking and cycling to <u>support in</u> the delivery of the Mayor's strategic target of 80 per cent of all trips in London to be made by foot, cycle or public transport by 2041 Requiring developments to mitigate and manage the effects of climate change Avoiding overheating and excessive heat generation as a result of new development Urban greening through planting in the public realm and private spaces and green and brown roofs Requiring Sustainable Urban Drainage measures (SuDs), restriction of surface water run-off rates

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			and interception of pollutants prior to discharge, where appropriate Protecting existing and encouraging the provision of new public and private open spaces and an increase of tree coverage in streets and open spaces Facilitating sustainable lifestyles for residents by considering the performance of buildings and spaces in operational use By supporting the provision and expansion of digital infrastructure within the Legacy Corporation area and enabling development for future infrastructure.
C209	Case Study 12: Chobham Manor exemplar homes	Minor	Case Study 12: Chobham Manor exemplar homes Chobham Manor is the first phase of the Legacy Communities Scheme and includes 828 new homes, a community centre and local retail, leisure and employment space. All dwellings will be have been built to the Fabric Energy Efficiency Standards (FEES) that will be applied by government to zero-carbon dwellings post-2016. All buildings will are connected to the district heating network. All homes will have smart meters for heat, electricity and water consumption. The planning permission requires <u>d</u> inclusion of 25 exemplar homes that will be capable of achieving a Code for Sustainable Homes score of at least 80, including with a requirement to be zero carbon through on- site measures and achieving water consumption of 80 litres per person per day (lppd). The first phase includes ten exemplar homes that will also include the following additional measures: Materials and construction methods that allow flexibility in use/easy deconstruction for reuse elsewhere Healthy materials with commitment to low Volatile Organic Compound paints Use of recycled materials such as brick for garden walls Efficient cooking appliances such as induction hobs Optimisation of output from PV panels; timers on washing machines and dishwashers to minimise energy consumption and manage peak demands Sustainable choices for fixtures and fittings by offer of AAA-rated fridges, recycled carpet, recycled glass tiles, bamboo flooring etc.
C210	S.1: Health and wellbeing	Minor	Policy S.1: Health and wellbeing

Change Referen ce		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			Applications for major development schemes will be required within their Design and Access Statement to describe how the scheme will contribute to the health and wellbeing of those who will live and/or work within the development proposed and would not significantly adversely affect those who live and/or work within the vicinity of the proposed development. This should include information on access to schools, health services, community facilities, leisure activities, local shops and services, parks and publicly accessible open spaces. Major development schemes should also demonstrate how they will deliver improvements that support the ten Healthy Streets Indicators as set out in the Draft New London Plan and Transport for London guidance, as well as access to the development via public transport and permeability through walking and cycling and how these link up with existing networks. They should also aim to reduce the dominance of vehicles on streets and demonstrate that they meet the requirements of all other relevant policies in this Local Plan. that they are located and designed to encourage active and healthy lifestyles and that they meet the requirements of all other relevant policies in this Local Plan, including those that encourage walking and cycling.
C211	Paragraph 8.4	Minor	Paragraph 8.4 The profile of the existing population within the Legacy Corporation area, is identified in Section 2 of this Local Plan and also reflected in its wider surrounding localities, is one where life expectancy, health, educational attainment and other quality-of- life indicators are lower than the London and national averages. The Legacy Corporation area, with its distribution of transport nodes, town and Local Centres, parklands and waterways, provides a context and setting for one of London's most significant areas of new development and regeneration, and a unique opportunity to develop a series of places that have the physical and mental health and wellbeing of those who live and work there at its core. These significant changes in the local environment and the high level of accessibility within new development, the public realm and other outside spaces, help to set the scene for enabling the future population to be one that meets at least the average for London as a

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			whole in accordance with the convergence strategy for the Growth Boroughs.
C212	Paragraph 8.5	Minor	Paragraph 8.5 Each major development scheme will, by its nature, play a significant part in achieving the aims of this policy. It is important that these development proposals demonstrate that they are helping to achieve this in a manner that is appropriate to their specific circumstances. Physical development will set the scene for existing and new communities to develop and change, with community organisations, local groups and service providers, including faith groups, having a major role in ensuring that these are communities that thrive. It is important that the Design and Access Statements for major schemes identify, by reference to policies within this <u>Draft New</u> Local Plan and the <u>Draft New</u> London Plan, those elements of the proposed scheme that will positively contribute to achieving positive outcomes for those who will live, work or otherwise use the development proposed.
C213	S.2: Energy in new development	Minor	<ul> <li>Policy S.2: Energy in new development</li> <li>Developments will be expected to minimise carbon dioxide emissions to the fullest extent possible by application of the Energy Hierarchy as set out below:</li> <li>1. Reducing energy requirements</li> <li>2. Supplying the energy that is required more efficiently and where possible generating, storing and using renewable energy on-site</li> <li>3. Meeting remaining energy requirements through renewable energy sources where viable and exploiting local energy resources.</li> <li>Major development proposals should as a minimum meet the regulated carbon dioxide emissions standards outlined within the London Plan be net zero-carbon, with carbon dioxide emissions reduced from both construction and operation. The Draft New London Plan sets this out as a minimum on-site reduction of at least 35 per cent beyond Building Regulations is to be expected. The Draft New London Plan requires a minimum on-site reduction of carbon emissions of at least 35 per cent beyond Building Regulations 2013. Residential development should aim to achieve 10 per cent, and non-residential development should aim to achieve 15 per cent through energy efficiency measures. For residential buildings:</li> </ul>

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Referen		change	
ce			
Number			2015 2016: 40 per cent improvement on the 2010
			<ul> <li>2015–2016: 40 per cent improvement on the 2010 Building Regulations Target Emission Rate</li> <li>2016–2031 zero carbon (including allowable solutions or equivalent contribution to the Carbon Off-setting Fund).</li> <li>Non-domestic proposals should achieve a 35 per cent improvement up to 2016, meet building regulation requirements from 2016, and be zero carbon from 2019 onwards.</li> <li>Where these targets cannot be met on site, and until any nationally recognised Allowable Solutions system is in place, a financial contribution to the Legacy Corporation Carbon Offsetting Fund will be required. A supplementary planning document will be prepared, setting The Legacy Corporation Carbon Offset Supplementary Planning Document (adopted August 2016) sets out the rate per tonne of carbon dioxide and the scheme for applying the funds raised.</li> <li>Major applications will be required to provide an Energy <u>Strategy Statement</u> that sets out how the development has addressed the Energy Hierarchy and meets or exceeds the targets above and the source and method of proposed energy supply <u>and</u> will be expected to monitor and report on energy <u>performance</u>. Energy statements should be prepared in accordance with Part D of London Plan</li> </ul>
			Policy 5.2 and provide an estimation of unregulated emissions for development in use, alongside calculated emissions associated with building regulations. Energy Strategies should be prepared in accordance with Policy SI2 of the Draft New London Plan. Cross-reference to policies: S.3; S.4; S.7; S.8
C214	Paragraph 8.6	Minor	London Plan policies: SI3 Paragraph 8.6
			In 2009, carbon emissions from buildings accounted for 43 per cent of the total (Department for Communities and Local Government). In his <u>Draft</u> London Plan, the Mayor sets out his ambition for London to be net zero-carbon to reduce carbon emissions in London to 60 per cent below their 1990 levels, by 2025. This reduction is a strategic priority that has the potential to make a significant contribution in a London context to minimising the projected levels of climate change. This fits with the wider national target set in the 2008 Climate Change Act and government targets for achieving new zero-carbon homes by 2016 and for zero- carbon non-domestic buildings by 2019. Achieving

Change Referen ce		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			reductions in carbon emissions from these sources is an essential element of a London-wide strategy to contribute towards reducing the rate of identified
C215	Paragraph 8.7	Minor No change	<ul> <li>climate change and improving air quality.</li> <li>Paragraph 8.7</li> <li>The Legacy Corporation will prepare a has an adopted supplementary planning document to set which sets out the rate to be applied to its areawide carbon off-setting scheme and identifiesying the mechanism for collecting and allocating the funds raised to ensure that funds are applied in a way that adequately mitigates the carbon dioxide emissions from the contributing development. The scheme for allocating funds raised will take takes into account the local opportunities to aid appropriate retrofitting of carbon saving measures to existing buildings and structures within and around the Legacy Corporation area. The rate set will need to ensures that development within the Legacy Corporation's carbon targets for the Legacy Corporation's Legacy Communities Scheme development, will provides the basis for this wider scheme. Application of the London Plan Energy Hierarchy (London Plan Policy 5.2set out in Chapter 9 of the Draft New London Plan) will be important:</li> <li><b>1. Be lean:</b> use less energy</li> <li><b>2. Be clean:</b> supply energy efficiently</li> <li><b>3. Be green:</b> use renewable energy</li> <li><b>4. Offset</b> (to be highlighted by new Figure image) Maximisation of energy efficiency should take account of all aspects of a scheme, including, for example, street lighting and communal lighting using LED or other efficient lighting technology. Outdoor lighting should also minimise losses of light to the sky.</li> </ul>
	and heat networks	No change	
	Paragraph 8.8	No change	Paragraph 8.8
	Paragraph 8.9	No change	Paragraph 8.9
	Paragraph 8.10	No change	Paragraph 8.10
	Paragraph 8.11	No change	Paragraph 8.11
	S.5: Water supply and	No change	

Change		Type of	Proposed change
Referen		change	
ce Number			
Number	waste water		
	disposal		
	Paragraph 8.12	No change	Paragraph 8.12
C216	Paragraph 8.13	Minor	Paragraph 8.13 It is also important that strategic and local projects are supported that help to address the issue of discharge of combined drainage into watercourses. Projects such as the Thames Tideway Tunnel will make a significant difference to water quality in the River Thames, while the Lee Tunnel <u>does this more</u> <u>locally will do so more locally when operational</u> following its completion in 2015. Locally, smaller- scale projects that help to separate foul and surface water drainage will also be important to help address water quality within the River Lee and associated watercourses and meet the requirements of the EU Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC).
	Paragraph 8.14	No change	Paragraph 8.14
	Case Study 14	Deletion	Case study deleted
C217	Policy IN.1: Telecommunicat ions infrastructure and impact of development on broadcast and telecommunicati ons services	Major	Becomes Policy S.6: Increasing digital connectivity, safeguarding existing communications provision and enabling future infrastructure Telecommunications infrastructure and impact of development on broadcast and telecommunications services Increasing digital connectivity, safeguarding existing communications provision and enabling future infrastructure In considering proposals for new telecommunications infrastructure, the Legacy Corporation will consider proposals against other policies in this Local Plan. In particular, the Legacy Corporation will need to be satisfied that new telecommunications equipment does not have a significant adverse impact on the appearance of existing buildings and amenity of the area in which it is proposed to be located. Where possible, the Legacy Corporation will require new telecommunications and radio equipment to be located on existing masts, buildings and other structures to minimise the number of installations, unless the need for a new site has been justified. Where development is proposed that may have significant adverse impact on and interfere with existing telecommunications or broadcast services, the Legacy Corporation will require that an impact statement is prepared and mitigation plan implemented as necessary through a Section 106

Change Referen		Type of	Proposed change
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Number			Agreement prior to occupation of a proposed development. Digital communications and connectivity is a key element in enabling growth and facilitating innovation within the Legacy Corporation area, new development <del>will seek to s</del> hould: As set out in the Draft New London Plan to achieve greater digital connectivity than set out in part R1 of the building regulations Safeguard existing communications infrastructure, or where a significant adverse impact has been identified, prepare an impact statement and implement a mitigation plan as necessary through a Section 106 agreement prior to occupation of the proposed development, especially in relation to mobile connectivity Co-locate services where possible on existing structures, such as masts, or within appropriate street furniture, such as street lighting, to ensure the effective use of public realm to accommodate well-designed and located mobile digital infrastructure on the existing built environment Ensure that sufficient ducting space is provided for future digital connectivity infrastructure As technologies continue to develop that improve efficiency and help reduce resource usage development proposals should consider the latest innovations to help support requirements around initiatives such as the zero-carbon target and the Healthy Streets Approach. The Legacy Corporation supports the usage of innovations and new technologies that go above the expectations already set in policy to make new development sustainable in the long term. Where it is identified that space should be left for future technology or innovations, such as the requirement for space for ducting already set out above, the Legacy Corporation supports these inclusions and making the most of opportunities to enable future infrastructure where there is evidence to show their benefit. Cross-reference to policies: B.1: S.4: CIL Charging Schedule; CIL Infrastructure List; Planning <u>Obligations SPD</u>
C218	Paragraph 7.5	Minor	London Plan policies: SI6 Becomes paragraph 8.15
			Provision of high-quality communications
			infrastructure is essential for economic growth. The
			Legacy Corporation therefore supports provision of

Change Referen ce		Type of change	Proposed change
Number			improved infrastructure and enabling space for new infrastructure. However, it is also important to ensure that new communications and smart infrastructure integrates well into the area and has
			a satisfactory appearance, and does not have a detrimental impact on the area within which it is proposed.
C219	Paragraph 7.6	Minor	Becomes paragraph 8.16 The Legacy Corporation will require that new infrastructure is located as far as possible on existing buildings and structures to minimise the proliferation of stand-alone <u>tele</u> communications structures which could have a detrimental impact on the area. Where the policy requires a mitigation plan for new development to address potential effects on <del>telecommunications or broadcast</del> <u>communications networks</u> <del>services</del> , the scope of this, including any assessment methodology, should be agreed in advance with the Local Planning Authority. <u>New development should, as</u> <u>far as possible, support innovation and enable</u> communications networks and future infrastructure.
C220	IN2. Planning for waste	Minor	Becomes Policy S.7: Planning for waste In carrying out its function as a Local Planning Authority, the Legacy Corporation will cooperate with the four Boroughs in matters of strategic waste management and planning. In doing so and in making planning decisions, it will take full account of: The waste apportionment targets set for each Borough within the London Plan The adopted local waste plans or waste planning policy for that Borough The development of new or review of existing adopted waste plans for that Borough. Proposals that would result in the loss of an existing waste management facility would only be permitted where it can be demonstrated that: An additional waste management facility has been secured, and is deliverable, which will meet the maximum waste throughput of that existing site, or An existing site can provide an additional capacity equivalent to that maximum waste throughput, and The new site is located within London and continues to meet London's strategic need in the same waste authority area or waste authority group area as the original site.

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		Proposals for new waste management facilities will be permitted where: It is located within an area designated as Strategic Industrial Land (SIL) which has been identified as a Preferred Industrial Location (PIL), or where appropriate within an Industrial Business Park (IBP) or a Locally Significant Industrial Site (LSIS) The proposal does not compromise or otherwise make unviable the existing adjacent employment or transport functions Its design and operation will not adversely affect the wider amenity of the proposed location It can be demonstrated to have met the tests within the Appendix B of the (draft) National Planning Policy: Planning for Sustainable Waste Uses. <u>Cross-reference to policies: B.1; S.8. ELWA</u> Boroughs Joint Waste Development Plan Document (2012); North London Waste Plan London Plan policies: SI7; SI8; SI9
Paragraph 7 7	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.17
Paragraph 7.8	Minor	<b>Becomes paragraph 8.18</b> The Legacy Corporation is the waste planning authority for its area by virtue of its role as a planning authority. The Four Boroughs have responsibility for waste planning within the remainder of their area. Each borough has, or will have within the lifetime of this Local Plan, an adopted waste plan or waste planning policies. The adopted East London Waste Plan includes and has effect within the Newham part of the Legacy Corporation area. Tower Hamlets is its own waste authority and relevant policies within the Tower Hamlets Core Strategy (2010) will remain relevant In each case it will be necessary for the Legacy Corporation to cooperate and work closely with each Borough where adopted plans and policy are reviewed or specific proposals that affect waste management or waste sites arise. The Boroughs of Hackney and Waltham Forest each belong to the North London Waste Planning group which is in the early stages of preparing its Waste Local Plan. The Legacy Corporation will work closely with these two Boroughs, the North London Boroughs and other key stakeholders to make sure that the North London Waste Plan continues to take account of any waste capacity, sites and related evidence within that part of the Legacy Corporation area. The
		Legacy Corporation will also work with the Borough and relevant authorities in relation to waste
	Paragraph 7.7 Paragraph 7.8	Paragraph 7.7 No change

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			these are efficient, well designed and appropriate, where appropriate through encouraging consideration of innovative solutions such as vacuum systems and compactors on site.
	Paragraph 7.9	Reference update	Becomes paragraph 8.19 The <u>Draft New</u> London Plan identifies waste apportionment targets that each Borough should meet for its area. The <u>Draft New</u> London Plan does not include a waste apportionment target for the Legacy Corporation area. However, the Legacy Corporation will cooperate with the four boroughs, the GLA and TfL in seeking to meet the borough apportionment targets and strategy for waste. When determining planning applications, these targets will remain the appropriate policy context against which to judge the acceptability of proposals that have an effect on any existing management site or operation, including proposals for new or expanded facilities.
C222	Paragraph 7.10	Minor	Becomes paragraph 8.20 With existing waste management facilities located within the area, the policy identifies the criteria that would be necessary for proposals to meet if they would result in the loss of an existing facility, in order for them to be acceptable in terms of the effect on the waste apportionment targets set for each Borough and in order to meet the requirement of London Plan Policy 5.17 Waste Capacity requirements set out in policies in Chapter 9 of the Draft New London Plan.
C223	Paragraph 7.11	Minor	<b>Becomes paragraph 8.21</b> For proposals on undesignated (windfall) sites, Strategic Preferred Industrial Locations (SIL) are the locations within which new waste management facilities would be considered as acceptable, provided proposals meet the acceptability criteria in the policy. In the Legacy Corporation area, these are Fish Island South and Bow Goods Yard (see Policy B.1). Proposals may also be considered acceptable within Industrial Business Parks (IBP) or Locally Significant Industrial Sites (LSIS) where it is possible to demonstrate clearly that there would not be an adverse effect on the surrounding uses or area.
C224	S.6: Waste reduction	Minor	<b>Becomes Policy S.8: Waste reduction</b> The Legacy Corporation will, in making planning decisions, require that new development proposals contribute to the reduction of waste during construction and once operational, by minimising

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Number			the amount of waste produced and maximising
			the amount of waste produced and maximising reuse, recycling and composting <u>and promoting a</u> <u>more circular economy</u> . Proposals for new development should demonstrate how they have adopted the Waste Hierarchy in their design and how they will enable their residents to minimise waste and maximise both reuse and recycling. Development proposals should demonstrate how they have: designed out waste through lean design, maximised the reused and recycled content within the materials used for construction, minimised the production of excess or waste material during construction and maximised the opportunities for reuse or recycling of materials remaining from construction. Excavated materials should, where practical, be retained and reused on site. Planning applications for major development schemes should include a statement within the Design and Access Statement that sets out how the scheme will comply with the requirements of this policy. Proposals for all development will, where relevant, be required to demonstrate that adequate provision has been made for domestic and commercial waste storage and for collection that allows for a range of future collection options which include separate collection of general waste, recyclable materials
			and other waste streams. Cross-reference to policies: SP.4; S.4; S.7
		NIl-	London Plan policies: SI7; SI8; SI9
	Paragraph 8.15	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.22
C225	Paragraph 8.16	No change Minor	Becomes paragraph 8.23
C225	S.7: Overheating and urban greening	Minor	Policy S.9: Overheating and urban greening Proposals for new development should ensure that buildings and spaces are designed to avoid overheating and excessive heat generation internally and externally, while minimising the need for internal air conditioning systems, taking into account <u>Draft New London Plan Policy SI4 and the</u> <u>Mayor's zero carbon target of 2050 the guidance</u> within the Mayor of London's Climate Change and Adaptation Strategy. Outside the existing parks and open spaces within the Legacy Corporation area, opportunities to introduce planting of trees in private and public spaces, including streets, along with those for including green roofs, green walls and other planting opportunities, should be taken to maximise

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			the contribution that urban greening can make in creating a liveable environment and maximising local biodiversity and encouraging local food growing. Planning applications for major development schemes should set out within the Design and Access Statement the measures included to avoid overheating (including overheating analysis against a mid-range climate scenario for the 2030s) and excessive heat generation and, where appropriate, to maximise urban greening. <u>Cross-reference to policies: BN.3; BN.8; S.1; S.4</u> London Plan policies: D2; SI14
	Paragraph 8.17	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.24
C226	Paragraph 8.18	Minor	<b>Becomes paragraph 8.25</b> All development proposals should consider the opportunities to avoid overheating within buildings and also introduce additional greening to the site environment. Where feasible, and not in conflict with achieving high levels of building fabric efficiency, passive ventilation should be favoured. Applications for major development schemes will be expected to demonstrate that these issues have been addressed within the scheme design. This policy should be read alongside <u>Draft New</u> London Plan Policy 5.9 Overheating and Cooling Policy <u>S14 Managing heat risk</u> , in particular taking into account the cooling hierarchy: 1. Minimise internal heat generation 2. Reduce the amount of heat entering a building in summer through orientation, shading, albedo, fenestration, insulation and green roofs and walls 3. Manage the heat within the building through exposed internal thermal mass and high ceilings 4. Passive ventilation <u>5. Providing mechanical ventilation</u> <u>6. Active cooling systems (assuming that they are the lowest carbon option).</u>
C227	S.8: Flood risk and sustainable drainage measures (first part)	Minor	Becomes Policy S.10: Flood risk The Legacy Corporation will take into account the most up-to-date flood risk information when carrying out its relevant functions and seek to reduce risk to life and property in doing so. Where development is proposed within Flood Zones 2 or 3 and is outside a Site Allocation within this Local Plan, planning applications should be accompanied by evidence that the proposed development is capable of meeting the Sequential

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			Test and, where appropriate, that the Exceptions Test as defined within the National Planning Policy Framework has been applied to demonstrate that no alternative location for the proposed development is available. Where no alternative location is available, a flood risk assessment should be submitted demonstrating that the proposal does not increase flood risk to third parties and, wherever possible, reduces flood risk. A site specific flood risk assessment may be required within Local Flood Risk Zones identified in Surface Water Management Plans (subject to location and degree of flood hazard) to ensure that the development will remain safe and will not increase flood risk to others. Where deemed necessary, the development proposals must be supported by a detailed integrated hydraulic modelling within the Flood Risk Assessment. Development proposals must be designed to reduce vulnerability to climate change, apply the sequential approach on site, be flood resilient and resistant, setting living accommodation finished floor levels 300mm above the predicted flood level for the 1 in 100 chance in any year flood event including an allowance for climate change, and must provide an appropriate means of escape to a higher level within the building or a safe route to a location above the predicted flood level. No basement development will be permitted within Flood Zones 2 or 3.
			Cross-reference to policies: BN.2; T.10; S.4 London Plan policies: SI12
C228	S.8 Flood Risk and Sustainable drainage measures (second part)	Major	(New policy with wording split from previous Policy S.8) Policy S.11: Sustainable drainage measures and flood protections
			The rate of surface water run-off from development sites should be restricted to no greater than the equivalent for a Green Field site of an equivalent for a Green Field site of an equivalent size. <u>It should be managed as close to its source as</u> <u>possible in line with the drainage hierarchy set out</u> <u>in policy SI143 of the Draft New London Plan.</u> Using sustainable drainage techniques as a first choice and only using other methods of flow restriction where it can be shown that sustainable drainage methods are not feasible in that location, particularly in areas where a localised surface

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			water drainage problem has been identified within a Surface Water Management Plan (including potential flooding from sewers). <u>The Legacy</u> <u>Corporation will support developments which do</u> <u>not include proposals for impermeable paving.</u> Sustainable drainage systems that have benefits for water quality and storage, <u>efficiency</u> , habitat and landscapes and <u>amenity and recreation</u> should be fully considered before other options. All drainage systems discharging to a watercourse must include appropriate anti-pollution measures that can be easily accessed and maintained. Development proposals that create an obstruction within a watercourse or obstruct existing flood flow paths across land which cannot be mitigated through compensatory works or provision of additional flood storage capacity will not be permitted. The design and layout of proposed development should incorporate appropriate buffer strips adjacent to watercourses to allow access for flood risk maintenance and biodiversity and adequate space for sustainable drainage techniques. Where development is proposed on a site that includes an existing flood defence structure, development proposals should be designed to maintain the integrity of existing structure. Where the need for new or improved flood defences have been identified, relevant planning applications should demonstrate that allowance has been made for the relevant works to take place, including sufficient access for construction. Where a development proposal is dependent on the provision, improvement or repair of a river wall or other flood defence structure, these works should be included within the development applied for within the planning application. <u>Cross-reference to policies: BN.2; T.10; S.4</u> London Plan policies; SI13
	Paragraph 8.19	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.26
	Paragraph 8.20	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.27
	Paragraph 8.21	No change	Becomes paragraph 8.28
C229	Paragraph 8.22	Minor	<b>Becomes paragraph 8.29</b> The Flood and Water Management Act 2010 makes each of the four Boroughs the Lead Local Flood Authority within their area. This includes a duty on each Borough to develop, maintain, apply

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			and monitor a strategy for local flood-risk management in its area. Where these strategies have been prepared, these or any related Preliminary Flood Risk Assessment will need to be taken into account in carrying out any site-specific flood risk assessment. Under the terms of the Act, each Borough will also become a SuDS (Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems) Approval Body. Formal approval will be required for new drainage systems for new and redeveloped sites and highways. This will be a separate consent regime. However, even where planning permission is in place, the formal consent of the SuDS Approval Body will be required before development can commence. Once in place, the compliance with the National Standards for Sustainable Drainage will be required. Any interim or final SuDS and SuDS Approval Body guidance published by each Borough will also need to be taken into account in designing drainage and seeking this consent. A potential change to national planning policy could result in a move away from the proposed SUDs Approval Body approach to one which relies on securing approval through the existing planning or other processes. If introduced in the form envisaged, proposals for major development will be required to demonstrate that SUDs have been considered as a first option and that the options chosen are accepted as correct through consultation with relevant bodies. Long-term management and maintenance would also need to be secured. Proposals would also need to accord with the National Standards and Specified Criteria for Sustainable Drainage.
C230	New Policy	Major	Policy S.12: Resilience, safety and security
			The Legacy Corporation works with a range of development partners and stakeholders in order to ensure and maintain a safe and secure environment within the area, that is resilient against emergencies and threats such as fire, flood and terrorism. Part of this includes working closely with agencies such as the Metropolitan Police Service and the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority to identify relevant needs, policies and other necessary infrastructure required to maintain a safe and secure environment. To continue maintaining this environment it is key that:

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C231	New Paragraph	Major	Development proposals should maximise building resilience and minimise potential physical risks through good design, use of the building regulations, Draft New London Plan policies and policies within this Local Plan, such as S.10 and S.11 in relation to flood risk New development should consider measures at the start of the design process which aim to design out crime and deter terrorism, assist in the detection of terrorist activity and help mitigate its effects Where required, physical security and safety measures should support and enhance the Healthy Streets vision and create spaces that people can enjoy, where they feel safe and relaxed and encouraged to choose to walk, cycle or use public transport. Cross-reference to policies: BN.4; BN.5; BN.6; BN.8; BN.11; BN.12; BN.14; S.1; S.2; S.3; S.4; S.5; S.6; S.7; S.8; S.9; S.10; S.11 London Plan policies: GG5; D10; D11 New Paragraph 8.30
			Reasoned Justification The Legacy Corporation's key aims around LIVE, WORK, VISIT and INSPIRE rely on the development of a safe and accessible built environment. The Draft New London Plan puts an increased emphasis on people feeling safe in their environment and includes policies in Chapter 3 around Safety, security and resilience. The Legacy Corporation area includes strategic infrastructure such as stations, key routes and iconic facilities in the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park, as well as large leisure facilities including Westfield Stratford City. There are is also a rapidly increasing population, a range of businesses and new development in the area and events that generate large numbers of visitors. This policy therefore supports the Legacy Corporation in to deliver a safe, accessible and relaxed environment as supported by the Draft New London Plan.
C232	New Paragraph	Major	New Paragraph 8.31 Policy Application The London Risk Register sets out hazards and threats across London and sets out controls in place in order to prepare for these, this is maintained and managed by the London Resilience Group and provides an evidence base for wider challenges that Planning Authorities in London

Change Referen ce Number		Type of change	Proposed change
			might face. This, combined with information around more localised needs, such as protective security relating to crowded spaces within the Legacy Corporation's area, where there are predictable and high levels of crowding. As well as information about schemes that have or will create a higher level of risk than existed previously, provides the background for the Legacy Corporation's approach to resilience, safety and security in the area.
C233	New Paragraph	Major	New Paragraph 8.32 The Metropolitan Police (Designing Out Crime Officers and Counter Terrorism Security Advisers) should be consulted to ensure that major developments in the Legacy Corporation area contain appropriate design solutions from the outset, which respond to the potential level of risk whilst maintaining high quality of place and reducing the need to retrofit solutions in future. Any proposed physical mitigations should give due regard to their impact on the design of the wider area and public realm and how they encourage walking and cycling and help reduce the dominance of motor vehicles. Where appropriate the Legacy Corporation may also consider protective security or safety measures at other major developments that are identified by the police at the time of the proposal being made are identified by the police as having a significant risk. These proposals and measures will be considered on a case by case basis.

Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
e Number			
C234	Vision	Minor	Hackney Wick and Fish Island will become a more vibrant, diverse and well-connected series of mixed and balanced neighbourhoods with places of social, cultural and economic activity. The established residential areas in the north, historic character in the centre, and industrial areas to the south, will have been complemented by a mix of new homes, employment floorspace and community facilities around and within buildings of historic interest, a new Neighbourhood Centre and <del>an</del> <u>the</u> upgraded railway station.
			These will be served by and have direct access to the open spaces and world-class sporting facilities of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park. A new digital quarter of hi-tech, media, broadcasting and education activities will be clustered within and around Here East, <u>with potential designation of Hackney Wick &amp; Fish Island as a Creative Enterprise Zone this will be and complemented by a significant presence of creative and cultural industries producing bespoke and artistic products west of the Lee Navigation.</u>
C235	Area analysis	Deletion	Note: Proposed to remove section and leave this level of analysis to the background papers and evidence base reports, for example the Characterisation study.STRENGTHS • Proximity to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and Westfield Stratford City, including Stratford Regional/International stations • Existing Overground station and planned improvements • Heritage assets • River and canal frontages • Creative cultural industries and community • Businesses and industry • Intricate yards and passages • Access to the A12. OPPORTUNITIES • Under-utilised and empty sites and canal/river frontages • New open spaces, internal connections, and the creation of a legible street network • New residential/mixed-use development • New businesses/creative cultural industries • New Neighbourhood Centre, delivering local amenities/services • Heritage-led regeneration. CHALLENGES • Physical severance • Poor internal movement network and legibility •

### Section 10 - Sub area 1 – Hackney Wick and Fish Island

Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
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			Improving safety (i.e. natural surveillance) • Rebalancing the currently disproportionate mix of uses • Lack of small open spaces and local amenities/services • Access to canal and river frontages • Flood risk • Noise and pollution from the A12 • Preserving or enhancing heritage assets and maintaining local distinctiveness • Preventing development that is ad hoc, low quality and/or of an inappropriate scale • Retaining employment floorspace • Increasing the number of creative cultural industries.
	Paragraph 10.1	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.1
	Paragraph 10.2	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.1
C236	Development Potential	Deletion	Development Potential Approximately 2,000 new homes have planning permission and a further 2,500 could be delivered across potential development sites within the next 15 years. Overall, 4,500 new homes are anticipated to be delivered within the Sub Area during the Plan period, including the new development planned for East Wick and Sweetwater. The East Wick and Sweetwater sites are located to the east of Hackney Wick and Fish Island, along the western edge of the Park. These will exemplify the best of London's residential architecture with a range of family homes and apartments inspired by the attractive housing found along the edges of London's parks. The sites have outline planning consent as part of the wider Legacy Communities Scheme for more than 30,000 sqm of employment floorspace, leisure, retail, community and education facilities, and approximately 1,500 homes. There is potential for an additional 20,000 square metres (approximately) of A1–A5 and D1–D2 Use Class floorspace west of the Lee Navigation. The delivery of this will contribute to the creation of a genuinely mixed-use environment with residential uses (C3) interlaid amongst business (B1–B2), retail and service (A1–A5) and Community (D1–D2) Use Classes.
C237	Paragraph 10.3 – Area Priorities	Minor	Paragraph 10.3 – Area Priorities  Creative and productive employment: Protecting creative and cultural industrial uses that support the continuation of

Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
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			Hackney Wick and Fish Island's entrepreneurial and enterprising work culture. The Legacy Corporation in its role as Local Planning Authority will support the creative and cultural industries that combine to give Hackney Wick and Fish Island its distinctive sense of place. It will also promote development that incorporates a range of employment floorspace including 'starter' and 'move on' units affordable workspace, low cost business space, managed workspace, incubator, accelerator and co-working space suitable for small and medium enterprises. Hackney Wick and Fish Island contains nearly 40 per cent of the employment land within the Legacy Corporation area, and a significant proportion of more than 60 per cent of its individual businesses.
C238	Paragraph 10.3 – Area Priorities	Minor	Paragraph 10.3 Clusters of activity: Promoting places where public and employment uses animate the private and public realm. To the east, across the Lee Navigation, there is an employment cluster to support the ongoing development of a technology cluster digital and associated creative businesses at Here East. This provides flexible business/studio floorspace, a data centre, retail uses, and conference and education facilities in the former International Broadcast Centre (IBC) and Main Press Centre (MPC). Here East will provide an incubator and accelerator space for start-up businesses, and will create more than 5,000 jobs within a new quarter for London that supports the growth of the digital and creative industries.
C239	Paragraph 10.3 – Area Priorities	Minor	Paragraph 10.3 Waterways and open spaces: Enhancing the waterside environment and facilitating the provision of publicly accessible open spaces and the activation of the Blue Ribbon Network. A significant proportion of the Sub Area lies within the Lee Valley Regional Park and is situated at the southern extent of a continuous area of open spaces and waterways. Opportunities for informal leisure on and along the waterways should be provided. As part of the public realm improvements for Hackney Wick and Fish Island, a Canal Park runs along the entire western edge of Queen Elizabeth Olympic

Change Referenc e	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
Number			Park adjacent to the Lee Navigation. This is a local park and a critical piece of public realm for Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and Hackney Wick and Fish Island. The park accommodates a varied set of landscapes and routes, providing a consistent and active edge to the canal. The design for the Canal Park responds to the ecology, history and diverse heritage of the Lower Lea Valley and helps to meet the needs of <u>existing and</u> future communities in <u>cluding</u> East Wick and Sweetwater.
C240	New Insert Page	Minor (non- policy amendment)	<ul> <li>Here East – SIL (Strategic Technology Cluster)</li> <li>The 2012 Games Press and Broadcast Centres in the north-west of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park have been transformed into Here East providing a mix of studio, business, office, accelerator, education and cultural and accelerator space, with 5,000 jobs when fully occupied. See Policy B.1 and Table 3 2 (B.1a1). Current occupiers include:</li> <li>Broadcast and production, including BT Sport</li> <li>Plexal Innovation Centre</li> <li>V&amp;A research and learning hub and storage facility</li> <li>Higher Education and research (including Loughborough University and University College London)</li> <li>Ford Innovation Office</li> <li>Studio Wayne McGregor</li> <li>The Trampery on the Gantry – 21 free standing affordable workspace studio's (focused on local creative businesses),</li> <li>Event and conference facilities</li> </ul>
C241	Policy 1.1: Managing change in Hackney Wick and Fish Island	Minor	<ul> <li>Policy 1.1: Managing change in Hackney Wick and Fish Island</li> <li>Proposals for development within Sub Area 1 will be considered acceptable where they:</li> <li>1. Maintain the overall amount of existing employment floorspace (B Use Class), including that used by creative and cultural industries and operating as low-cost and managed workspace</li> </ul>

Change Referenc e	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
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			(in accordance with the provisions outlined under Policies B.1 and B.4)
			2. Propose employment floorspace falling within B1 (a), B1 (b), B1 (c) <del>and B2 Use</del> Classes inside the Hackney Wick Station Area allocation <del>boundary</del> <u>Neighbourhood Centre</u> boundary, and B1 (b), B1 (c), B2 and B8 Use Classes outside it
			3. Within the Neighbourhood Centre boundary, includes floorspace for local retail, cultural and other leisure use (within Use Classes A1-A5 and D1-D2). Outside of the boundary retail and leisure uses should be small scale and serve an immediately localised need.
			3 <u>4</u> . Restore and reuse heritage assets for employment or other uses.
	Paragraph 10.4	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.4
	Paragraph 10.5	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.5
	Policy 1.2 Promoting Hackney Wick and Fish Island's unique identity	No change	Policy 1.2 Promoting Hackney Wick and Fish Island's unique identity No change to policy proposed.
	Paragraph 10.6	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.6
	Paragraph 10.7	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.7
	Policy 1.3: Connecting Hackney Wick	No change	Policy 1.3: Connecting Hackney Wick and Fish Island
	and Fish Island		No change to policy proposed.
	Paragraph 10.8	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.8
	Paragraph 10.9	No change	Remains as Paragraph 10.9
C242	Policy 1.4: Preserving or enhancing heritage assets in	Deletion	Policy has been deleted and requirements included within Policy BN.16 and it supporting text (see proposed revision text in Section 6 Built and natural environment).
	Hackney Wick and Fish Island		Policy 1.4: Preserving or enhancing heritage assets in Hackney Wick and Fish Island

Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
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			Proposals for development in Sub Area 1, within the boundary or immediate setting of heritage assets (see Figure 31), will be considered acceptable where they: 1. Preserve or enhance the special architectural or historic interest that has been identified within the appraisals of those heritage assets, in particular historic buildings, structures, yards, waterways and the pre-war residential and industrial street patterns that give the area its unique character 2. Enhance and reveal the significance of heritage assets, including the Lee Navigation and Hertford Union Canal 3. Restore and reuse heritage assets located within application boundaries as part of new development 4. Exhibit an understanding of and reference the architectural and historic interest of the area within their design 5. Retain street trees and/or provide these, where appropriate.
C243	Paragraph 10.10	Deletion	The heritage assets in Hackney Wick and Fish Island will help define the future character of the area and Policy 1.4 ensures that the design and form of new development will preserve or enhance the area's special architectural and historic interest. This will add value to the future residential and business uses located here and distinguish the area from its surrounding urban context.
C244	Paragraph 10.11	Deletion	There is a presumption against the loss of the heritage assets that have been identified as making a positive contribution to the architectural or historic interest of Hackney Wick and Fish Island. Historic England (formally English Heritage) has published guidance on the setting of heritage assets. This should be used to manage issues that arise in relation to 'setting' through development proposals.
	Policy 1.5: Improving the public and private realm in Hackney Wick and Fish Island	No change	Becomes Policy 1.4. Improving the public and private realm in Hackney Wick and Fish Island No change
	Paragraph 10.12	No change	Becomes paragraph 10.10

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
	Paragraph 10.13	No change	Becomes paragraph 10.11
C245	Policy 1.6: Building to an appropriate height in Hackney Wick and Fish Island	Deletion	Policy 1.6: Building to an appropriate height in Hackney Wick and Fish Island Proposals for development greater than 20 metres above ground level will only be acceptable subject to the provisions outlined within Policy BN.10.
C246	Paragraph 10.14	Deletion	The prevailing height of Sub Area 1 is 20 metres above existing ground level. This is represented through a mixture of intermittent building heights that together form a unique arrangement that contributes to the area's townscape.
C247	Paragraph 10.15	Deletion	This policy sets the building height level above which development proposals will be assessed against Policy BN.10.
C248	Paragraph 10.16	Deletion	An area-based Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) will be prepared for the core areas of regeneration and change west of the Lee Navigation. This will outline the ways that development within those locations can achieve the Sub Area 1 priorities and policy requirements, as well as the overarching objectives of the Local Plan. The SPD will provide additional guidance on the types and forms of development that are appropriate for those core areas, facilitate delivery and ensure that piecemeal development does not prejudice the comprehensive heritage-led regeneration of Hackney Wick and Fish Island.
C249	New Paragraph	Minor	Paragraph 10.12 Application of Policy BN.5 within the sub area The prevailing height of development within Sub Area 1 has been established at 20 metres above ground level, equating to approximately 4-6 stories of development. This is represented through a range of intermittent building heights that together form a unique arrangement that contributes to the area's townscape. Policy BN.5 sets out the approach that will need to be applied both in designing new development and in assessing planning applications where this is proposed to exceed this height. Aside from limited variations, it is expected that new development will remain at or below this level.

Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
e Number			
			Within the boundaries of Hackney Wick Neighbourhood Centre, Policy BN.5 identifies the centre function and transport connections as being a potential justification for achieving an element of greater height and density provided the character of the area, particularly within the Hackney Wick Conservation Area, is not harmed. Table 10 below specifically sets out the height above which the policy test set out in Policy BN.5 will apply.
C249 a	New Table	Minor	Table 10 – see below.
C250	SA1.1 Hackney Wick Station Area	Minor	Add the following to supporting development principles: <u>The site allocation is expected to yield a</u> minimum of 800 new homes with an affordable
			housing threshold of 35% in accordance with Policy H2.
C251	SA1.2 Hamlet Industrial Estate	Minor	Add the following to supporting development principles: <u>The site allocation is expected to yield a</u> <u>minimum of 100 new homes with an affordable</u> <u>housing threshold of 50% in accordance with</u> Policy H2.
C252	SA1.3: Hepscott Road	Minor	Amend the sixth site allocation policy bullet point as follows:
			"Any proposal that does not safeguard the existing waste capacity should be resisted unless it can be demonstrated this capacity can be more efficiently re-provided elsewhere within London <u>and otherwise meets the requirements</u> <u>of Policy IN.2 of this Plan.</u> Any such proposal must ensure that such an approach counts towards the Borough's overall waste apportionment target (to the satisfaction of the Borough and the GLA)."
			The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 475 new homes with an affordable housing threshold of 35% in accordance with Policy H2 and extant planning permission.
C253	SA1.4: Bream Street	Deletion	Delete site allocation.
C254	SA1.5: 415 Wick Lane	Deletion	Delete site allocation.

Change Referenc e	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
o Number			
C255	SA1.6 Neptune Wharf	Minor	Becomes Site Allocation 1.4.         The proposed option is to retain the current site allocation to reinforce delivery of policy requirements within the consented scheme, including delivery of the school.         Additional text to be added to "Supporting Development Principles":         The site allocation is expected to yield a
			minimum of 520 new homes with affordable housing being delivered in accordance with the
C256	SA1.7: East Wick and Here East	Major	current planning permission. Becomes Site Allocation SA1.5: East Wick and Here East
			Employment cluster and c Employment, technology and education cluster and comprehensive, phased mixed-use development, including residential, employment, retail, leisure and community floorspace (incorporating a new primary school and two nurseries).
			<ul> <li><u>Development should include two new nurseries</u></li> <li>Development should relate well to Hackney Wick Neighbourhood Centre and Canal Park</li> <li>Development should provide a gateway to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and establish a high-quality frontage that engages with both the Lee Navigation and Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park</li> </ul>
			• Development should support the continuation of direct east-west connections from Hackney Wick and Fish Island to the primary school and Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park
			<ul> <li>Routes between East Wick and the Neighbourhood Centre should provide frontages to support the generation of active ground-floor uses.</li> <li><u>Development should support the</u> employment, media, education, technological</li> </ul>
			and creative functions of Here East, including the intensification and redevelopment of under-utilised areas and subsidiary retail, leisure or other 'walk to' services (Table 3, B.1a1).
			Supporting development Principles:

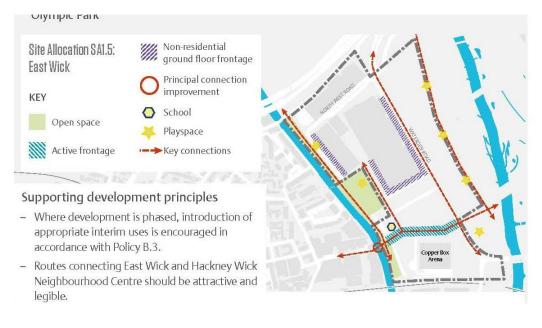
Change Referenc	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
e Number			
			<ul> <li>Where development is phased, introduction of appropriate interim uses is encouraged in accordance with Policy B.3.</li> <li>Routes connecting East Wick and Hackney Wick Neighbourhood Centre should be attractive and legible.</li> </ul>
			• The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 880 new homes with an affordable housing being delivered in accordance with the current planning permission
			Phasing and Implementation:
			2015/16 onwards 2018/19 onwards
			Relevant Planning History East Wick: - The East Wick site was granted planning permission on 28 September 2012, subject to conditions and a Section 106 (S106) Agreement (LPA ref 11/90621/OUTODA). Up to 96,097 sqm residential floorspace, approximately 880 homes Up to 9,001 sqm employment (B1a and B1b/c) floorspace Up to 4,725 sqm of retail (A1–A5) and leisure (D2) floorspace Up to 6,888 sqm of community (D1) floorspace, including a new primary school and two nurseries.
			Here East: Here East was granted planning permission on 25 February 2014, subject to conditions and a Section 106 (S106) Agreement (LPA ref 13/00534/FUM, 13/00536/COU and 13/00537/FUL) - An employment cluster including digital, creative, media and broadcasting businesses and further/higher education uses (i.e. 115,755)
			sqm of commercial floorspace including data centre, business/studios, education, conference
C257	SA1.7: East Wick and Here East	Minor	and retail floorspace). Site allocation boundary to exclude the delivered school site – see figure below

Change Referenc e Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed Change
C258	SA1.8: Sweetwater	Minor	<ul> <li>Becomes Site Allocation 1.6.</li> <li>Comprehensive, phased mixed-use development, including residential, employment, retail and community floorspace (served by the existing adjacent primary school and incorporating a new primary school, nursery, health centre and library).</li> <li>Supporting Development Principles: The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 650 new homes with an affordable housing being delivered in accordance with the current planning permission.</li> <li>Phasing and implementation 2015/16 2021 onwards.</li> </ul>
C259	SA1.9: Bartrip Street South	No change	Becomes Site Allocation 1.7.

# (Change Reference number C249 a) New Table <u>10</u>, Prevailing Building Heights in Hackney Wick and Fish Island

Location	Height
Hackney Wick and Fish Island (Sub Area 1 as	20 metres
a whole)	

(Change reference Number C257) SA1.5: East Wick and Here East



Change		Type of	Proposed Change
Reference		change	
Number			
C260	Vision	Minor	North Stratford and Eton Manor will has become a thriving neighbourhood and an area of new high-quality housing, and with generous new Local Open Spaces set alongside the parklands of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park. This will become is a family focus area of vibrant new communities, a place for families to grow and stay. It will have is an area with unrivalled access to public transport, along with excellent schools, community facilities, local shops and services, and be within easy reach of the employment and business opportunities at Stratford and Hackney Wick. It benefits from access to a world-class affordable community sport and leisure activities and become it is a location in which people will aspire to live.
C261	Paragraph 11.1	Minor	T Paragraph 11.1 his area is set to become the earliest established place of change in the Legacy Corporation area. Substantial progress has been made on all site allocations. Much of East Village has been constructed and new delivered homes are already being occupied. Planning permission is in place for the Chobham Manor residential development, with construction of the first phase taking place from mid-2014. Planning permission is also in place for the development of Chobham Farm bordering Leyton Road, with early implementation planned for this scheme providing new homes, open space and local retail use. Chobham Manor and Chobham Farm development phase one is now complete, phase two is well advanced, while the final two phases have secured reserved matters approval. The Chobham Farm development, providing new homes, open space and local retail use, is equally well underway, the first phase-is completed with Zone four being currently under construction, and the central section yet to come forward. Chobham Academy accepted its first pupils in 2013 and the Sir

#### Section 11 - Sub area 2 – North Stratford and Eton Manor

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
			Ludwig Guttmann Health Centre has opened to serve the wider area.
C262	Paragraph 11.2	Minor	<u>T</u> Paragraph 11.2 <u>he retail units within the designated Local</u> <u>Centre at East Village are now beginning to</u> <u>thrive, serving local communities. Coupled</u> <u>with other non-residential uses such as the</u> <u>school and health centre combine to</u> <u>provide a heart to the new and expanding</u> <u>community.</u> <u>East Village provides an area</u> <u>mainly focused around Victory Park open</u> <u>space for new local retail space which is</u> <u>identified as a new Local Centre within this</u> <u>Local Plan.</u> Stratford Metropolitan Centre and its retail, leisure, employment opportunities and excellent local and regional transport connections are close by. The employment opportunities at Here East and Hackney Wick are a walk or cycle ride away from this Sub Area.
C263	Paragraph 11.3	Minor	Paragraph 11.3 This concentration of new homes is set alongside the north-western-most part of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and Lee Valley Hockey and Tennis Centre, which provides a gateway to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park from the north. Together, the Lee Valley Hockey and Tennis Centre at Eton Manor and Lee Valley VeloPark provide a full range of cycling facilities and a 3,000-seater hockey stadium. <u>These are important leisure and sporting assets</u> <u>hosting local, regional and international events.</u> Five-a-side football pitches are planned and the Eton Manor war memorials (Eton Manor or Villiers Memorial and the Churchill Memorial) are to be relocated to the west of Lee Valley Hockey and Tennis Centre. With the River Lea running along the western edge of the area, it provides a potentially unparalleled living and working environment within east London.
	Paragraph 11.4	No change	Remains as Paragraph 11.4
C264	Paragraph 11.5	Minor	<ul> <li>Continued delivery of the approved housing type, size and tenure mix to ensure a balanced range of homes and a focus on family housing</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
			<ul> <li>Continued delivery of high development quality and sustainability standards</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li><u>Maintaining</u> and achieving quality public spaces and public realm</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Allowing for development of existing and future routes between this area and areas to the east and north</li> </ul>
			• Ensuring that the Local Centre <del>develops</del> <u>maintains</u> a local function, distinct to the Metropolitan Centre at Stratford
			• <u>Support the on-going operation and</u> <u>viability of the Lee Valley Hockey and</u> <u>Tennis Centre and the Lee Valley</u> <u>VeloPark</u> .
	Policy 2.1: Housing typologies	No change	Policy 2.1: Housing typologies
	Paragraph 11.6	No change	Remains as Paragraph 11.6
	Paragraph 11.7	No change	Remains as Paragraph 11.7
C265	New Insert Page	Minor	Insert page to be included to describe the role of the LVRPA owned and operated Velopark and Hockey and Tennis Centre (including map and photographs). Text for page as follows: <u>The Lee Valley Hockey and Tennis Centre</u> <u>at Eton Manor and the Lee Valley VeloPark</u> <u>are world class sports facilities. Originally</u> <u>developed for the London 2012 Olympic</u>
			Games and subsequently transformed they are both important national leisure and sporting venues hosting local, national and international events and support the Legacy Corporation's aspiration to deliver a sporting legacy for local communities. The two venues are owned by the Lee Valley Regional Park Authority and are managed through a leisure trust.
			The Legacy Corporation continues to work closely with and support the Park Authority as it seeks to improve and grow the offer associated with the venues and thereby ensure their long term sustainability. This includes the further development of the

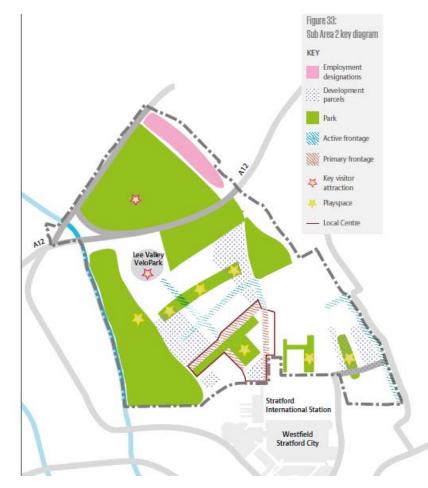
Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
			land and facilities associated with the Hockey and Tennis Centre at Eton Manor which can complement the rest of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park.
	Policy 2.2: Leyton Road – improving public realm	No change	No change proposed to policy.
	Paragraph 11.8	No change	Remains as Paragraph 11.8
	Paragraph 11.9	No change	Remains as Paragraph 11.9
C266	Policy 2.3 – Improving connections	Deletion	(Delete policy as route framework has been implemented. Retain indication of key routes as shown in Figure 33.)
			The Legacy Corporation in its role as Local Planning Authority will work with its partners to promote improved connectivity along and across Leyton Road to improve access between East Village, Chobham Farm, Maryland and Leyton, and improved connections for Eton Manor. Connective routes should have a high-quality streetscape and be lined by active frontages where possible. Proposals for new development will be expected to demonstrate that they facilitate the future provision of new routes to connect the new and established areas and their street
C267	Paragraph 11.10	Deletion	patterns. While the street pattern and routes within and through this Sub Area have generally been set and in the majority of cases constructed, the improvement of the public realm and the related connections between the established area east of Leyton Road and Chobham Farm, East Village and through to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and Stratford Metropolitan Centre, remain important and key to the integration of communities as these develop and change.
C268	Paragraph 11.11	Deletion	Any planning applications for development within this part of the Legacy Corporation area that adjoin or have a frontage to Leyton Road will need to demonstrate that they have taken account of any plans known at the time to create new or improve existing connections along routes to the east of Leyton Road, which falls outside of the Legacy Corporation area.

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
C269	Policy 2.4: Local Centre and non- residential uses	Major	Becomes Policy 2.3: Local Centre and non-residential uses Non-residential uses, including Use Class A1–A5 and B1a, within Sub Area 2 should be small-scale, serve localised need and be concentrated within the designated Local Centre. <u>The Local Centre boundary</u> has been extended to include the mix of established shop frontages along West Park Walk and Prize Walk, as defined on the Policy Map. All non-residential floorspace within the Local Centre boundary is designated as Primary Frontage, as identified on Figure 33. Future uses within the primary frontage should support its local retail function and add to the vitality and attractiveness of the primary frontage area. Outside of the Local Centre, proposals for these uses should be located along key routes and/or in relation to public spaces and should be of a scale that will serve the needs of its immediate
C270	Paragraph 11.12	Major	surroundings or be ancillary to a main use with which it is associated. Becomes Paragraph 11.10 A new Local Centre is identified at East Village, recognising that the amount of retail and other non-residential floorspace concentrated in the identified area provides a focus around the public open spaces here to provide this Centre function. It is important that role of this Centre is established and then protected. Designated Local Centre at East Village, has now emerged as a fully functioning local centre. The area is also emerging as a strong independent retail destination, serving localised catchment and complementing the offer at nearby Stratford. The Primary Frontage has been designated to support and maintain its local retail function, vitality and attractiveness. No Secondary Frontage has been designated. It is recognised that the key routes also provide an opportunity for small-scale non-residential uses that, provided they remain of a small scale and ancillary to the main uses of the development blocks, can be appropriate and not undermine the Local Centre function.

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
C271	Paragraph 11.13	Major	Becomes Paragraph 11.11 Any planning applications for new non- residential uses within the Sub Area should be located within the Local Centre boundary or, where they are of a small enough scale, be located along key routes, particularly where these are active frontages as identified in Figure 3 <u>3</u> . Further uses within Local Centre boundary should maintain appropriate retail uses and support the role and function identified in Table 4 3.
	Paragraph 11.14	No change	Becomes Paragraph 11.12
C272	Figure 32: Sub Area 2 Key Diagram	Minor	Becomes Figure 33: Key Area 2 Key diagram – amendments made to show the extent of primary frontage designation – please see below
C273	Table 9	Minor	Becomes Table 11
			Additional bullet point: SA2.4 Chobham Farm North (see Site Allocation SA.2.4) 20 meters
C274	Site Allocation SA2.1: Chobham Farm	Minor	Site allocation retained unchanged. <b>Supporting development principles</b> <u>The site allocation is expected to yield a</u> <u>minimum of 1,030 new homes (gross) with</u> <u>affordable housing being delivered in</u> <u>accordance with the current planning</u> <u>permission.</u> <b>Address</b> Flood Zone: <u>1 2 (north part of site only)</u>
C275	SA2.2: East Village	Minor	Site allocation retained unchanged. <b>Supporting development principles</b> The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 1950 new homes (gross) with affordable housing being delivered in accordance with the current planning permission.
C276	Site Allocation SA2.3: Chobham Manor	Minor	Site allocation retained unchanged. <b>Supporting development principles</b> <u>The site allocation is expected to yield a</u> <u>minimum of 860 new homes (gross) with</u> <u>affordable housing being delivered in</u>

Change Reference Number		Type of change	Proposed Change
			accordance with the current planning permission.
			Address Flood Zone: <u>2 (northern part only)</u> <del>2 and 3</del> <del>(parts only)</del>
C277	New Site Allocation	Major	<ul> <li>SA2.4 Chobham Farm North Mixed-use development, including family housing, external private or shared amenity space and provision of a link through the site into the Chobham Farm public open space to the south of Henrietta Street. </li> <li>Supporting development principles: <ul> <li>Minimise impacts on residential amenity from railway line to the west and adjoining community building to the north</li> <li>Provision of safe pedestrian crossing route over Henrietta Street between site and Chobham Farm site allocation development (SA2.1)</li> <li>Improve public realm and street scene of Leyton Road through design of the development and improvements to the street</li> </ul> </li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 200 new homes (gross) with an affordable housing threshold of 50% on public sector land in accordance with Policy H.2.</li> </ul> <li>Address Site address: Land bounded by Liberty Bridge Road, Leyton Road and the railway. Existing uses: Part- D1 use and the reminder of site is currently in B1 and B8 use class</li>
			<u>employment uses.</u> Size: 1.11 ha PTAL rating: 6a/6b Flood Zone: 1
C278	New Site Allocation	Major	New site allocation SA2.4 Chobham Farm North boundary – please see below

#### Change Reference Number: C272, Key Diagram



Change Reference Number: C278, New site allocation SA2.4 boundary



## Section 12 - Sub Area 3 – Central and Southern Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
C279	Vision	Minor	Central Stratford and Southern Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park will become <u>continue to develop as</u> a diverse area of new high-profile <u>culture</u> , education and sporting facilities
C280	Figure 34 Sub Area 3 Key Diagram	Minor	<ul> <li>Becomes Figure 35</li> <li>Image to identify:</li> <li>Northern zone to Stratford High Street Policy Area</li> <li>The figure changes are shown below</li> </ul>
	Paragraph 12.1	No change	Remains as Paragraph 12.1
C281	Paragraph 12.2	Minor	Paragraph 12.2 This reinvigorated part of Stratford, a Metropolitan Centre of international importance, combined with Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park, will be the main engine driving growth and regeneration in this part of east London. <u>As a Cultural</u> <u>Quarter the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park</u> will also be promoted, enhanced and protected.
C282	Paragraph 12.3	Minor	Paragraph 12.3 Sub Area 3 will continue to see substantial pressure for new development through the Plan period. A significant amount of new residential, retail, education and office floorspace has planning permission. However, Changing circumstances may mean that consented schemes around Stratford Waterfront are in the process of review. Reviewed proposals will help facilitate and contribute towards the future potential for International Centre status of at Stratford by providing a range of cultural and educational uses alongside the extensive retail, office and residential expansion already planned. of proposals may take place. Where these are outline planning permissions, the final form of new development will become apparent over time but may also present the opportunity for these proposals to change more significantly where economic and other circumstances suggest that this is desirable or necessary. There may also be circumstances where a comprehensive

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference Number	Paragraph	change	
			scheme could cover parts of more than one site allocation. Other sites and locations, while not benefiting from a planning permission, do have potential for new development
C283	Paragraph 12.4	Minor	The Sub Area has potential to deliver many of the strategic requirements of east London as a whole, particularly housing development. As at March 2014, there were approximately 8,700 units within the development pipeline in Sub Area 3, and capacity for about a further 630 units. Results of the 2017 SHLAA suggest capacity for approximately 11,000 homes within the Sub Area up to 2036.
C284	Paragraph 12.5	Minor	Unless specific building heights are stipulated within Policy 3.1, within this Sub Area where any development is proposed above the prevailing height of 30m from ground level, the Tall Buildings policy (BN.10) will apply. Application of Policy BN.5 within the sub area The prevailing height of development within Sub Area 3 has been established at 30 metres above ground level, equating to approximately 10 storeys of development. This is represented through a range of intermittent building heights that together form a unique arrangement that contributes to the area's townscape. Policy BN.5 sets out the approach that will need to be applied both in designing new development and in assessing planning applications where this is proposed to exceed this height. Table 12 below specifically sets out the height above which the policy test set out in Policy BN.5 will apply.
C285	New table	Minor	Table 12: Prevailing building heights in Central Stratford and Southern Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park (heights in metres above existing ground level)

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
Number			
C286	Now policy	Major	Sub Area 3 30 metres
C286	New policy	Major	Policy 3.1 Metropolitan Centre         Stratford will be promoted to function as a potential future International Centre through:         1. Directing large-scale town centre uses to within the centre boundary in accordance with Policy B.2         2. Supporting growth in office floorspace, with the Metropolitan Centre boundary also forming the location for the potential Central Activities Zone reserve         3. Supporting Stratford Waterfront as a new culture and education district and as a future location of town centre boundary extension         4. Focussing higher order comparison retail floorspace, providing at least 80 per cent of the identified retail requirements over the plan period         5. Supporting and enhancing the range of cultural and night time economy uses         6. Delivering new residential accommodation in appropriate locations
C287	New para	Major	throughout the centre         Reasoned justification         Paragraph 12.6         The draft New London Plan identifies         potential for Stratford to form a future         International Centre. In order for this         aspiration to be realised the amount and         range of town centre uses should be         expanded at this location. The draft New         London Plan also identifies Stratford as a         potential Central Activities Zone reserve.         Given limited land availability within the         existing centre boundary, potential         locations for expansion also need         identificing (as abaym within Figure 7)
C288	New para	Major	identifying (as shown within Figure 7).Policy applicationParagraph 12.7Any proposals for large-scale town centre uses should be focussed within the existing town centre boundary, or where identified as a potential location for expansion. Other edge of centre locations, such as Stratford High Street Policy Area

Change	Policy.	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference			
Number		J	
	Policy, Paragraph Policy 3.1	Type of change         Major	Proposed Change         (see Policy 3.1) also play a role in supporting the diversification of the function of the Centre. Site Allocation 3.1 also guides development of the land falling within the existing Centre boundary, and Site Allocation 3.2 sets out how proposals within Stratford Waterfront East North, the potential location for extension of the town centre boundary, should develop.         Residential development will be supported in appropriate locations away from the key shopping areas of the Metropolitan Centre. Where located outside the plots identified within SA3.1 mixed use development including residential should support the town centre designation including that of culture and the night time economy.         Becomes Policy 3.2 3.4: Stratford High Street Policy Area         Proposals for mixed-use development along Stratford High Street will be required to demonstrate that it will enhance the character, townscape and function as a lively main street by ensuring that Appropriate proposals for innovative mixed-use products including shared living and where residential and non-residential components are provided as an integrated product in particular focussing on culture and night time economy uses will be supported at the northern zone of the Stratford High Street Policy area (see Figure 35). All other non-residential elements of mixed-use schemes <u>will be</u> acceptable where they maximise flexibility of function and are vertically and horizontally integrated with residential.         Introduction of new, medium-scale retail, leisure and community uses may be appropriate, subject to a positive retail impacts assessment on planned public and private investment and vitality and viability of the Centres (see Policy B.2).
			Introduction of new, medium-scale retail, leisure and community uses may be appropriate, subject to a positive retail impacts assessment on planned public and private investment and vitality and

Change Reference	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
Number	i aragraph	change	
Number			Public realm improvements and key
			connections as shown in Figure <del>35</del> 36
			should be enhanced.
C290	Paragraph 12.6	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 12.8
0200			The introduction of employment-
			generating uses or cultural and night time
			economy uses through mixed use
			development will add to the vitality of the
			area and contribute to the rejuvenation of
			the High Street.
C291	Paragraph 12.7	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 12.9
			Provision of a range of different town Town
			centre uses and a focus upon culture and
			night time economy uses within this
			location should support not be in
			competition with the further development
			of the Stratford Metropolitan Centre and
			have regard to traffic and safety issues.
			Shared living and other mixed-use
			developments where new town centre
			uses are proposed as an integral part of
			an innovative mixed-use development
			product will be considered positively on
			edge of centre sites at the northern end of
			the high street where the proposal meets all the requirements of the policy. Mixed
			use developments proposing flexible
	Paragraph 12.8	No change	Becomes Paragraph 12.10
	Paragraph 12.9	Reference	Becomes Paragraph 12.11
		update	Policy 3.1 sets the building height level
		apaalo	above which development proposals will
			be assessed against Policy BN. <del>10</del> <u>5.</u>
	Paragraph	No change	Becomes Paragraph 12.12
	12.10	, in the second	
C292	Policy 3.2	Minor	Becomes Policy 3.3: Improving
			connections around central Stratford
			The Legacy Corporation will work with its
			partners to promote improved connectivity
			and public realm improvements shown as
			key connections, key connections to be
			enhanced and principal connection
			improvements within Figure 34 35 in
			particular a new pedestrian bridge from
			Jupp Road and facilitating a western
	Davaavarb	No observe	entrance to Stratford Regional Station.
	Paragraph 12.11	No change	Becomes Paragraph 12.13
C293	Paragraph	Minor	Becomes Paragraph 12.14
	12.12		

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference	Paragraph	change	
Number			
			The Legacy Corporation will work in partnership with other relevant bodies including local communities to improve connections, particularly on key projects, such as the Jupp Road bridge and improvements to the western entrance to Stratford Regional Station. Development proposals affecting a Key Connection, Key Connection to be Enhanced or Principal Connection Improvement (shown in Figure <u>35 36</u> )
	Paragraph 12.13	No change	Becomes Paragraph 12.15
C294	Paragraph 12.14	Minor	<b>Becomes Paragraph 12.16</b> Where major development schemes are proposed outside the Site Allocations within this Sub Area, proposals will have regard to all policies within this Local Plan and shall not lead to the loss of planned residential, business or community provision. The introduction of minor uses ancillary to the large-scale venues within the area may be appropriate. Proposals covering more than one Site Allocation, or parts of one, <u>should facilitate, through a</u> <u>portfolio approach the delivery of the aims</u> <u>of each of will be considered against the</u> principles <u>within of</u> the relevant site allocations <u>as a whole.</u>
C295	Site Allocation SA3.1: Stratford Town Centre West	Major	Site Allocation SA3.1: Stratford Town Centre West A range of town centre uses and residential accommodation appropriate to the scale and form of the Metropolitan Centre designation. The site will form an extension to the Metropolitan Centre Boundary of Stratford with the eastern parcel providing access to the town centre by a Link Bridge. Active uses shall be on the ground floor along enhanced key connections. Supporting development principles • Provide an overall mix of town centre uses respecting the existing character, scale, and massing within the allocation area

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
	Paragraph	change	
Number	5.1	<b>J</b>	
			• The site allocation is expected to yield a
			minimum of 2,000 new homes with an
			affordable housing threshold of 35%, or
			50% on public sector land, in accordance
			with Policy H.2.
			<ul> <li>Suitable for main town centre uses</li> </ul>
			appropriate to the Metropolitan Centre designation
			<ul> <li>Northern development <u>Development</u></li> </ul>
			parcel <u>1 should provide a mix of uses.</u>
			including residential, office and with
			ground-floor local service retail providing a
			transition to the residential area to the north
			Eastern <u>Development</u> parcel <u>2</u> should
			provide a large-scale town centre use with
			supporting elements, with a link bridge
			<ul> <li>Southern <u>Development</u> parcel <u>3</u> should</li> </ul>
			largely be <u>a mixed use of retail and</u>
			residential with a transition from retail and
			other uses, and containing Local Open Space
			<ul> <li>South-western <u>Development parcel 4</u></li> </ul>
			parcels should provide employment uses
			including offices and residential with the
			localised retail functions on the ground floors
			Development parcel 5 should provide
			residential accommodation, with
			supporting ground floor uses
			Key connections shall be enhanced: to
			the north to East Village; from existing
			Stratford town centre to the east; from
			Montfitchet Road across to the Chobham
			Farm South site (Development Plot 2) from
			the south through to London Aquatics
			Centre; and from the west along Westfield
			Avenue to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park.
			<ul> <li>Existing and proposed connectivity</li> </ul>
			routes in private ownership should
			maintain and enhance the format and
			appearance of public space and the public
			realm
			Points where key connections meet the
			allocation shall be gateways for
			enhancement
			Phasing and implementation
			Residential within The International
			Quarter will be delivered from 2015

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
			<ul> <li>Other northern and south-western parts of The International Quarter to be delivered from 2020</li> <li>The housing development at Cherry Park will be delivered from 2015-2020</li> <li>Delivery of the Chobham Farm South shall depend on access to the site via the town centre Link Bridge and is anticipated to be post-2020.</li> </ul>
			Planning history Has permission under the Stratford City scheme for 450,000 sqm of office; approximately 1,440 residential units (TIQ- 333, Cherry Park-1,105); 25,500 sqm hotel; 3,000 sqm retail; 2,000 sqm leisure – Permission under the Manhattan Loft Gardens scheme for 248 residential units to the north of the International Station <u>Outline permission has also been granted</u> for retail anchor store and 1,200 homes at Cherry Park.
C296	SA3.1	Minor	Amend site allocation image to include new plots, numbering and new connections across Montfitchet Road - see amended image below
C297	Site Allocation SA3.2: Stratford Waterfront East	Minor	<ul> <li>SA3.2 Stratford Waterfront East North</li> <li>Comprehensive, phased mixed-use development providing edge-of-centre retail, cultural, education, leisure, retail or community functions and incorporating residential to provide for strategic housing requirements.</li> <li>Supporting development principles</li> <li>Provide a mix of uses to support the Metropolitan Centre function (with future potential for inclusion within the town centre boundary) appropriate to the edge-of-centre location in accordance with SP.1, B.2 and B.6</li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 500 new homes.</li> <li>Provide affordable housing across the portfolio sites (site allocations SA3.2, SA3.5, SA3.6 and SA 4.3) based on an affordable housing threshold of 50% on public sector land in accordance with Policy H.2.</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
			<ul> <li>Building form should avoid the 'canyonisation' of Carpenters Road. Tall buildings that may be acceptable in this location will be subject to Tall Buildings Policy (BN.<u>5</u> 40)</li> <li>High residential development density to reflect location and public transport accessibility</li> <li>Design to take into account waterside setting and the positioning of the London Aquatics Centre and enhance these as focal points</li> <li>Provision and protection of key connections to and within the site from The International Quarter London to Stratford Waterfront West South and beyond via the northern edge of London Aquatics Centre; and a new pedestrian/cycle connection between The International Quarter and Stratford Waterfront East-North. This should align with the existing urban grain to support permeability and access to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and the visitor and sporting facilities within it</li> <li>Protection of the view through the above connection in line with the Views Policy (BN.<u>10</u> 9)</li> <li>Active uses shall be on the ground floor along key connections to the north-west of London Aquatics Centre and river frontage.</li> <li>Phasing and implementation</li> <li>Delivery on site is expected from 2020 onwards</li> <li>Delivery of the different uses along the Stratford Waterfront should be phased to ensure a coordinated delivery</li> <li>Phasing should ensure that residential components are delivered alongside other non-residential components</li> <li>Where residential is in support of other uses, this should be delivered in tandem.</li> <li>Proposals for the site allocation which are linked to other sites should facilitate the delivery of the principles of this site allocation through a portfolio approach.</li> </ul>
			Address

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
			Land on <u>between</u> waterfront <u>and</u> <u>Carpenters Road</u> between railway line and Waterworks River to the south Existing use(s): Vacant land Size: 8.3 ha PTAL rating: 1a–5 <u>Flood Zone: Zone 2 and 3 (mostly)</u>
C298	Site Allocation SA3.2: Stratford Waterfront East	Minor	The site allocation boundary has been amended -see below
C299	Site Allocation SA3.3: Stratford Waterfront West	Minor	Site Allocation SA3.3: Stratford Waterfront <u>South</u> West Comprehensive, phased mixed-use development providing edge-of-centre retail, education, workspace, edge-of- centre retail, cultural, leisure or community functions potentially incorporating and residential to provide for strategic housing requirements. <b>Supporting development principles</b> • Provide a mix of uses appropriate to the location in accordance with SP.1, B.2, <u>B.5</u> and B.6 • Development should ensure the openness of the Metropolitan Open Land to the east of including within the site allocation • Density reflecting location and Public Transport Accessibility Levels • Tall buildings may be acceptable in this location subject to Tall Buildings Policy (BN. <u>5</u> 40) • Active uses shall be on the ground floor along key connections including frontages adjacent to the ArcelorMittal Orbit • Design to take into account the waterside setting and open space character of Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and enhance the setting of the ArcelorMittal Orbit and Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park • Proposals should be designed to take account of, and mitigate, any noise impacts of the rail lines to the south • Protect key connections <u>adjacent and</u> through the site.

Change	Policy	Type of	Proposed Change
			i Toposed Change
	i alagiapii	onango	
Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	<ul> <li>Proposed Change</li> <li>Where student housing is provided this should be directly linked to the adjacent education uses in accordance with Policy H.4 and will be monitored on a 3:1 basis (3 bedspaces are equivalent to one residential unit)</li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a quantum equivalent to a minimum of 600 new homes with an affordable housing threshold of 50% on public sector land in accordance with Policy H.2.</li> <li>Phasing and implementation <ul> <li>Delivery on site from 2020 2018 onwards</li> <li>Delivery of the different uses along the Stratford Waterfront should be phased to ensure a coordinated delivery.</li> <li>Proposals for the site allocation which are linked to other sites should facilitate the delivery of the principles of this site allocation through a portfolio approach.</li> <li>Where development is phased, introduction of appropriate interim uses is encouraged in accordance with Policy B.3.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Planning history <ul> <li>The site benefits from planning permission under the LCS scheme for: up to 878</li> <li>residential units; 1,438 sqm retail; 165 sqm leisure; and 440 sqm community, up to a maximum of 77,043 sqm in total.</li> <li>Permission granted for mixed use development for academic development and commercial research space, student accommodation and small scale retail</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
			Address Site address: Land to the south of the ArcelorMittal Orbit, between Waterworks River to the north and City Mill River to the south, bounded by Pool Street and Loop Road Existing use(s): Vacant land Size: 3.5 ha PTAL rating: 1b–2 Flood Zone: Zone 3 (limited) (parts)
C300	Site Allocation SA3.3: Stratford	Minor	The site allocation boundary has been amended -see below

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
	Waterfront West		
C301	Site Allocation SA3.4: Greater	Major	Supporting development principles
			<ul> <li>Proposals should seek to <u>facilitate a net</u> increase in residential accommodation, optimising delivery in accordance with eptimise and increase the residential capacity of the area subject in particular to Policy SP.2 and H.1 of this Local Plan</li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 2,300 new homes (gross) with an affordable housing threshold of 35% or 50% on public sector land, in accordance with Policy H.2.</li> <li>Proposals should maximise affordable housing delivery through the Viability Tested Route re-providing equivalent affordable housing floorspace through equivalent tenures as a minimum</li> <li>Development densities and uses should reflect location, and public transport accessibility and the town centre boundary</li> <li>In accordance with Policy BN.5 any tall buildings should be directed towards the town centre boundary</li> <li>Where provided, commercial and other active uses shall be on the ground floor along key connections, related to the station, Metropolitan Centre and Stratford High Street</li> <li>Maximise and reflect in any new development or public realm improvement the potential arising from pedestrian movement to and from a new western entrance to Stratford Regional Station and improvements to the Jupp Road bridge</li> <li>The identified option for the new western entrance to Stratford Regional Station should be incorporated into redevelopment proposals for this site</li> <li>Improve connections from the site to the north and to Stratford Metropolitan Centre; to south-west to the Greenway via Bridgewater Road</li> <li>Improve connections within the site along Warton Road, Carpenters Road, Gibbins Road and Jupp Road; and to within Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park</li> <li>Subject to the above, proposals should</li> </ul>
			be in accordance with the provisions of

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference	Paragraph	change	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Number			
			<ul> <li>other Local Plan policies including B.1 in relation to employment floorspace, H.1 for housing mix, Cl.1 for community facilities and BN.7 in relation to Local Open Space</li> <li>Safeguarding of land for DLR North Route Double Tracking phase 2.</li> <li>Consider retention of existing low-rise family housing where this does not prevent the achievement of wider regeneration objectives</li> <li>Ensure early community consultation where specific development proposals or regeneration plans are brought forward and take account of the requirements of the Good Practice Guide for Estate Regeneration including residents' ballots</li> <li>Support the Greater Carpenters Neighbourhood Forum in its preparation of a Neighbourhood Plan where this conforms to the requirements of the Local Plan and this site allocation and involves cooperation with the Council in its roles as landowner and housing authority.</li> </ul>
			Planning history <u>Has-Permission for student</u> <u>accommodation, residential</u> <u>accommodation, education facility and</u> <u>affordable workspace at Duncan House</u>
C2302	Site Allocation	Minor	Supporting development principles
	SA3.5: Bridgewater Road		<ul> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 300 new homes.</li> <li>Provide affordable housing across the portfolio sites (site allocations SA3.2, SA3.5, SA3.6 and SA 4.3) based on an affordable housing threshold of 50% in accordance with Policy H.2</li> <li>Phasing and implementation</li> </ul>
			• Proposals for the site allocation which are linked to other sites should facilitate the delivery of the principles of this site allocation through a portfolio approach.
C303	Site Allocation SA3.6: Rick Roberts Way	Minor	Comprehensive, mixed use development of residential with education uses including provision of <del>an all-age</del> <u>a primary</u> school <del>or</del> <del>equivalent education provision</del> and open space.

Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference	Paragraph	change	
Number			Supporting development principles
			• The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 750 new homes.
			minimum of 750 new nomes.
			<ul> <li>Provide affordable housing across the portfolio sites (site allocations SA3.2, SA3.5, SA3.6 and SA 4.3) based on an affordable housing threshold of 50% in accordance with Policy H.2</li> </ul>
			• Development should ensure an active frontage onto <u>Stratford High Street and the junction should be safe and welcoming</u>
			• Where development is phased, introduction of appropriate interim uses is encouraged in accordance with Policy B.3.
			<ul> <li>Development should maintain the openness of the Metropolitan Open Land along the western boundary of the site</li> </ul>
			• <u>Meet any identified demands for school</u> <u>places through</u> provision of <del>all-age</del> <u>a</u> school alongside residential development respecting the existing character, scale and massing of the site and its surrounding area
			• Residential capacity could be increased alongside the introduction of business space and significant open space, should the <u>primary school no longer be required</u> <del>all-age school or its secondary school component be delivered within a location suitable to requirements elsewhere within the Legacy Corporation area</del> .
			• Unless school place demand has been <u>or</u> <u>will be</u> demonstrably met elsewhere, retention of sufficient land for delivery of an additional primary school in the later part of the Plan period will be <u>sought</u> required within the site
			Development should plan for the associated costs of remediation of the site

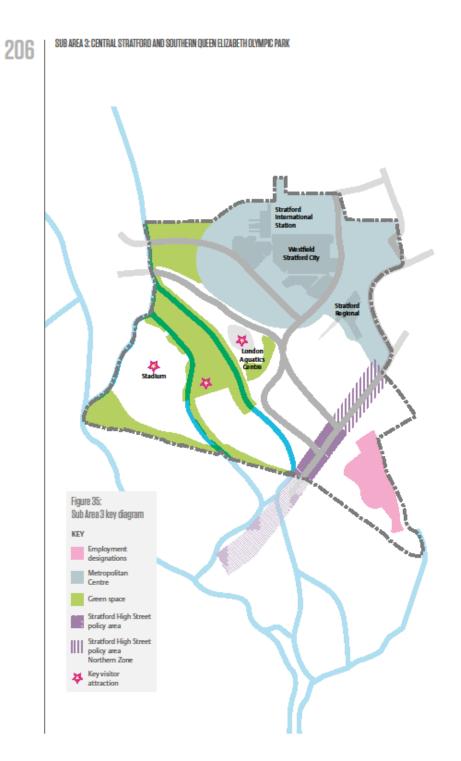
Change	Policy,	Type of	Proposed Change
Reference Number	Paragraph	change	
Numper			Design to reflect the close proximity of
			industrial and other uses and the potential for wider place-making
			• Development will preserve or enhance the listed cottages and the setting of the Conservation Area to the south
			<ul> <li>Enable safe access to the secondary school to and across the site for pedestrians and cyclists</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Development shall respect the existing character, scale and massing of the site and its surrounding area</li> </ul>
			• Cycling and walking access improvements along the Greenway including links to the Channelsea Path beyond the site
			Proposals to include Local Open Space including play space and BAP habitat
			<ul> <li>Building heights generally less than 36 metres above ground level, grading down to the south-east</li> </ul>
			• Proposals for development above 30 metres from ground level will only be acceptable subject to the provisions of Policy BN.5
			Phasing and Implementation - School provision to be provided prior to, or in parallel with, the residential elements - Development shall take place once remediation of the land and removal of equipment has taken place including revocation of Hazardous Substance Consent - Delivery on site from <u>2020-2021</u> onwards.
			<ul> <li><u>- Comprehensive delivery across the</u> whole of the site, phased to allow for the timely delivery of housing, for land availability, and to ensure infrastructure requirements are met</li> <li><u>- Proposals for the site allocation which</u> are linked to other sites should facilitate</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, Paragraph	Type of change	Proposed Change
			the delivery the principles of this site allocation through a portfolio approach.
			Planning History <u>A secondary school associated with the</u> <u>Legacy Communities Scheme has</u> <u>subsequently been provided on Stadium</u> <u>Island (The secondary school associated</u> <u>with the Legacy Communities Scheme has</u> <u>subsequently been built and opened on a</u> <u>different site, adjacent to the London</u> <u>Stadium)</u>
			Address Flood Zone: Zone <u>2 and</u> 3

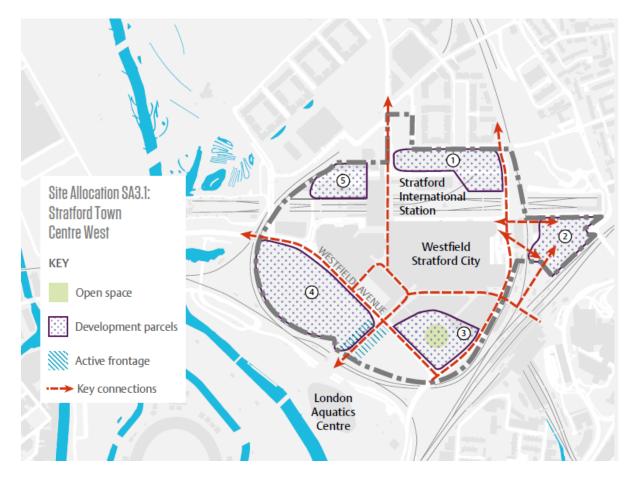
#### Table 12

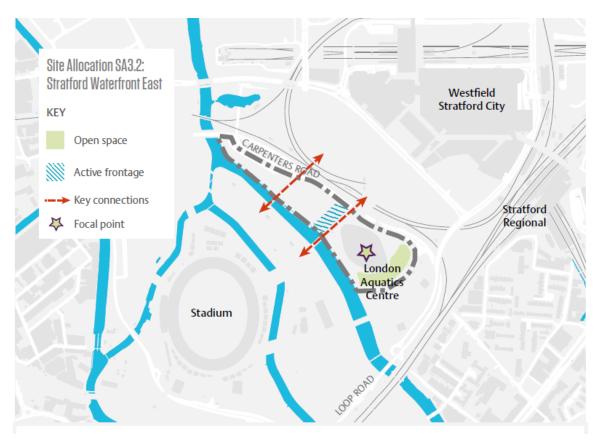
Location	Height
Whole of sub area 3	<u>30m</u>

Change Reference Number C280, Figure 35 34-Sub Area 3 Key Diagram



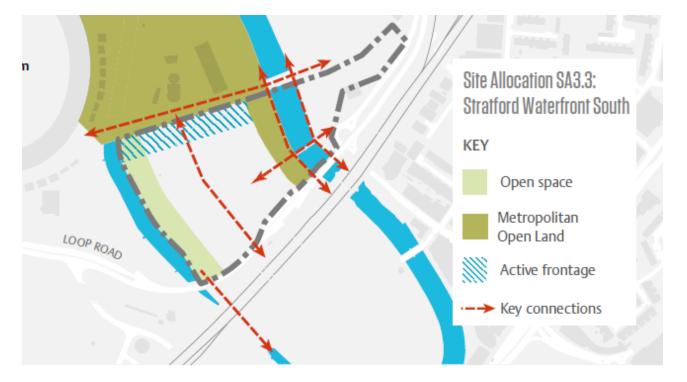
### Change Reference Number C296, SA 3.1





Change Reference Number C297, Site Allocation SA3.2: Stratford Waterfront East-North

Change Reference Number C300, Site Allocation SA3.3: Stratford Waterfront West South



Section 13 – Sub Area 4 Bromley-by-Bow, Pudding Mill, Sugar House Lane and Mill	
Meads	

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
	Vision	Reference change	Vision This will become an area of new business and residential communities that find a focus at a new District Centre at Bromley- by-Bow and a new Local Centre at Pudding Mill, with a secondary hub of employment and leisure uses in the north part of Sugar House Lane. The District Centre at Bromley-by-Bow will provide a new primary school, community facilities and public open spaces. A new DLR station at Pudding Mill and an enhanced Bromley-by-Bow Station will provide excellent public transport links to nearby work and leisure opportunities and good access to the rest of London. New and improved local foot and cycle paths will provide accessible and safe routes to the stations and local shops and services. The many new homes in Bromley-by-Bow, Sugar House Lane and Pudding Mill will meet a wide range of housing needs, while the new homes, business and other premises will have been sensitively and excellently designed, taking account of the historic waterside settings and the heritage assets within and around the Conservation Areas. By <u>20312036</u> , the Sub Area will have become a distinct series of new urban communities, well connected to their surroundings.
C304	Paragraph 13.1 Area Analysis	No change Deletion	Remains as Paragraph 13.1 STRENGTHS • Several schemes have been completed in recent years, and much of the land in the Sub Area benefits from planning permission. In a relatively short time, the area could be transformed as projects such as the improvements to Bromley-by-Bow Station, major developments at Bromley-by-Bow North and Sugar House Lane are on their way • Heritage assets at Sugar House Lane and Three Mills provide the opportunity for sensitive high-quality development to be brought forward alongside them to preserve or enhance their heritage status and benefit the area as a whole • Open

Change Reference	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			
			Green have recently been improved • The
			A12 provides good strategic road access
			to the area • There is developer activity
			and interest in the area, with a number of
			schemes having been brought forward and in the planning stages • The extensive river
			frontage provides opportunities for walking,
			cycling and recreation, as well as the
			opportunity for high-quality development
			that takes advantage of the river frontage •
			Decline in manufacturing provides
			opportunities for appropriate new
			development and uses such as enhanced
			employment facilities and new residential •
			Capacity improvements to the District Line
			are taking place, which will increase
			capacity by 24 per cent. Capacity
			improvements to Bromley-by-Bow Station
			itself are well advanced and funding has
			been secured from Section 106
			Agreements and TfL to pay for the
			upgrade • The completion of Pudding Mill Lane DLR Station, now the largest on the
			network, provides excellent access for
			people travelling to Queen Elizabeth
			Olympic Park and the Sub Area. •
			CHALLENGES • Much of the land is
			contaminated, which could mean high
			remediation costs that need to be taken
			into account prior to development • Roads
			and rivers cut through the area and are
			barriers to movement across the area •
			Existing communities to the west are cut
			off (by the A12) from the opportunities
			presented by future homes, community
			facilities and jobs arising from new development in the Sub Area • The
			continued presence of the A12 and its
			environmental impact on the area could
			hamper efforts to create a successful place
			Pressure from development and rising
			land prices could result in inappropriate
			highdensity development being promoted
			in inappropriate locations by developers
			seeking to over-develop in order to the
			recover the cost of high-value land
			payments • A successful mix of uses is
			essential to the future success of this area.
			Although there is the opportunity for
			change from employment to residential
			use, this needs to be managed effectively

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			and a good level and range of employment floorspace retained or provided in new development • Retaining employment floorspace • Increasing the number of creative cultural industries.
	Paragraph 13.2	No change	Remains as Paragraph 13.2
	Paragraph 13.3	No change	Remains as Paragraph 13.3
	Paragraph 13.4	No change	Remains as Paragraph 13.4
C305	Policy 4.1: A potential District Centre	Minor	Policy 4.1: A potential District Centre The Legacy Corporation supports the future designation of a new District Centre at Bromley-by-Bow, in accordance with Table A2.2A1.1 of Annex 12 of the draft <u>New</u> London Plan 2011. Proposals for development will be required to demonstrate that they: 1. Achieve, or are part of, a comprehensive development of the Bromley-by-Bow Site Allocation area 2. Include an appropriate mix and balance of uses that together have the potential to function as a District Centre. This mix should include retail, employment, community uses, a primary school, open space 3. Respond positively to the adjacent waterways and listed buildings at Three Mills 4. Provide appropriate on-site infrastructure that will be secured through a Section 106 Agreement needed to make the development acceptable, such as appropriate access arrangements to the site for pedestrians, vehicles and transport 5. Contribute to the wider aspirations for
C306	Paragraph 13.5	Minor	design and regeneration of the wider Bromley-by-Bow area. Paragraph 13.5 There has been a long-standing aspiration to create a new District Centre at Bromley- by-Bow, to serve existing communities to
			the west and new communities to the east. The need to allocate Bromley-by-Bow as a potential District Centre has been considered by the Retail and <del>Leisure</del> <del>Requirements Review (2014)</del> Town Centre <del>Needs Study (2018).</del> This <del>review</del> supports the continued allocation as a District Centre; therefore Policy 4.1 and B.2 and

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			Site Allocation SA4.1 will be used when considering development proposals, and by the Legacy Corporation in relation to its wider responsibilities, to help bring forward its delivery. The mix of uses required in the District Centre is considered necessary to enable it to function properly. The school and the new open space are required to serve the needs of new and existing communities.
C307	Policy 4.2: Bringing forward new connections to serve new development	Minor	Policy 4.2: Bringing forward new connections to serve new development Development proposals within Sub Area 4 should not prejudice and, where relevant, should contribute towards the improvement of existing and the delivery of new connections necessary to serve the anticipated needs of development within the Sub Area. The improvements to existing and new connections considered necessary for the delivery of the development anticipated within this Sub Area are: Accessibility improvements including a new junction on the A12 at Bromley-by- Bow that serves that potential new District Centre by improving access for pedestrians, cyclists, buses and general traffic Improving the pedestrian underpass adjacent to Bromley-by-Bow Station and linking pedestrian and cycle routes to allow access to the new District Centre and the Lee Valley Regional Park beyond New and improved vehicle, pedestrian and cycle bridges across the River Lea; a new all-movements junction on the A118 to improve access to and from Sugar House Lane for pedestrians, cyclists, buses and general traffic A new bridge across the Bow Back River linking to the all-movements junction and connecting with Marshgate Lane Delivery of a cycle superhighway route along Stratford High Street Delivery of a west-east pedestrian and cycle route, parallel with Stratford High Street, through Pudding Mill, across the Greenway and through the Greater

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			Carpenters area parallel to Stratford Metropolitan Centre Pedestrian and cycle improvements at Bow Interchange New and improved pedestrian and cycle links from Pudding Mill Lane DLR Station to Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park via the Greenway and Southern Loop Road.
	Paragraph 13.6	No change	Remains as Paragraph 13.6
C308	Paragraph 13.7 Policy 4.3: Station Improvements	No change Minor	Remains as Paragraph 13.7 Policy 4.3: Station improvements In considering proposals to improve Bromley-by-Bow Station, to further
			enhance the existing improvements that have been made, the Legacy Corporation will support proposals that improve accessibility to and within the station and enhance its visual presence within the area. The Legacy Corporation will also require proposed development on adjacent sites to provide walking routes within their sites that are orientated towards the station and help provide legible and direct access to it.
	Paragraph 13.8	No change	Remains as Paragraph 13.8
C309	Policy 4.4: Protecting and enhancing heritage assets at Three Mills Island and Sugar House Lane	Deletion	Policy 4.4: Protecting and enhancing heritage assets at Three Mills Island and Sugar House Lane Proposals for new development or new uses within existing buildings within Three Mills Island will need to demonstrate that they preserve or enhance the character of the Conservation Area and the setting of the listed buildings, while complementing the range of existing employment, including cultural and creative employment and community uses. Proposals for development should also preserve or enhance the character and appearance of the Sugar House Lane Conservation Area. Views from these Conservation Areas will be protected from inappropriate development elsewhere in the Sub Area.
C310	Paragraph 13.9	Deletion	Protecting the character and appearance of the Conservation Areas is important to help achieve the vision for the Sub Area. The group of listed buildings at Three Mills Island, including the Grade I listed House Mill, and the listed buildings at Abbey Mills,

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			provide an important historical context to the southern part of the Sub Area. It is important to ensure that any new development sits well alongside the existing heritage assets and does not impact negatively upon them.
C311	Paragraph 13.10	Deletion	Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) will be prepared for the key areas of regeneration and change in this sub area, at Bromley-by-Bow and Pudding Mill. These will outline the ways that development within those locations can achieve the Sub Area 4 priorities and policy requirements, as well as the overarching objectives of the Local Plan. The SPD will provide additional guidance on the types and forms of development that are appropriate for these areas, and ensure the comprehensive development of these areas.
C312	SA4.1: Bromley-by- Bow	Minor	Site Allocation SA4.1: Bromley-by-Bow A new mixed-use area including: • New and reprovided retail floorspace that is capable of functioning alongside a mix of uses, as a new District Centre • A primary school • A new 1.2 hectare park • Riverside walk • Community facility (e.g. library) • New homes with a significant element of family housing • New employment-generating business space in a range of sizes and formats. Proposals for development will be required to demonstrate that they contribute to the comprehensive development of the Bromley-by- Bow Site Allocation area. taking into account the Bromley-by-Bow SPD (adopted 2017) which sets out specific policies for the area. To do this, applications will need to demonstrate: that a masterplan approach for the Site Allocation as a whole is followed that phasing of development across the overall site is appropriate and secured by condition or through Section 106 Agreements attached to future planning permissions that there is certainty of timely delivery for the key elements of social and physical

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			infrastructure and land uses identified as required within this site allocation Proposals will need to include an appropriate mix and balance of uses that together have the potential to function as a District Centre, including retail, employment floorspace, community uses, a primary school, a new park and improved public realm New development should respond positively to the adjacent waterways and Listed Buildings and Conservation Area at Three Mills. Specifically, development should be lower in scale by the canal and the new park should be located adjacent to the River Lea, particular reference should be made to policy T.10 and access to the canal Where development is phased, introduction of appropriate interim uses is encouraged in accordance with Policy B.3. Proposals for development greater than 18 metres above ground level will only be acceptable subject to the provisions of Policy BN.10 Safe pedestrian and cycling access should be provided, particularly to the primary school. Landing for bridges from Sugar House Lane will need to be incorporated into development proposals. The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 1700 new homes with an affordable housing threshold of 35% in accordance with Policy H2.
			<ul> <li>Supporting development principles</li> <li>Landowners will need to work together to bring forward comprehensive schemes that are capable of achieving the delivery of the District Centre and identified infrastructure needed for the site as a whole. Accessibility improvements will be required to enable the new Centre to be accessible to new and existing communities to the north and the west.</li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield</li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
Number			an affordable housing threshold of 35%
			in accordance with Policy H.2.
			Relevant planning history 1. There are no listed buildings or Conservation Areas on the site 2. Planning permission was granted in 2010 for a comprehensive mixed-use scheme, on the southern part of the Site Allocation but this permission has now lapsed 3. <u>1.</u> Permission was granted in 2012 for a
			predominantly housing development to the northern part of the Site Allocation (PA/11/02423/LBTH) and it is understood that this will be being implemented. 2. Planning permission 17/00334/FUL for mixed use development, including 407 residential units. 3. Planning permission 17/00364/FUL for mixed-use development, including 491 residential units.
			<b>Existing uses:</b> The area currently accommodates <u>riverside residential development</u> , a food store and associated car parking, industrial and distribution activities and vacant land and buildings. Bromley-by-Bow Station is located to the south-west of the Site Allocation area, on the other side of the A12.
C313	SA4.2: Sugar House Lane Supporting development principles	Minor	Add as final bullet point: <u>The site allocation is expected to yield a</u> <u>minimum of 1200 new homes with</u> <u>affordable housing being delivered in</u> <u>accordance with the current planning</u> <u>permission.</u>
			Relevant Planning History It is understood that this scheme will be implemented. The scheme has been implemented and as permitted is considered to meet the requirements of this site allocation (SA4.2)
C314	SA4.3: Pudding Mill	Minor	There are no listed buildings or Conservation Areas on the site.

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ul> <li>11/90621/OUTODA – Part of the site has <u>outline</u> planning permission under the Legacy Communities Scheme permission granted in 2012 for a substantial mixed use scheme, including a new Local Centre, 118,290 sqm of residential development (Use Class C3) and associated community uses and open space.</li> <li>Development of up to 118,290 sqm of residential development (Class C3)</li> <li>Development of up to 2,345 sqm of retail and food/drink (Classes A1-A5)</li> <li>Development of up to 169 sqm of leisure development (Class D2)</li> <li>Development of up to 1,482 sqm of employment (Class B1a) and up to 12,158 sqm of (Class B1b+B1c)</li> <li>Development of up to 1,482 sqm of community development (Class D1)</li> <li>Provision of 1,000 sqm of Open Space, including playspace.</li> <li>12/02202/AOD (NEW/2/4/1) – Construction of a new DLR railway station at Pudding Mill Lane under the Crossrail Act 2008.</li> <li>11/00492/AOD (NEW/2/7) – Construction of various structures associated with the Crossrail portal and new DLR station under the Crossrail Act 2008.</li> <li>Planning permission 14/00422/FUL for mixed use development of 254 residential units and 4,257 sqm of business space.</li> <li>Planning permission 15/00392/FUL for mixed use development of 194 residential units and 2,136sqm of commercial floorspace.</li> <li>Existing uses:</li> <li>light industrial and varied employment uses with some residential. There is no existing residential use within the site.</li> </ul>
C315	New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills	Major	SA4.4: Three Mills Site renewal, focusing on restoration and conservation of the existing heritage building on the site to preserve the character of the area whilst updating

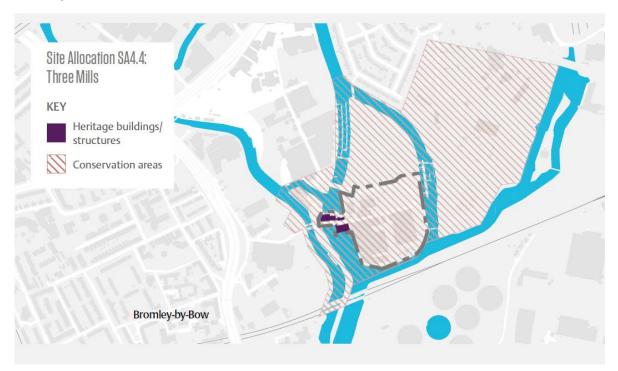
Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			facilities to ensure they are fit for purpose to maintain and enhancing the existing employment usage on site whilst maximising the opportunities of the site, including enabling development to support renewal.
			Proposals should set out how the historic buildings on site and the conservation area will be protected and enhanced by any development that takes place on site
			<u>The group of listed buildings at</u> <u>Three Mills Island, including the</u> <u>Grade I listed House Mill, and the</u> <u>listed buildings at Abbey Mills,</u> <u>provide an important historical</u> <u>context to the southern part of the</u> <u>Sub Area and the proposed district</u> <u>centre. It is important to ensure that</u> <u>any new development sits well</u> <u>alongside these existing heritage</u> <u>assets and does not impact</u> <u>negatively upon them.</u>
			<u>Area included within this site</u> <u>allocation includes a range of uses</u> <u>and facilities, any enabling</u> <u>development within proposals</u> <u>should be proportionate and not</u> <u>dominate the development and</u> <u>therefore change the character of</u> <u>the area.</u>
			Proposals should preserve and enhance the existing usage on site such as the employment usage, supporting the range of creative and business usage on site.
C316	New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills Supporting development principles	Major	<ul> <li><u>Proposals for new development or new uses within existing buildings within Three Mills Island will need to demonstrate that they preserve or enhance the character of the Conservation Area and the setting of the listed buildings</u></li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
			<ul> <li>Proposals should complement the range of existing employment, including cultural and creative employment and community uses</li> <li>Proposals for development should also preserve or enhance the character and appearance of the Three Mills and Sugar House Lane Conservation Areas</li> <li>Views from the Three Mills Conservation area will be protected from inappropriate development.</li> <li>Proposals for this site allocation will set out how they contribute to the overall vision for sub area four, making reference to planning documents that relate to the wider area such as the Bromley-by-Bow SPD, the proposed district centre at Bromley-by-Bow and the neighbouring Sugar House Lane conservation area.</li> <li>The site allocation is expected to yield a minimum of 100 new homes with an affordable housing threshold of 50% in accordance with Policy H.2.</li> </ul>
C317	New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills Address	Major	Address Site address: Three Mills Studios and the Clock Mill Existing uses: The main area is used for film and television studios and is known as Three Mills Studios, the Clock Mill is the temporary site of the East London Science School. Size: 3.9 ha PTAL rating: 0-3 Flood Zone: 2-3

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
C318	New site allocation boundary	Major	New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills <i>boundary – see below</i>
C319	New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills Phasing and Implementation	Major	<ul> <li><u>Phasing and Implementation:</u></li> <li><u>Phasing of development on site</u> <u>expected from 2024 onwards.</u></li> </ul>
C320	New Site Allocation	Major	Site Allocation SA4.5: Bow Goods Yards (Bow East and West)An area of Strategic Industrial Land providing protected freight rail head facilities, divided by the River Lee but linked by rail infrastructure, appropriate for bulk freight and other uses associated with Strategic Industrial Land. There is the opportunity for intensification, consolidation and development of rail freight, transport and associated industrial uses.Consolidation and intensification of rail, industrial and other appropriate employment uses would present the opportunity in the long-term for an element of release of land at Bow East for alternative uses, provided that:•This formed part of a comprehensive masterplan approach•This provided rail access and freight function to both Bow East and Bow West•Continued to provide at least an equivalent amount of SIL function capacity as the current land area•Significantly increased the overall job density of the site allocation area

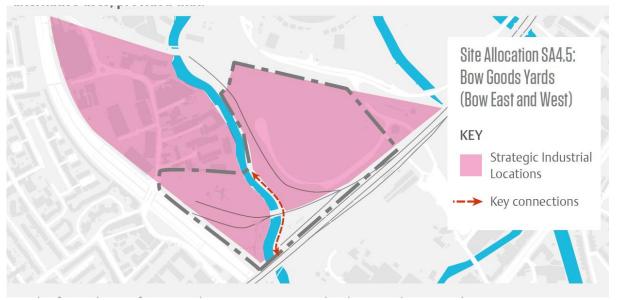
Change Reference	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
Number		g•	
			• <u>Secures the long-term provision of</u> <u>sufficient rail and transport</u> <u>infrastructure to serve the uses</u> <u>planned through the</u> <u>comprehensive masterplan</u> <u>approach</u>
			Provides an alternative road <u>access across the site allocation</u> <u>area to enable servicing and</u> <u>access to and from the A12</u>
			Does not negatively impact on the surrounding highway infrastructure or road safety for those using that surrounding highway and transport network
			Demonstrates an acceptable relationship between the rail and other SIL uses and any non-SIL uses proposed, including noise, air quality and visual impact, applying the 'Agent of Change' principle.
			Where these requirements are met, any area released for non-SIL uses can include residential development but must demonstrate a strong relationship and connections to:
			<u>The new Local Centre and DLR</u> <u>Station at Pudding Mill</u>
			<ul> <li><u>The emerging residential</u> <u>communities at both Pudding Mill</u> <u>and Sweetwater</u></li> </ul>
			<u>The Greenway and River Lea and</u> <u>communities to the west of the</u> <u>River, including open space</u> <u>provision and an enhanced</u> <u>landscaped setting to these</u> <u>features.</u>
C321	New Site Allocation SA4.5: Bow Goods Yards	Major	<ul> <li><u>Supporting Development Principles</u></li> <li><u>Creating a buffer of employment</u> <u>uses between the rail and industrial</u> <u>uses and any residential use</u></li> </ul>

Change Reference Number	Policy, para.	Type of change	Proposed change
C322	(Bow East and West) Supporting development principles SA4.5: Bow Goods Yards (Bow East and West)	New Site Allocation	<ul> <li>Where any residential use is proposed following on from intensification and consolidation of industrial and freight uses, affordable housing to be provided in accordance with Local Plan Policy (H.2) and defining the site as publicly owned</li> <li>Provision of a significant biodiverse open space buffer along the waterway edge</li> <li>Ensuring the eastern edge of the site and any vehicle access connections to Pudding Mill Lane and the Loop Road is designed such that it remains a safe route for pedestrians and cyclists moving between Pudding Mill Station and the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park, its schools and venues</li> <li>The comprehensive masterplan approach could be phased in its delivery</li> <li>Industrial and storage distribution uses should be provided in high quality and well-designed enclosing structures, with appropriate soft landscaping, which complement the views through and within the site as well as reflecting the wider context of proximity of the Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park and its unique setting.</li> <li>Address</li> <li>Site address: Bow Goods Yards East and West</li> <li>Existing uses: The area is used for aggregates and concrete batching, with related railhead and road infrastructure.</li> </ul>
			<u>Size: 14.11 ha</u> <u>PTAL rating: 1a-2</u> <u>Flood Zone: 1-3</u>
C323	New site allocation	major	Site Allocation SA4.5: Bow Goods Yards (Bow East and West) boundary – see below



Change Reference Number C318 New Site Allocation SA4.4: Three Mills boundary

Change Reference Number C323, Site Allocation SA4.5: Bow Goods Yards (Bow East



Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
	Paragraph 14.1	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.1
	Paragraph 14.2	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.2
	Paragraph 14.3	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.3
	Paragraph 14.5	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.4
C324	Paragraph 14.6	Minor	Paragraph 14.6 <u>An The Infrastructure Delivery Plan (IDP)</u> <u>which was has been</u> prepared by the Legacy Corporation in consultation with the Boroughs and other stakeholders. <u>in 2013 It</u> identifies the infrastructure that will be needed to support the planned growth within the Legacy Corporation area, and identifies the costs and funding gap for this infrastructure. The IDP <u>will be is</u> reviewed annually and updated as necessary as part of the Authority Monitoring Report. A CIL Infrastructure List has been published alongside the adopted Community Infrastructure Levy Charging Schedule. This sets out which infrastructure the Legacy Corporation intends to fund from its CIL.
	Paragraph 14.7	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.7
C325	Table 11: Infrastructure Delivery Policies	Minor	Becomes Table 14 See below for updated table
	Paragraph 14.8	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.8
C326	Paragraph 14.9	Minor	Paragraph 14.9 The Legacy Corporation CIL Charging Schedule came into effect on 6th April 2015. The money raised will be used to help deliver the infrastructure on the CIL <u>Infrastructure List (</u> regulation 123) list and in the Infrastructure Delivery Plan. Further information on the Legacy Corporation CIL is available from the Legacy Corporation website. At their meeting in June 2013 the Board agreed to establish a 'Project Proposals Group' to allocate future CIL receipts and section 106 funds. The group is now in operation and Information on the allocations made by the group is available for each preceding year from the Authorities Monitoring Report. CIL regulations provide for a 'neighbourhood portion' of the funding to be spent in consultation with the local community. The Legacy Corporation has established a Neighbourhood CIL Fund and a local mechanism established to allow

Section 14 – Delivery and Implementation

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			local projects to bid for funding from this. will follow government advice on engaging with local communities in the Legacy Corporation area to agree with them how best to spend the neighbourhood funding portion of CIL funds.
	Paragraph 14.10	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.10
C327	Paragraph 14.11	Minor	Paragraph 14.11 An <u>Planning Obligations</u> interim draft Supplementary Planning Document <u>was</u> <u>adopted in November 2016 that has been</u> produced which sets out how Section 106 Planning Obligations will be used in the Legacy Corporation area and how they will be used alongside CIL to secure infrastructure. <u>This will be regularly</u> reviewed and updated when necessary to ensure that it remains relevant.
	Paragraph 14.12	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.12
C328	Paragraph 14.13	Minor	<ul> <li>Paragraph 14.13</li> <li>Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) will be prepared <u>where it is necessary</u> to provide further</li> <li>guidance to the Local Plan and help deliver its</li> <li>objectives. At present, the following documents are considered necessary, and will be taken forward for adoption following adoption of this Local Plan. The following SPDs have been prepared and adopted since the Local Plan was first adopted in 2015:</li> <li>Planning Obligations SPD</li> <li>Carbon Off-set Funding SPD</li> <li>Hackney Wick &amp; Fish Island SPD</li> <li>Pudding Mill SPD</li> <li>Bromley-by-Bow SPD.</li> </ul>
	Paragraph 14.14	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.14
	Paragraph 14.15	No change	Remains as Paragraph 14.15
C329	Paragraph 14.16	Minor	Paragraph 14.16 It may be appropriate, in the interests of the proper planning of the Legacy Corporation area, for the Legacy Corporation to acquire properties using these powers, if this would facilitate the regeneration of its area, and

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
	Paragraphs 14.17, 14.18,	No change	this regeneration could not be achieved without using these powers. The Legacy Corporation will follow the <u>Government</u> guidance <u>current at the time</u> <del>as set out in</del> ODPM Circular '06/2004 and 04/2010 Compulsory Purchase and the Crichel Down Rules' in deciding whether use of its powers would be appropriate. Remain as Paragraphs 14.17, 14.18, 14.19
C330	14.19 Paragraph 14.20	Minor	Monitoring <u>and future review of</u> the Local Plan
			In order to measure the success of the strategy and policies within this Local Plan and help to identify any potential need for a review of all or part of the Local Plan, the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) set out in Table 1 <u>5</u> 2 will be used. A review of the Plan will be undertaken at least once every five years or earlier is likely to be triggered where this monitoring shows that key strategic elements of the Plan, such as delivery against housing targets, would not be met to a significant or on-going extent, or in 2018/19 in any event. Monitoring of these indicators will be reported within the Legacy Corporation's annual Authority Monitoring Report. This report will also include annual updates of the activities undertaken in relation to Local Plan monitoring the Growth Boroughs four boroughs produce regular Convergence progress reports which report on performance against the Convergence themes and indicators. It is likely that the Legacy Corporation will cease to be the Local Planning Authority at some point during the Plan period which runs to 2036. Responsibility for monitoring and reviewing the Local Plan would then become the responsibility of each borough within its own boundary. Once each borough Local Plan is subsequently reviewed and updated it is assumed that these subsume the area of the borough currently covered by this Local Plan. Local Planning Authority responsibilities for

Change Reference Number	Policy, para	Type of change	Proposed change
			neighbourhood planning would also be passed to each borough while responsibility for collecting and otherwise administering the Community Infrastructure Levy would also be transferred.
C331	Table 12	Minor	Becomes Table 15 See below for updated table

# Change Reference number 331 - Table 14 44: Infrastructure Delivery Policies

Туре	Description (from IDP)	Policy	Sub Area and Site Allocation
Social Infrastructure	Education (primary, secondary and early years)	CI.2: Planning for and bringing forward new schools	Primary Sub Area 1: SA1.64, SA1.7 and SA1.8 Sub Area 3 SA3.4 and SA3.6 Sub Area 4: SA4.1 Secondary Sub Area 3 SA3.6 Early years Sub Area 1 SA1.4 SA1.5 and SA1.6 Sub Area 3 SA3.2 and SA3.3 Sub Area 4 SA4.3
	Primary healthcare; open space; green infrastructure; child play space	Cl.1Providing new and retaining existing community infrastructure SP.3 Integrating the built and natural environment BN.3 Maximising biodiversity BN.6 Protecting Metropolitan Open Land BN.7 <u>8</u> : Improving Local Open Space BN. <u>89</u> Maximising opportunities for play S.7 <u>9</u> Overheating and Urban Greening	Primary Healthcare Sub Area 1 SA1.1 and SA1.8 <u>6</u> Sub Area 3 SA3.5 Sub Area 4 SA4.3 <b>Open Space</b> Sub Area 1 SA1.1, SA1.3 <del>, SA1.5</del> and SA1.6 <u>4</u> Sub area 4 SA4.1 and SA4.2 <b>Child play space</b> Sub Area, 1,2,3 and 4 Sub Area 3 SA3.6 Sub Area 4 SA4.1, SA4.2 and SA4.3

	Sporte facilities	CI 1. Providing now	Sports facilities
	Sports facilities (courts and	CI.1: Providing new and retaining	Sports facilities Sub Area 2
	swimming pools)	existing community	Sub Area 4
	- ····································	infrastructure	
	Libraries, community	CI.1: Providing new	Libraries,
	centres and	and retaining	community centres
	community space	existing community	and community
		infrastructure	space
		4.1: A potential District Centre	<u>Sub Area 1 SA1.1</u> Sub Area 3 SA3.4
		SA1.1: Hackney	Sub Area 3 SA3.4 Sub Area 4 SA4.1
		Wick Station Area	
Transport	Local connectivity	SP.4: Planning for	Local connectivity
	and transport	and securing	and transport
	improvements	transport	improvements
		infrastructure to	Sub area 1,2,3 and 4
		support growth	Sub Area 1 SA1.3
		and convergence	and SA1.5
		T.2: Transport	Employment cluster
		improvements T.3: Supporting	designation B.1a3 Sub Area 2 SA2.1
		transport schemes	Sub Area 3 SA3.2,
		T.4: Managing	SA3.3 and SA3.4
		development and its	Sub Area 4 SA4.1,
		transport impacts	SA4.2, and SA4.3 and
		T.6: Facilitating	<u>SA4.5</u>
		local connectivity	
		T.10: Using the	
		waterways for	
		transport 1.3: Connecting	
		Hackney Wick and	
		Fish Island	
		2.3 Improving	
		connections	
		3.2 <u>3</u> : Improving	
		connections around	
		central Stratford	
		4.2: Bringing forward new	
		connections to	
		serve new	
		development	
		4.3: Station	
		improvements	
	Strategic Transport	SP.4: Planning for	Strategic Transport
	Improvements	and securing	Improvements
		infrastructure to	Sub Area 1 SA1.1 Sub Area 3
		support growth and convergence	Sub Area 3 Sub Area 4
		T.1: Strategic	
		Transport	
		Improvements	

Utilities and Hard Infrastructure	Energy (electricity, gas and Combined Cooling, Heat and Power [CCHP])	S.2: Energy in new development S.3: Energy infrastructure and heat networks	<b>Energy</b> All sub areas
	Sewerage (waste water)	S.5: Water supply and waste water disposal S.6 <u>8</u> : Waste reduction <del>, recycling</del> and composting	Sewerage All sub areas
	Waste management and flood defences	IN.2 S.7: Planning for waste S.810: Flood risk and sustainable drainage measures SP.4: Planning for and securing infrastructure to support growth and convergence	Waste management and flood defences All sub areas
	Telecommunications and Digital Technology	<u>S.6: Increasing</u> <u>digital connectivity,</u> <u>safeguarding</u> <u>existing</u> <u>communications</u> <u>provision and</u> <u>enabling future</u> <u>infrastructure</u>	Telecommunications and Digital Technology All sub areas

# Change Reference number 332 - Table 15-2: Local Plan Key Performance Indicators

NO.	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MONITORING CRITERIA	RELEVANT OBJECTIVE
1	Growth in economic activity	<ul> <li>Percentage of working-age residents in employment within the four Growth Boroughs compared to the London average</li> <li>Net gain/loss in employment floorspace (B Use Class) compared to 2015 baseline</li> </ul>	1
<del>2<u>4</u></del>	Creation of retail centres	<ul> <li>Net gain/loss in retail and leisure floorspace (A1–5, C1 and D2 Use Classes) within the identified centres</li> <li>Vacancy rates within the identified centres compared to the London average.</li> <li>Number of jobs/local jobs/opportunities within employment training initiatives created.</li> </ul>	1
<del>3-</del> 5	Supply of housing	<ul> <li>Number of homes permitted per annum</li> <li>Number of 'affordable' homes permitted per annum and the tenure breakdown</li> </ul>	2

NO.	KEY PERFORMANCE	MONITORING CRITERIA	RELEVANT OBJECTIVE
	INDICATOR		
		<ul> <li>Number of homes completed per annum</li> <li>Number of 'affordable' homes completed per annum and the tenure breakdown</li> <li>Number and % of schemes containing residential going through the Fast Track Route (FTR)</li> <li>Average number of bedrooms per unit</li> <li>Number of one-, two- and three-bedroom plus units permitted per annum (% of total)</li> <li>Amount of accommodation provided for students, older persons and gypsies and travellers.</li> </ul>	
4 <u>6</u>	Provision and protection of community facilities	<ul> <li>Net gain/loss in community floorspace (D1 Use Class)</li> <li>On-site community infrastructure secured through S106 Agreement as part of large- scale development.</li> <li>Number of school places provided and /or granted planning permission</li> <li>Number and capacity of new health facilities approved</li> </ul>	2
5 <u>7</u>	Protecting heritage assets and improving design quality	<ul> <li>Loss of heritage assets</li> <li>Proportion of relevant approved applications (proposing residential use) that meet the 'Baseline' Quality and Design Standards outlined within Annex 1 of the Mayor's Housing SPG (excluding any elements of the Baseline Standards that are addressed by the Nationally Described Space Standards – Technical Requirements and Policies BN.5 and S.5).</li> <li>Proportion of relevant approved applications (proposing non-residential use) that incorporate all applicable elements of the Legacy Corporation's Inclusive Design Standards.</li> <li>Proportions of relevant approved applications (proposing residential use) that provide 90% of dwellings in accordance with Optional Requirement M4 (2) Category 2 of Part M of the Building Regulations, and 10% of dwellings in accordance with Optional Requirement M4 (3) Category 3 of Part M of the Building Regulations.</li> <li>Proportion of relevant approved applications (proposing residential use) meeting the Nationally Described Space Standards – Technical Requirements.</li> <li>Proportion of relevant approved applications (proposing residential use) meeting the Nationally Described Space Standards – Technical Requirements.</li> <li>Proportion of relevant approved applications that meet 'Site layout planning for daylight</li> </ul>	3,5

NO.	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MONITORING CRITERIA	RELEVANT OBJECTIVE
		and sunlight' (BRE, 2011) or superseding guidance.	
<u> <del>6</del> 8</u>	Retaining open space	Quantum of open space gained or lost through development	3, 5
7 <u>9</u>	Protect biodiversity and habitat	<ul> <li>No net loss of SINCS</li> <li>Number of applications approved for development schemes that provide a net gain</li> <li>Number of applications approved for development schemes meeting the Urban Greening Factor target score including urban greening initiatives.</li> </ul>	3, 5
8 <u>10</u>	Improving the waterway environment	<ul> <li>Number of applications approved for major development schemes next to the waterways including measures to improve the environment of the Blue Ribbon Network.</li> </ul>	3, 5
<del>9</del> <u>11</u>	Managing transport impacts	<ul> <li>Number of Travel Plans entered into through either condition or S106 Agreement</li> <li>Travel Plan reviews to monitor: 1. Trip generation rates 2. Mode share and change in mode share over time 3. The effectiveness of the Travel Plan measures 4. The effectiveness of delivery and servicing strategies</li> </ul>	4, 5
<del>10</del> <u>12</u>	Reducing car use	Number of car club spaces approved.	4, 5
11 <u>13</u>	Delivering electric-charging infrastructure	<ul> <li>Number of electric-charging points approved.</li> </ul>	4, 5
<del>12</del> - <u>14</u>	Car parking provision	<ul> <li>Number of applications approved for car- free or car-capped development schemes</li> <li>Net gain/loss of car parking spaces.</li> </ul>	4, 5
<del>13</del> <u>15</u>	Cycle parking provision	Net gain/loss of cycle parking spaces.	4, 5
<u>14 16</u>	Delivering transport infrastructure	<ul> <li>Infrastructure provided on site as part of development – e.g. new junctions, new cycle paths, new footpaths.</li> </ul>	4, 5
<del>15</del> 2	Improvements in IMD	Changes in Indices of Multiple Deprivation within Wards that fall within the Legacy Corporation area.	1, 2, 4, 5
<del>16</del> 3	Improvements in health	<ul> <li>Changes in health indicators for residents within Wards that fall within the Legacy Corporation area.</li> <li>Changes in life expectancy for residents within Wards that fall within the Legacy Corporation area.</li> </ul>	2, 3, 5
17	Reductions in carbon emissions	• Number of applications approved for major development schemes (proposing residential use) that achieve a 40% or greater improvement on 2010 Building Regulations	3, 4, 5

NO.	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MONITORING CRITERIA	RELEVANT OBJECTIVE
		<ul> <li>Target Emission Rate, or from 2016 onwards achieve a Zero Carbon target (including any permitted allowable solutions)</li> <li>Number of applications approved for major development schemes (proposing nonresidential use) that achieve a 35% or greater improvement on 2013 Building Regulations TER, meet building regulations requirements from 2016 to 2019, or from 2019 onwards achieve a Zero Carbon target (including any permitted allowable solutions)</li> <li>Number of applications approved for major development schemes (proposing nonresidential use) achieving a minimum of BREEAM 2011 'Very Good', while achieving a maximum score for water use (or an equivalent in any future nationally recognised assessment scheme).</li> </ul>	
18	Water efficiency	<ul> <li>Number of applications approved for major development schemes designed to achieve 110 litres of water use per person per day or less</li> </ul>	3, 4, 5
<del>19</del>	Coverage of trees and green roofs	<ul> <li>Number of applications approved for major development schemes that include the provision of additional trees.</li> </ul>	<del>3, 4, 5</del>
<del>20</del> <u>19</u>	Planning obligations	<ul> <li>The AMR will include a breakdown of all financial and non-financial obligations secured through S106 Agreement.</li> </ul>	All

## Change Reference number 331 a - AMR Monitoring Criteria

1. Growth in economic activity	Percentage of working-age residents in employment within the four growth boroughs compared to the London average Net gain/loss in employment floorspace (B Use Class) compared to 2015 baseline Number of new business start-ups compared to closures in the Growth	
	boroughs Number of jobs/local jobs/ opportunities within employment training initiatives created	
2- Creation of retail centres	Net gain/loss in retail and leisure floorspace (A1-5, C1 and D2) by use within the Centres	
	Vacancy rates within the identified centres compared to the London average	

	New retail floorspace permitted outside the Centres (units and quantum)
	Number of applications submitted for change of use from A1 to non-A1
	floorspace within the Centres and per cent granted
3- Supply of housing	Number of homes permitted per annum
	Number of affordable homes permitted per
	annum by tenure and the tenure breakdown
	Number of homes completed per annum
	Number of affordable homes completed per
	annum by tenure and the tenure breakdown
	Average number of bedrooms per unit
	Number and % of schemes containing
	residential going through the Fast Track
	Route (FTR)
	Number of homes permitted per annum by
	unit size
	Amount of specialist housing provided
	Changes in resident population and
	household profile
4- Provision and protection of community	Net gain/loss in community floorspace (D1
facilities	Use Class)
	On site community infrastructure secured
	through S.106 Agreement as part of large
	scale development
	Number of new school places
	delivered/granted permission
	Number and capacity of new health facilities
	granted planning permission
5- Protecting heritage assets and improving	Loss of heritage assets
design quality	Proportion of relevant applications
	approved for development schemes
	(proposing residential use) that meet
	'Baseline' standards
	Proportion of relevant applications
	approved for development schemes
	(proposing non-residential use) that
	incorporate all applicable elements of the
	Legacy Corporation's Inclusive Design
	Standards
	Proportion of relevant applications
	approved for development schemes
	(proposing residential use) that provide
	90% of dwellings in accordance with M4 (2)
	Proportion of relevant applications
	approved for development schemes
	(proposing residential use) meeting the
	Nationally Described Space Standards
	Proportion of relevant applications
	approved for development schemes that
	meet daylight and sunlight guidance

6- Amount of open space	Quantum of open space gained or lost
	through development
7- Protect biodiversity and habitat	No net loss of SINCS (net gain or loss) Net
	<u>gains</u>
	Number of applications approved for
	development schemes meeting Urban
	Greening Factor (UFG)-including urban
	greening initiatives
	Surface cover type provided to meet the
	Urban Greening Factor target score/number
	of application approved for major
	development schemes that include:
	- Green roofs
	<u>- Trees</u>
	- Green walls
8- Improving the waterway environment	Number of applications approved for major
	development schemes next to the
	waterways including measures to improve
	the environment of the Blue Ribbon
	Network
9- Managing transport impacts	Number of green travel plans entered into
	through condition or S106 agreement
10- Reducing car use	Number of car club spaces approved
11- Delivering electric charging	Number of electric charging points
infrastructure	approved
12- Car parking provision	Number of applications approved for car-
	free or car-capped development schemes
	Net gain/loss of car parking spaces
13- Cycle parking provision	Net gain/loss of cycle parking spaces
14- Delivering transport infrastructure	Infrastructure provided on site as part of
	development e.g. new junctions, cycle
	paths
<del>15</del> - 2 Improvements in IMD	Changes in Indices of Multiple Deprivation
	within wards
16-3 Improvements in health	Changes in health indicators for residents
	within relevant wards
	Changes in life expectancy for residents
	within relevant ward
	Physically active children
	Personal well-being by Borough
17- Reductions in carbon emissions	Number of applications approved for major
	development schemes (proposing
	residential use) that achieve a 40% or
	greater improvement on 2010 Building
	Regulations
	Number of applications approved for major
	development schemes (proposing non-
	residential use) that achieve a 35% or
	greater improvement on 2010 Building
	greater improvement on 2010 Building Regulations

	residential use) that achieve a minimum of BREEAM 'Very Good'
18- Water efficiency	Number of applications approved for major development schemes designed to achieve 110 litres of water use per person
19- Coverage of trees and green roofs	Number of applications approved for major development schemes that include the provision of trees
	Number of applications approved for major development schemes that include green roofs
20- Planning Obligations	Breakdown of all financial and non-financial obligations secured through S106 Agreement

# Policies Map Schedule of Proposed Changes

Change Reference Number	Proposed change
PM1	Correction – designation of two Local Open Spaces (LOS) north of Hackney Wick as Metropolitan Open Land, in accordance with the previous extent in LB Hackney Local Plan
PM2	Designation of five new LOS in accordance with the Open Space and Play Space Assessment 2018 recommendations
PM3	Correction to the positions of the two LOS south of the London Aquatic Centre
PM4	Deletion of SA1.4 to respond to the changes in the draft revised Local Plan
PM5	Deletion of SA1.5 to respond to the changes in the draft revised Local Plan
PM6	Addition of new site allocations SA2.4, SA4.4 and SA4.5
PM7	Amendments to the boundaries of Site Allocations SA3.2 and SA3.3
PM8	Amendment to the East Village Local Centre boundary
PM9	Amendments to the Metropolitan Centre boundary as being the location for the potential Central Activities Zone (CAZ) reserve

## Local Plan Appendices

Change Reference Number	Paragraph, Appendix	Type of change	Proposed change
AP1	APPENDIX 1: THE POLICY CONTEXT	Minor	APPENDIX 1: THE POLICY CONTEXT See below
AP2	APPENDIX 2: Key Housing Locations	Major	APPENDIX 1: Key Housing Locations See below
AP3	New Appendix	Major	APPENDIX 3: Schedule of Designated and non-designated heritage assets – see below
AP4	New Appendix	Major	APPENDIX 4: Schedule of Local Open Spaces and its function(s) – see below
	Appendices 3 Glossary	Reference Update	Becomes Appendix 5
	Appendices 4 Use Class Order	No change	Becomes Appendix 6
	Appendices 5 Abbreviations	No change	Becomes Appendix 7
	Appendices 6 Index of policies	Reference update	Becomes Appendix 8

### APPENDIX 1: THE POLICY CONTEXT

#### A Local Planning Authority and a Local Plan

**A1.1** On 1 October 2012, the Legacy Corporation became the Local Planning Authority for its administrative area, a role that had previously been divided between the four Boroughs, the Olympic Delivery Authority and London Thames Gateway Development Corporation. It is now responsible for the determination of all applications for planning permission, Listed Building and Conservation Area consent. It also has the powers to declare new Conservation Areas and add buildings and structures to the Local List of buildings, structures or assets of historic or heritage interest.

**A1.2** The Legacy Corporation's planning powers and responsibilities are primarily drawn from the following:

- Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)
- Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended)
- The Planning Act 2008 (as amended)
- Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012
- Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2010 (as amended) and other statutory instruments made under Part III of the 1990 Act
- London Legacy Development Corporation (Planning Functions) Order 2012
- The Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010 (as amended).

**A1.3** The Legacy Corporation has also been given the plan-making responsibilities for the area. Changes in legislation mean that Local Planning Authorities can prepare a single Local Plan rather than a number of individual Local Development Documents (LDDs). The Legacy Corporation has prepared a single Local Plan for its area. This sets out the planning strategy for the area over the Plan period, how the needs and requirements for various forms of development can be met, and also sets out development management policies to help in determining day-to-day planning applications. It includes Site Allocations to identify the sites available for development and change that will be able to contribute to meeting the growth agenda that this Local Plan identifies.

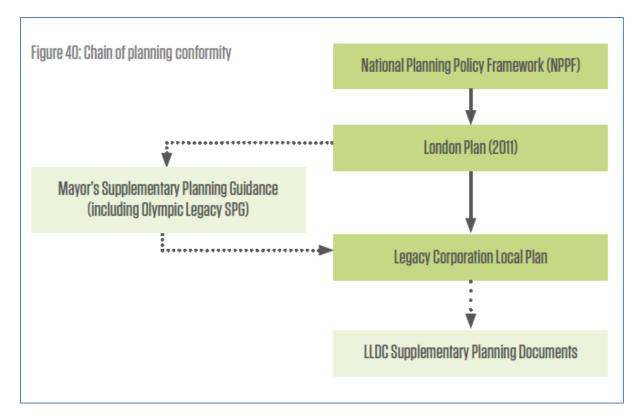
**A1.4** On adoption, the strategy, policies and proposals within the Local Plan have become the most important material consideration in determining planning applications. The Local Plan has replaced the adopted Local Plans of the four boroughs that had previously had effect within the Legacy Corporation area, as shown within Table 13 below.

BOROUGH	DOCUMENT	CONTENT
London Borough of Hackney	Core Strategy (2010)	Sets out the over-arching planning policies for development falling within this area, but also identifies and provides high-level policy for strategic sites including Hackney Wick within the Legacy Corporation's area.
	Hackney Wick Area Action Plan (2012)	Provides further detail to the Core Strategy setting out
		detail for the redevelopment

		of the area including Here East, a focus for technology- based employment, a new neighbourhood hub and proposals to link both with
		existing neighbourhoods and Queen Elizabeth Olympic Park.
London Borough of Newham	Core Strategy (2012)	Contains the most-up-to- date planning policies for the Newham Borough as a whole, but also sets out some clear direction for the Legacy Corporation with regard to Stratford and its emergence as a Metropolitan Centre, Chobham Village, Carpenters District, Sugar House Lane and Three Mills, Pudding Mill Lane and what is termed the Olympic Quarter.
London Borough of Tower Hamlets	Core Strategy (2010)	This document provides strategic planning policies for the relevant area, but also specific policies for Fish Island and Bromley-by-Bow which fall within the Legacy Corporation's area.
	Fish Island Area Action Plan (2012)	This builds on work within the Core Strategy setting out how the area will develop. Key to this process is enhancing the connectivity of the area with communities beyond and the reuse and redevelopment of industrial premises for mixed uses occurring in a manner appropriate to the historical context.
London Borough of Waltham Forest	Core Strategy (2012)	Sets out the planning policies for the Borough, including parts of Leyton which fall within the Legacy Corporation's area.

**A1.5** In addition to the above, while not a formal part of the Development Plan, the Lee Valley Regional Park Authority Park Development Framework (2011) and any replacement, sets out the blueprint for the regional park, part of which falls within the Legacy Corporation

area. Obligations are placed on planning authorities, including the Legacy Corporation, under the terms of the Lee Valley Regional Park Act (1966). Figure 4044 shows the chain of conformity of planning policy documents, upon the adoption of the Legacy Corporation's Local Plan.



### Figure 40<u>44</u>: Chain of planning conformity

**A1.6** The Legacy Corporation Local Plan must also take full account of higher-level strategies and policies. These are detailed below.

### **National Planning Policy Framework**

**A1.7** The National Planning Policy Framework sets out the framework of national planning policy, including those things that must be taken into account in developing a Local Plan. All planning policies and decisions must accord with the policies set out within this document but also be developed having regard to the best practice of the Planning Practice Guidance online resource. (http://planningguidance.planningportal.gov.uk/)

### The London Plan and Mayoral Strategies

**A1.8** The London Plan (2011) sets out the strategic planning policies for London as a whole and any Local Plan must be in "general conformity" with the policies in the London Plan. The London Plan is accompanied by a range of supplementary planning guidance which is relevant to interpretation of the policies in the London Plan.

**A1.9** Subsequently, aspects of the 2011 London Plan have been formally replaced <u>through</u> several formal alterations and a consolidated, up to date version of the London Plan has <u>been published by the Greater London Authority on its website</u>. <del>by the Revised Early Minor</del> Alterations to the London Plan (REMA) published in October 2013, and the Further Alterations to the London Plan (FALP) published in March 2015. The Local Plan reflects the policy position within all these documents, with references where applicable. <u>A draft new</u>

London Plan has been published by the Mayor in November 2017 and is expected to complete its Examination in Public and be published in its final form before the end of 2019. The revised LLDC Local Plan has taken into account the policy changes that have been introduced within the draft New London Plan. The Mayor also published in May 2015 some further proposed Minor Alterations to the London Plan (MALP), covering parking standards in outer London and the Mayor's response to the national technical standards for housing. When finalised the MALP will also form part of the London Plan.

**A1.10** The Mayor's Olympic Legacy Supplementary Planning Guidance (OLSPG), 2012 is of particular importance, setting out his interpretation of London Plan policies and further guidance for the locations within and around the Legacy Corporation area. This sets a clear strategic context for the Legacy Corporation Local Plan.

**A1.11** The Strategic Regeneration Framework (SRF), originally published by the Growth Boroughs in 2009, sets out a framework of public sector action to address the level of disadvantage evident in those communities in comparison to those living in London as a whole. Underlying the SRF is the concept of 'convergence' which is the ambition that over a 20-year period residents of the host Boroughs would achieve the average expected in successful communities within and around the Legacy Corporation area. This sets a clear strategic context for the Legacy Corporation Local Plan.

**A1.12** In 2011, the Mayor of London and the Growth Boroughs agreed a restructured set of convergence objectives under three themes:

- Creating wealth and reducing poverty
- Supporting healthier lifestyles
- Developing successful neighbourhoods.

**A1.13** The Legacy Corporation has ensured that all plans and programmes are prepared in conformity with the above documents as well as the relevant planning acts and regulations.

# APPENDIX 2: Key Housing Locations

Replace current Tables 14 & 15 with new Table 16 below:

Application number	Pre-	Adoption phase			Total	
	adoption phase					
	2018-2019	2020-	2025-	2030-	2035-	
	2010 2010	2024	2029	2034	2036	
Allocations						
Sub Area 1	0	662	373	25	0	1059
Sub Area 2	0	0	200	0	0	200
Sub Area 3	0	356	1159	924	29	2468
Sub Area 4	115	704	1059	326	0	2205
TOTAL	115	1722	2791	1275	29	5932
Permissions						
Sub Area 1	487	876	29	0	0	1392
Sub Area 2	918	1840	251	0	0	3010
Sub Area 3	1108	3302	2532	168	0	7110
Sub Area 4	574	2266	1347	0	0	4187
TOTAL	3088	8284	4159	168	0	15699
Additional						
capacity						
Sub Area 1	35	767	678	359	7	1846
Sub Area 2	0	83	131	0	0	214
Sub Area 3	0	1188	948	176	130	2442
Sub Area 4	0	24	96	6	2	128
TOTAL	35	2061	1854	541	139	4630
AREA TOTAL	3238	12067	8804	1984	168	26261

Reference	Name	Designation
		Non-
1	61 to 79 Eastway	Designated
		Non-
2	The Old Baths	Designated
		Non-
3	Trafalgar Mews	Designated
4	St Mary of Eton Church	Designated
		Non-
5	32a Eastway	Designated
6	Gainsborough School	Designated
•		Non-
7	Sewer vent pipe	Designated
•		Non-
8	Warehouse at corner of Wallis Road and Berkshire Road	Designated
0		Non-
9	Central Books and Rubber Works	Designated
<u> </u>		Non-
10	Oslo House	Designated
10		Non-
11	Lion Works	Designated
11		Non-
12	Former Carless Institute	
12		Designated Non-
13	Spagalatain buildinga/Dara Warka	
13	Spegelstein buildings/Daro Works	Designated Non-
11	Eton Mission Dowing Club	
14	Eton Mission Rowing Club	Designated
4 5		Non-
15	88 Wallis Road	Designated
40		Non-
16	86 Wallis Road	Designated
. –		Non-
17	Railway bridge over Lee Navigation	Designated
		Non-
18	Hope Chimical Works Wall	Designated
10		Non-
19	Lord Napier public house and adjacent housing	Designated
		Non-
20	Everett House	Designated
		Non-
21	14 Queen's Yard	Designated
	Queens Yard and Kings Yard/Energy Centre (former	Non-
22	Clarnico Works)	Designated
		Non-
23	Carpenter's Road Bridge	Designated
		Non-
24	92 White Post Lane	Designated
		Non-
25	Boundary wall to the Hertford Union Canal	Designated

# Appendix 3- Schedule of Designated (Nationally Listed) and Non-Designated Heritage Assets

		Non-
26	McGrath House and Outbuildings	Designated
		Non-
27	Carlton Chimney	Designated
		Non-
28	Bottom lock of Hertford Union Canal	Designated
		Non-
29	Former Timber Yard Gatehouse	Designated
30	Broadwood's Diana Factory	Non- Designated
30	Broadwood's Piano Factory	Non-
31	Algha Works	Designated
		Non-
32	Wick Lane Rubber Works (East)	Designated
		Non-
33	Wick Lane Rubber Works (West)	Designated
		Non-
34	Britannia Works	Designated
05		Non-
35	Swan Wharf	Designated
36	Old Ford Lock	Non-
30		Designated Non-
37	Northern Outfall Sewer Bridge	Designated
0.		Non-
38	Former Christ Church Mission and Sunday School	Designated
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Non-
39	Former Glass Bending Factory	Designated
		Non-
40	Former Ammonia Works Warehouse	Designated
11	Dublic Llouge 421 Wiek Long	Non-
41	Public House, 421 Wick Lane	Designated Non-
42	Tide Gate	Designated
-72		Non-
43	Pedestrian Bridge, Greenway	Designated
		Non-
44	City Mill River Footbridge	Designated
		Non-
45	Warton House, Box Factory, perfume/soap makers	Designated
46	Parish Boundary Marker between no. 231 and 233	Designated
47	The Log Cabin	Designated
40	Durfard Daad	Non-
48	Burford Road	Designated Non-
49	Stratford (Market) Station, High St	Designated
		Non-
50	306-308 High St	Designated
51	116-130 Abbey Lane	Designated
52	Former Superintendent's House	Designated
53	Bases of Pair Former Chimney Stacks	Designated
54	Gate Lodge	Designated
55	Gates and Gatepiers at Entrance to Abbey Mills	Designated

50	Dumming Otation	Decimentad
56	Pumping Station	Designated
57	Abbey Mills Pumping Station	Designated
58	Stores Building at Abbey Mills	Designated
59	B Station at Abbey Mills Pumping Station	Designated
60	C station with Associated Valve House	Designated
61	Offices Opposite Clock Mill	Designated
	Paved roadway extending from west side of House Mill to	Designated
62	wall and gate on East side of Clock Mill	_
62	Clock Mill	Designated
		Non-
63	The Still, Three Mills Distillery	Designated
		Non-
64	Old River Lee Narrows	Designated
		Non-
65	Carpenter's Lock Bridge	Designated
		Non-
66	Carpenter's Lock	Designated

## Appendix 4- Schedule of Local Open Spaces and its identified function(s)

Reference	
Number	Primary and Secondary Function(s)
1	Amenity Open Space/Pocket Park
2	Local Park/ Outdoor Sports Facilities
3	Outdoor Sports Facilities
4	Pocket Park/ Linear Open Space
5	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space
6	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space
7	Linear Open Space/ Green Corridors
8	Linear Open Space/ Green Corridors
9	Green Corridor
10	Green Corridor
11	Outdoor Sports Facilities and Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space
	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space and Children and Young People
12	play space (5 - 11 years)
13	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space
14	Green Corridor
	Amenity Open Space including Children and Young People (5 - 11
15	years) play space
16	Linear Open Space/ Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space
17	Linear Open Space
18	Amenity Open Space
19	Linear Open Space
	Outdoor Sports Facilities - Mountain Bike Trail / Natural/Semi-Natural
24	Open Space
21	Children and Young People (5 - 11 years)/ Pocket Park
22	Amenity Open Space
23	Linear Open Space/ Children and Young People (5 - 11 years)
24	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space/ Amenity Open Space
25	Allotments
26	Natural/Semi-Natural Open Space

27	Amenity Open Space
28	Amenity Open Space
29	Amenity Open Space
30	Children and Young People (5 - 11 years)
31	Children and Young People (5 - 11 years)
32	Amenity Open Space
33	Linear Open Space
34	Semi-Natural Open Space
35	Allotments
36	Outdoor Sports Facilities
37	Linear Open Space/ Amenity Open Space/
	Children and Young People (>11 years)/ Amenity Open Space and
38	Outdoor Gym
39	Amenity Open Space
40	Chobham Academy Sports Ground
41	Carpenters Primary School Sports Ground
42	Amenity Open Space
43	Local Park including Children and Young People play space

# Schedule of Figures within the revised Local Plan

Adapted Local	Reived Local	Nama	
Adopted Local Plan Figure	Plan Figure	Name	
number	Number		
Figure 1	Figure 1	Geographical Context	
Figure 2	Figure 2	The future of the Legacy Corporation	
	rigure z	area	
Figure 3	Figure 3	Key Diagram	
Figure 4	Figure 4	Economic strategy	
Figure 5	Figure 5	Transport node to centres	
Figure 7	Becomes	Extent of town centre boundary	
3.	Figure 6	,	
Figure 6	Becomes	Location of retail units	
J. J	Figure 7		
Figure 8	Figure 8	Key neighbourhoods for change	
Figure 9	Figure 9	Housing trajectory to 2036	
Figure 10	Figure 10	Density consideration	
Figure 11	Deleted	Housing mix	
Figure 12	Becomes	Community Facilities	
	Figure 11		
Figure 13	Becomes	Major Wildlife corridors	
	Figure 12		
Figure 14	Becomes	Waterways and indicative moorings	
	Figure 13		
Figure 18	Becomes	Representation of building heights	
	Figure 14		
New figure	Figure 15	Local Open Space	
Figure 15	Becomes	Future Local Open Space	
<b></b>	Figure 16	Les Malley Device al Deducers	
Figure 16	Becomes	Lee Valley Regional Park area	
Figure 17	Figure 17	Kovviewe	
Figure 17	Becomes Figure 18	Key views	
Figure 19	Figure 19	Areas covered by Archaeological	
rigule 19	rigule 19	Protection Areas	
Figure 20	Figure 20	Ground contamination and remediation	
New figure	Figure 21	Heritage assets situated within the	
n i gui c		Legacy Corporation area	
Figure 21	Becomes	Transport and connectivity	
	Figure 22		
Figure 22	Becomes	Transport priorities	
	Figure 23		
Figure 23	Becomes	Street and connections	
	Figure 24		
Figure 24	Becomes	Key connections	
	Figure 25	,	
Figure 25	Becomes	Heat network	
	Figure 26		
Figure 26	Becomes	Flood risk	
	Figure 27		
Figure 27	Becomes	Local Plan Sub Areas	
	Figure 28		

Figure 28	Becomes	Site Allocations	
	Figure 29		
Figure 29	Becomes	Sub Area 1 key diagram	
J	Figure 30		
Figure 30	Becomes	Sub Area 1 key connections	
Figure 31	Becomes	Heritage assets situated within Sub	
- gale	Figure 32	Area 1	
Figure 32	Becomes	Sub Area 2 key diagram	
U	Figure 33	, ,	
Figure 33	Becomes	Sub Area 2 key connections	
U	Figure 34	,	
Figure 34	Becomes	Sub Area 3 key diagram	
-	Figure 35		
Figure 35	Becomes	Sub Area 3 key connections	
•	Figure 36		
Figure 36	Becomes	Sub Area 4 key diagram	
	Figure 37		
Figure 37	Becomes	Sub Area 4 key connections	
	Figure 38	,	
Figure 38	Becomes	Legacy Corporation: delivery and	
	Figure 39	implementation	
Figure 39	Becomes	Administrative Borough boundaries	
	Figure 40		
Figure 40	Becomes	Chain of planning conformity	
-	Figure 41		

### Schedule of Tables within the revised Local Plan

Adopted Local Plan Table Number	Revised Local Plan Table Number	Name
New table	Table 1	Strategic Polices
Table 1	Becomes table 2	Direct Jobs from proposals
Table 2	Becomes table 3	Employment clusters
Table 3	Becomes table 4	Retail centre hierarchy
Table 4	Becomes table 5	Existing schools provisions
Table 5	Becomes table 6	Planned schools provisions
Table 6	Becomes table 7	Public Open Spaces
		categories
Table 7	Becomes table 8	Street network
Table 8	Becomes table 9	Site Allocations
New table	Becomes table 10	Prevailing building highs in
		Hackney Wick and Fish
		Island
Table 9	Becomes table 11	Prevailing building highs in
		Sub Area 2
New table	Becomes table 12	Prevailing building highs in
		Central Stratford and
		Southern Queen Elizabeth
		Olympic Park
Table 10	Becomes table 13	Prevailing building highs in
		Sub Area 4

Table 11	Becomes table 14	Infrastructure Delivery Policies
Table 12	Becomes table 15	Local Plan Key Performance Indicators
Table 13	Becomes table 16	Adopted DPDs
Table 14	Becomes table 17	Appendix 2: Key Housing Locations
Table 15	deleted	Remaining Capacity
Table 16	Becomes table 18	Use Calsses



## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Visit the Legacy Corporation website at: http://queenelizabetholympicpark.co.uk/the-local-plan Or contact the Planning Policy and Decisions team on: Telephone: 020 3288 1800 In writing: Planning Policy and Decisions Team, London Legacy Development Corporation, Level 10, 1 Stratford Place, Montfichet Road, London, E20 1EJ Email: planningpolicy@londonlegacy.co.uk

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